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## GUPTA PERIOD – 50 + ONE LINERS

- **Adityasena** performed the horse-sacrifice to show strength
- **Bhaskara** introduced the decimal system
- **Broach port** handle trade with north India in Gupta period
- **Chandragupta II** earned the title Vikramaditya
- Chandragupta married Lichchavi Princes - **Kumar Devi**
- Chandragupta-I earned the title of '**Maharajadhiraja**'
- Chandragupta-I started the Gupta era in **319 AD**
- **Chandragupta-II** made Ujjain as his second capital
- Colossal images of Buddha were works of **Gupta Art**
- Devi Chandraguptam' was written by **Visakha Datta**
- **Dinars** was the name of gold coin during Gupta period
- **Fa-Hien** pilgrim came to India during Chandragupta II
- Famous Physician in the court of Vikramaditya was **Dhanvantari**
- From where Ajanta Painting depicts scenes – **Jatakas**
- Gupta administration was **Monarchical**
- Gupta era is identical with **Vallabhi Era**
- Gupta period was famous for **Sculpture**
- **Harisena** composed Prayaga Prasasti or Allahabad Pillar inscription
- **Harisena** was the court poet of Samudragupta
- **Hastivarma** a vengi king was defeated by Samudragupta
- Kalidasa lived in the court of **Chandragupta II**
- **Kalidasa** was known as Indian Shakespeare

- Kumargupta earned the title '**Mahendroditya**'
- **Kumargupta** founded the Nalanda Mahavihara
- **Kumargupta** was the son of Chandragupta II
- Mihirakula, a Hun ruler defeated by **Yasodharman**
- Mrichchhakatika' book by Shudraka deal with **Love affairs**
- **Panchatantra** a famous book written during Gupta Period
- **Ruyakas** was the name of the silver coin during the Gupta period
- Saka king "Rudrasimha" was defeated by **Chandragupta II**
- Samudragupta defeated the kosala king **Mahendra**
- Samudragupta earned the title **Kaviraja**
- **Samudragupta** is considered as the greatest king of the Gupta Period
- **Samudragupta** known as the 'Napoleon of India'
- **Samudragupta** was a good player of Musical instrument Veena
- **Samudragupta** was unique among Hindu rulers due to his Passion for conquest and empire building
- **Sanskrit** language patronized by Gupta
- Sanskrit plays in the Gupta era were spoken in **Prakrit**
- **Sheelvadra**, a Bengali scholar was the head of Nalanda Mahavira
- **Skandagupta** repaired 'Sudarsana Lake' for the second time
- **Skandagupta** was invaded by the Huns
- The book which provides information about economical condition of the Gupta period is **Arthashastra**
- The capital of Gupta period was **Patliputra**
- The council of 'Navaratna' is associated with **Chandragupta II**
- The founder of the 'Gupta Period' - **Srigupta**
- The Gupta ruler who campaigned to south India was **Samudragupta**
- The inscription that describes the reign of Samudra Gupta is **Allahabad inscription**
- The Iron pillar near Quwatul mosque in Delhi is famous for **Chandragupta reign**
- The last ruler of Gupta Period was **Kumargupta II**

- The main reason for Fahien to visit India was **to visit Buddhist monasteries**
- The period of the Gupta dynasty was from **319 – 540 AD**
- The symbol of Gupta Empire was **Garuda**
- **V.A Smith** called Samudragupta as 'Napoleon of India'
- **Vikramaditya** was the Son of Samudragupta
- **Vishakha Datta** wrote Mudra Rakshasa
- **Vishnu Sharma** wrote Panchatantra



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