

FOREWORD

The present work is the passing package based on the 10th standard second language English text. The matter itself prepared in a manner on the line from easy to difficult. This work is accordance with CCE pattern that students can face the board examination easily without any fear. This work is not only includes passing package but also to score out of out.

I thank to the subject inspector who took this task as challenge and guided the teachers to prepare this work. I also extend my thanks to the subject teachers who prepared this though they have their own work in their schools.

I suggest all the teachers to make use of this package in your schools and work hard to bring good result. I congratulate all the students for the coming examination.

Thanking you,

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PASSING PACKAGE

SUBJECT : II Language English

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| | |
|---|--|
| <p>Poems- 4. Marks (Any One) The Quality of Mercy The quality of mercy is not stain'd It droppeth as the gentle rain from heaven Upon the place beneath. It is twice blest: It blesseth him that gives, and him that takes. 'Tis mightiest in the mightiest; it becomes</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">The Blind Boy</p> <p>O say what is that thing call'd light, Which I must ne'er enjoy. What are the blessings of the sight, O tell your poor blind boy</p> <p>You talk of wondrous things you see, You say the sun shines bright;</p> |
|---|--|

| | |
|--|--|
| <p>The throned monarch better than his crown. His sceptre shows the force of temporal power, The attribute to awe and majesty, Wherein doth sit the dread and fear of kings; But mercy is above this sceptred sway;</p> <p>It is enthroned in the heart of kings; It is an attribute to God himself; And earthly power doth then show likest God's When mercy seasons justice.</p> | <p>I feel him warm, but how can he Or make it day or night?</p> <p>My day or night myself I make, When 'ver I sleep of play; And could I ever keep awake With me 'twere always day.</p> <p>With heavy sighs I often hear You mourn my hapless woe; But sure with patience I can bear A loss I ne'er can know</p> <p>Then let not what I cannot have My cheer of mind destroy Whilst thus I sing, I am a king, Although a poor blind boy.</p> |
|--|--|

Summary of the poem- 4 Marks

| | |
|---|--|
| <p>Summarize the poem Grandma climbs a tree.</p> <p>The poet Ruskin Bond calls his grandmother as 'Genius' because she could climb a tree, even at the age of sixty two. She was passionate to climb a tree and learnt it from her loving brother at the age of six. Everybody feared that granny would fall from a tree in a day. One day she climbed a tree but could not come down. After the rescue, doctor recommended rest for a week. But for granny it was a brief season in hell. She demanded a house to be built in a tree. The poet's father, who was dutiful, fulfilled his mother's wish, so that granny moved up and enjoyed as her wish.</p> | <p>Write the substance of the poem 'Jazz Poem Two'.</p> <p>Ans: The Jazz player is like an Ancient Mariner. He has a wrinkled face, closed eyes with full of wearies. His collar frayed, faded blue old shirt turned dark sweat. Old necktie undone drops, old jacket holding his sagging stomach. He had a rundown shoes having paper in them. His unshaven face shows pain. Across his chest lies an old alto saxophone. He feels, he has a message for the people of the world.</p> |
|---|--|

4 Marks questions

- 1. "Columbus had the will power and had the strength to face obstacles" Justify your answer.**

Ans.: Columbus and his crew left Spain to discover the new world. He and his men sailed for a long time but did not come across the trace of any land. The sailors were fed up. They wanted to go back to their places. They asked Columbus to turn the ship back to their country. When Columbus asked them to wait for a few days, the crew became angry. The sailors thought of revolting and even murdering Columbus. One of the sailors rushed towards Columbus to murder him. Pepe another sailor

intervened him and saved the life of Columbus. Columbus had a lot of patience and encouraged his sailors not to become desperate. After a few days Columbus saw a light faintly flickering up and down. The land he discovered was West Indies. The crew jumped with joy.

2. How was Pepe loyal to his master?

Pepe was loyal to Columbus. He had great respect on Columbus. He was obedient, loyal and devoted servant of Columbus. Pepe always prefers to be in the company of his beloved captain than any another. Pepe hate the rebels because they are against his captain. Once Pepe cautioned his captain about the desperate and the mutinous thoughts of the seamen. Everybody doubts about the voyage except Pepe. Pepe called Guillermo Ires and seamen as cowards and stood against them when they are about to attack Columbus. Till the end Pepe remained as loyal and obedient to Columbus.

3. “Satish Gujral became a great artist’, support this statement mentioning a few of his achievements. OR

“Physical disability is no barrier to success to Satish”. Justify.

Ans.: Satish Gujral is expert in several art forms like painting, sculpture, architecture and writing. Exhibitions of his works were held in prestigious museums like Museum of modern Art, New York, the Hiroshima collection, Washington and the National Gallery of Modern Art, New Delhi. He has published four books of his works in the various arts. He was awarded the order of the crown for the best architectural design of the 20th century for his design of the Belgian Embassy in New Delhi. He has also been honoured with the Padma Vibushan.

4. Narrate the circumstances that compelled Satish stay in the house. Or Everything seemed like scenes from pantomime show to Sathish, Why?

One holiday Satish was hiking with his father and brother. They were crossing a rickety bridge over some rapids. Satish looked down at the swirling water below him. His foot slipped. He lost his balance and fell into the rapids. As a result of this his legs and ear were injured. His legs became weak. He suffered frequently from bouts of fever and not hears properly.

The teacher did not allow him to school because he was hard of hearing and frequently absented for the class. His father tried to get admission to some other school, but in vain. When he went outside to play with children to play with children, they teased him. Therefore he was compelled to stay at home.

5. Satish’s father and his brother Inder always supportive to Sathish. Explain this statement.

Ans: Due his frequent absence and his hearing problem, the school Satish was attending till then, kept him out of the school. Avtar Narain and Inder spent with him every day, talking to him, trying to teach him by giving him handful of books. His brother Inder sat for hours with him and talked to hear him, teaching him words and pronunciation. The books impressed his sensitive mind. Avatar Narain changed his mind bought things necessary for his drawing and painting. He helped Sathish to become world famous artist.

6. Narrate Swami’s dreadful experience when he was lying in the office room.

Ans: Swami remembered the stories of devils and ghosts he had heard in his life. For example his friend Mani had seen the devil in the banyan tree and Muniswami’s father spat out blood when he saw the devil near the river edge. In fear his heart beat faster. He was faint with fear. He covered himself completely so that he could not breathe. He expected the devils would come and carry him away. Swami hurriedly got up and spread his bed under the bench as he thought it was the safe and secure place. He shut his eyes tight and encased himself in his blanket once again and fell asleep unknowingly. In sleep he was racked with nightmares. A tiger was chasing him. His

feet stuck to the ground. He desperately tried to escape but his feet would not move; the tiger was at his back and he could hear its claws scratch the ground and then a loud thud. Swami tried to open his eyes but his eyelids would not open and the nightmare continued. Swami groaned in despair.

7. Narrate how a coward boy Swami became a hero overnight.

Ans: Swami inevitably had to sleep in the office room. He spent that night with the fear of the devils and the nightmares. Then He saw something moving in darkness. He thought that his end had come and the devil had come to carry him away. Finally as an attempt for survival he hugged it with all his might, and used his teeth as mortal weapon on it. It was not the devil but the burglar who cried with agony and fell amidst the furniture with a bleeding ankle. The notorious house breaker of the district was arrested by the police. The police were grateful to him. His classmates looked upon him with respect, his teacher patted him and his headmaster appreciated that he was a true scout. Thus unknowingly Swami became a 'hero' overnight.

Writing Skill Letter writing. 4 Marks

1. Letter to a friend

Imagine you are Tapaswini, / Tejas in X standard, Jyothi High School, Chitradurga. Write a letter to your friend telling her/ him how you are studying.

Tapaswini / Tejas
X Standard
Jyothi high School, Chitradurga.
Date-01-01-2017

My dear friend

I am fine here. I think you are also same. I am studying well. My teachers are teaching well. Daily I am working 4-5 hours for the examination. In our school special coaching classes start in the morning and evening. Night classes also start from January. Now it is very helpful for us to discuss the difficult questions. My parents also helping me by purchasing question paper books.

I think you are also preparing well for the examination. I hope you will score good marks. Let we meet in the holidays.

Thanking you,

Yours best friend.
Tapaswini / Tejas

Letter to your father

Imagine you are Tapaswini / Tejas in X standard, Jyothi High School, Chitradurga. Write a letter to your father telling him how you are studying.

Tapaswini / Tejas
X Standard
Jyothi High School, Chitradurga.
Date-01-01-2017

My dear father,

I am fine here. I think you are also same. I am studying well. My teachers are teaching well. Daily I am working 4-5 hours for the examination. In our school special coaching classes start in the morning and evening. Night classes also started

from January. Now it is very helpful for us to discuss the difficult questions. My parents also helping me by purchasing question paper books.

I hope you that I will score good marks in the board examination. I will come home after the examination. Share my views with mother.

Thanking you,

Yours affectionately
Tapaswini / Tejas

2. Official letter-letter to the editor

Imagine that you are Surekha / Suresh of Sardar Vallababai Patel High school. Darwar. Write a letter to the Editor, Deccan herald Newspaper, Bangalore -01 requesting him to report your school day programme.

From
Surekha / Suresh
10th Standard
Sardar Vallababai High School, Darwar.
Date-05-01-2017

To
The Editor
The Deccan Herald
Bangalore-01

Respected Sir,

Sub:- Requesting to report school day programmes

For the above subject I am referring you that I am the student of 10th Standard of Sardar Vallababai High School, Darwar. In our school, the school day was held on 30th and 31st of December. I will send the CD of that programme to you. Many of our students had given dance programmes and took their prizes. Therefore, please report this in your paper.

I hope you will do this as quickly as possible. I am waiting for the news.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully
Surekha / Suresh

Imagine that you are Punith / Punarvika studying in X standard, Govt. school, Veerajpet.

Write a letter to your mother about your studies and your stay in the hostel.

Punith/ Punarvika
X standard
Govt. High School
Veerajpet

Date-----

My dear mother,

I am keeping well and expect the same from you. I am going to the school regularly. I am really fortunate to have good teachers for all the subjects. I get

up at 5. a.m and sit for studies of about two hours. After bath I go through newspapers. After breakfast I start my journey to school. I have good hostel mates. The warden of the hostel was very strict. He helps us in our studies. I am working hard. I will score good marks. Please convey my respect to father and uncle.

Yours affectionately
Punith/ Punarvika

OR

Write a letter to your head master requesting for financial help from poor boys' fund.

Punith/ Punarvika
X standard
Govt. High School
Veerajpet

Date-----

To
The Head Master
Govt. High School
Veerajpet

Respected Sir,

I am to state that my father is a labourer. His monthly income is Rs. 2000/-. He has to feed six members. I am not able to purchase note books. My father wants me to discontinue my studies. But I want to study and pass S.S.L.C examination in first class.

I come to know that there is Poor Boys' Fund. I request you kindly to grant me Rs. 2000/-. I shall return this monthly as soon as I begin to earn.

Yours faithfully,
Punith/ Punarvika

Profile writing - 4 Marks

Write the profile of Sachin Ramesh Tendulkar

| | | |
|-----------|---|--|
| Born | : | 24 th April 1973 (age) Mumbai |
| Spouse | : | Anjali Tendulkar |
| Education | : | Kirthi M. Doongursee College |
| Movies | : | Sachin, A Billion dream |
| Awards | : | Bharatha Ratna, Padma Vibushan, more. |
| Children | : | Arjun Tendulkar, Sara Tendulkar |
| Books | : | Playing it My Way |

Sachin Ramesh Tendulkar is a former Indian Cricketer and captain. He is born on 24th April 1973 in Mumbai. He was fond of cricket. He took cricket at the age of 11. He was studied in Kirthi M. Doongursee College. He played test against Pakistan at the age of 16. He scored 100 centuries in test and ODI. He was awarded Bharatha Ratna, Padma Vibushan, more. He married Anjali and had two children Arjuna and Sara. On him a cinema was started i.e. Sachin, a Billian Dream and wrote a book called 'Playing it My Way.'

Based on the information given in the table, write a biographical Sketch

| | | |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| Name | : | P.T. Usha |
| Nick Name | : | Payyoli Express |
| Date of Birth | : | 27th July, 1964 |
| Place of Birth | : | Payyoli, Kerala |
| Field of Sports | : | Athletics running |
| Awards and Medals won | : | 1. 4 gold medals and one silver medal in 1986 Asian Games 2. Padmashri and the Arjuna Award by Government of India |

Ans.: P.T. Usha, also known as Payyoli Express was born on 27th July, 1964 at Payyoli in Kerala. She was famous athlete and had won many medals in running. She won 4 gold medals and one silver medal in 1986 Asian Games. She was conferred with Padmashree and Arjuna Award by Government of India.

Based on the information given in the table, write a biographical Sketch on APJ Abdul Kalam

| | | |
|--------------------|---|---|
| Place of Birth | : | Rameshwaram, Tamilnadu |
| Date of Birth | : | 15th October 1931 |
| Education | : | Aeronautical Engineering from Madras Institute of Technology |
| Achievement | : | Project Director – Satellite Launch Vehicle III |
| Books Written | : | Wings of Fire, India 2020 : A Vision for the millennium, My Journey, Ignited Minds |
| Awards and Rewards | : | 1. 30 honorary doctorate 2. Padma Bhushan (1981) 3. Padma Vibhushan (1990) 4. Bharat Ratna (1997) 5. 11 th President of Indian in 2002 |

Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam was born in 15th October 1931 at Rameshwaram in Tamilnadu. He did Aeronautical Engineering in Madras Institute of Technology. He was the project director for Satellite Launch Vehicle III (SLV III). He has written four book – Wings of Fire, India 2020: A vision of the millennium, MY Journey and Ignited Minds. He became 11th President of India in 2002. He has 30 honorary doctorates. He was awarded Padma Bhushan (1981), Padma Vibhushan (1990) and Bharath Rathna (1997) by Government of India.

Write a paragraph using the clues given :

- | | | |
|-------------|---|---|
| Name | : | Jehangir Ratanji Dadabhoy Tata |
| Born | : | July 29th 1904 |
| Died | : | November 29th 1993 |
| Education | : | In France, Japan and England |
| Achievement | : | India's first pilot, Chairman of Tata and sons for 50 years. Launched India's first International Airlines Bharath Rathna in 1992 |
- | | | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Name | : | Bismillah Khan |
| Born | : | 21st March 1916 |
| Died | : | 21st August 2006 |
| Birth Place | : | Bihar |
| Instrument | : | Shehnai |
| Achievement | : | Bharath Rathna Padma Vibhushan Padma Bhushan Padma Shri Sangeeth Natak Academy Award |
- | | | |
|-------------|---|---------------------|
| Name | : | Raja Ramanna |
| Born | : | January 28th 1925 |
| Birth Place | : | Tumkur |
| Died | : | September 24th 2004 |
| Career | : | Nuclear scientist |

| | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|
| | | Nuclear Physicist |
| Education | : | BSc and MSc Madras Christian college PhD., King's college, London Posts held : Chairman II SC President, Indian National Science Academy Secretary, Defence Research |
| Awards | : | Shanthi Swaroop Bhatnagar Award Padma Vibhushan Padma Bhushan Padma Sri Meghanad Saha Medal |
| 4) | Name | : Girish Nagaraje Gowda |
| | Born | : January 26th 1988 |
| | Birth Place | : Hosanagara, Karnataka |
| | Event | : High Jump |
| | Coach | : Mr. Sathyanarayana |
| | Achievement | : Silver Medal 2012 Summer Paralympics Rajyotsava Award Padmashree Arjuna Award |
| 5) | Name | : Kalpana Chawla |
| | Born | : March 26th 1962 |
| | Birth Place | : Tumkur |
| | Died | : In the space shuttle disaster on February 1st 2003 |
| | Career | : Astronaut |
| | Education | : MS in Aerospace Engineering PhD in university of Colorado Posts held: Scientist in NASA |
| | Awards | : Posthumously awarded congressional Space Medal of honour NASA Special flight medal NASA Distinguished Service Medal |

Story Expansion

1. An Ant pond.... get out of the pond---drown.....A dove ant drowning help the dove dropped leaf.....climbed the leafsaved. Just then a hunter wished dovebit his leg dropped the net. saved.

Once a dove saw an ant struggling in the water. He took pity on the ant and threw down a leaf. The ant climbed on to the leaf and reached the shore safely.

A while later a hunter came by with his trap. He started setting up an arrow at the dove flying above. He wanted to save the dove. So, he bit the hunter's leg. The hunter missed his aim and the dove flew safely.

A moral is ' a friend in need is friend in deed.'

Or ' One good turn deserves another.'

2. A farmer — goose — laid golden eggs. Sold — rich. But — greedy — at a time. — cut — no eggs — sad. Lost — goose and eggs. Moral

Once a poor farmer lived in a village. He had a goose. It laid golden eggs every day. The poor farmer took the egg to the town and sold it. He got a lot of money and he was a happy man.

One day he said himself, "I get one golden egg every day. Why not I have all the eggs at a time? Then I will become very rich. So, I will Kill the goose and take all the eggs." And so the poor man killed the goose. What did he find? The goose was like any

other goose. He could not find a single golden egg. The goose died. From that day the man did not get his golden egg, he used to get every day.

The moral is 'Think before Action.'

3. An old farmer-----idle and useless sons-----father dying-----anxious for the sons----- calls the-----says in one part of his property----hidden treasure----die----Sons take spades----dig through all the fields----no treasure----fields yield good crops----learnt lesson.
4. A rich farmer---lot of land---cattle and servants---two sons---happy life---After some years younger son unhappy---asked for his share of the property---wouldn't listen to father's advice----got his share---sold them all---went away to another country---fell into bad ways---soon all money gone---poor—no one to help him---understood his mistake.

Reading Skill 4 Marks

Read the given passages and answer the questions that follow :

1. Many years ago Eskimos did not have permanent homes. They wandered from place to place and then settled down for some time. Their main occupations were fishing and hunting. They caught whales, sharks, seals and the fish that are found in the icy waters of the North Pole. They also hunted animals that were found in the Polar Regions. When they did not get any more food, the Eskimos shifted their residence to another area. They did very little cooking. Their main items of food were fish and meat. It was never cooked. They preferred to eat it raw.

1. Why did the Eskimos wander from place to place?

Ans: They have no permanent homes.

2. What did they do for their living?

Ans: They caught whales, sharks, seals and the fish. They also hunted animals.

3. Pick the word from the passage that means the opposite of 'temporary'.

Ans: Permanent.

4. Why did the Eskimos shift their residence?

Ans: When they did not get any more food, the Eskimos shifted their residence.

2. I remember the house where I was born. It was in Karachi. At first we used to live in a small house on Bunder road. Then, one day my daddy came and told us, "We are getting independence". I was surprised and said, "Why daddy, we are already free, I do what I like". He smiled and said, "You won't understand. The British are going. We shall be free". Then mummy told us that there were riots and we must not go out. She explained that riots meant disturbance and no law and order. After a month or so, we had to leave Karachi.

It was the day of Diwali that we left. How well I remember Diwalis - When I used to burst crackers with my friends and enjoy. But now it was all gone. I had to leave all my friends and go to Bombay.

1. Pick the word from the passage means the same as 'astonished'. Ans: surprised

2. Why did the writer's father say that they were going to be free?

Ans:- The British are going

3. How did the writer feel on leaving Karachi?

Ans:- He was unhappy.

4. What did the mother tell them about riots?

Ans:- Riots meant disturbance and no law and order.

3. The tenth film festival for children and young people opened on November 14, at Hyderabad. The popular American film 'Babe' was shown on the first day and everyone enjoyed the film. On the second day a European film named 'Star kid' was screened. Some of the Indian films shown were 'Dak ghar' (Hindi), Ganga bhavani (Telugu)

Abhayam (Malayalam) Mudhalia (Tamil) and Lawanya Preeti (Oriya). In all, 131 films from over 30 countries were screened. The money collected from the festival is to be

1. If 'Babe' is for America : then 'star kid' is for ____Ans:- European
2. What will the organizers do with the money collected from the festival?

Ans: used for helping poor children.

3. Name the Indian films which were shown at the Tenth Film Festival.

Ans:- 'Dak ghar' (Hindi), Ganga Bhavani (Telugu) Abhayam (Malayalam) Mudhalia (Tamil) and Lavanya Preeti (Oriya).

4. For whom were the films screened? Ans:-for children and young people.

4. I am very upset. I can't sleep. Writing my diary may help. Today I slapped Raman in the afternoon, which made him cry. Since then he hasn't talked to me. Today is the first time in 5 years that I have hit my younger brother.

It hasn't been a good day for me. In the morning, I couldn't find my pen and went to school without one. I made many mistakes in my sums. My teacher scolded me. Then I didn't get a 'good' in drawing my favourite subject. But the worst was games class. I had kicked the ball high and it hurt Mukul. "Rahul, you naughty boy!" shouted Mr. Gill and punished me. The moment I came home Roman came running "Rahul I have found your pen. Now can I play with your blue aeroplane?" he said. But I was so upset, that I slapped him. Poor Raman. It is my fault. I must say sorry to Raman. How? Should I buy him a chocolate or give him the blue aeroplane? Or give him both? Both, I think.

1. Who is the writer? Ans: Rahul
2. What is the elder brother writing? Ans: Diary.
3. Why is Rahul feeling sorry? Ans:- He slapped Raman.
4. Why was his Maths teacher angry? Ans: made many mistakes in my sums

5. Once the wind and the Sun had an argument. "I am stronger than you", said the wind. "No, you are not", said the Sun. Just at that moment they saw a traveller walking across the road. He was wrapped in a shawl. The Sun and the wind agreed that whoever could separate the traveller from his shawl was stronger. The wind took the first turn. He blew with all his might to tear the traveller's shawl from his shoulders. But the harder he blew, the tighter the traveller gripped the shawl to his body. The struggle went on till the wind's turn was over. Now it was the Sun's turn. The Sun smiled warmly. The traveler felt the warmth of the smiling Sun. Soon he let the shawl fall open. The Sun's smile grew warmer and warmer hotter and hotter. Now the traveler no longer needed his shawl. He took it off and dropped it on the ground. The Sun was declared stronger than the wind.

1. What was the argument between the Sun and the wind?

Who was stronger, the wind and Sun.

2. How did they decide to test their strength?

To separate the traveller from his shawl was stronger.

3. How did the wind prove its strength?

He blew with all his might to tear the traveler's shawl from his shoulders.

4. How did the Sun win the test?

When sun became hot, the traveller took his shawl off and dropped it on the ground.

6. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

One day Pasha Sab was walking along the road. He stopped near a tall tree and saw a monkey on it. It was eating nuts. The tree was full of nuts. Pasha was very high up in the tree. He picked up a stone and threw it at the monkey. The monkey chattered at him and said rude words in its language. Pasha threw another stone. The monkey grew angry. Pasha threw stones

continuously at the monkey. The monkey picked up a nut and started throwing at Pasha. This went on for half an hour. He got a bag of nuts. Pasha said, "Thank you very much. My dear Monkey", so saying he sat down and ate all nuts.

1. Why couldn't Pasha get the nuts on his own? Ans:- Pasha was very high up in the tree.
2. How did the monkey express its anger?
Ans: The monkey picked up a nut and started throwing at Pasha.
3. What kind of a man was Pasha Sab? Ans:- He was very clever.
4. How did Pasha express his gratitude to the monkey? Ans:- Thanks.

7. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

Once there was a rich man living in a small village. He was a businessman. He earned money with much risk. He went on horseback and did his business. He was returning home, when a heavy rain overtook him in the forest, he was drenched to the skin. He complained to God for such bad weather. Suddenly another man on a horseback came rushing towards him. He had a gun in his hand. "Give me all your money or I will shoot you." He had a lot of money. He knew that he would lose all. Suddenly his horse turned around. The man shot him, but nothing happened. He realized that the gunpowder was wet and would not work. He charged his horse and rode away safely. He thanked God for the rain. If there was no rain, he would have certainly lost his wealth. God protected him by sending the rain. So one should know that God will be there even in little things to protect us.

1. How did the rich man earn money?
Ans. : The rich man earned his money with much risk.
2. Who attacked the rich man?
Ans. : Another man — robber
3. Why did the rich man thank God?
Ans. : Thanked for the rain which wetted the gunpowder and saved his life.
4. What moral do you learn from this story?
Ans. : God will be there even in little things to protect us.

8. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

Once there was a rich man. His name was Rajaiah. He lived in a small town. The people in this wanted to be rich too. But they did not like to work hard. One day Rajaiah put a box in the middle of the road. The box was large and dirty. He hid behind a tree. He wanted to see what people would do. First a farmer came there. He saw the dirty box. He walked around it and went on his way. Next came the miller, then milkmaid came by. At the end of day came shepherd boy and saw the box. He moved it out of the way. He thought that people may trip on it. Just as the boy was walking away he saw something on the ground. It was a bag of gold.

1. Who was the rich man who lived in the town? Ans: Rajaiah
2. Why did the rich man hide behind a tree? Ans: He wanted to see what people would do.
3. Who removed the box from the road? Ans: shepherd boy
4. Why did he remove the box? Ans: He thought that people may trip on it.

9. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

The storm raged in all its fury in the town Rameshwaram. When it ended, Rajappa, an old man lost all he had-his small house and his boat, his only source of his livelihood. Desperate and helpless, he sent a telegram to his son who was studying engineering in Chennai, asking him to come back home. His son did not have money to come back. The only thing he had very valuable was a book. So, he decided to sell it. He went to the bookstall to sell it. The bookstall man opened the book. Written on the first page were the lines. "Awarded to A.P.J. Abdul Kalam for excellence in academics in first year engineering at the Madras Institute of Technology by the Vice Chancellor". The bookstall man gave the boy money and also returned the book to him.

1. Why did the man of the bookstall return the book to the boy?
Because that book was an award given by Vice-Chancellor for his excellence in academics.
2. What made the boy decide to sell his book?
Ans: he urgently needed money to go home.
3. Which word in the passage makes you guess that Rajappa might be a fisherman?

Ans:- He lost his boat.

4. What was the misery that befell on the old man?

Ans:- The storm raged in all its fury in the town Rameshwaram. When it ended, Rajappa, an old man lost all he had-his small house and his boat, his only source of his livelihood

10. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below:

Socrates was born more than two thousand years ago in Athens, in Greece in the home of a humble stone-cutter. He became a great teacher of mankind. He spent most of his time asking questions in order to find out the truth about conduct, religion and politics. He died because he refused to give up the truth.

1. Who became a great teacher of mankind? Ans:- Socrates

2. Pick out the sentence that suggests that Socrates was ready to give up his life for truth.

Write that sentence. Ans: He died because he refused to give up the truth

3. What work did the father of Socrates do? Ans:- Stone Cutting

4. How do you spend most of your time?

Ans:- He spent most of his time asking questions in order to find out the truth about conduct, religion and politics.

11. King Ashoka was kind, wise and righteous ruler. He spent all his time for thinking of the welfare of his subjects. He had a strong desire to make his subjects happy, his subjects could meet him at any time and in any place. He had trees planted on either side of the roads. He had wells dug by the road side. He had rest houses built for both men and animals. He was respected by everyone.

1. Pick out a sentence from the passage which shows Ashoka liberal with his subjects?

Ans: He could meet him at any time and in any place.

2. How did Ashoka usually spend his time?

Ans:- He spent all his time for thinking of the welfare of his subjects.

3. What kind of a ruler was Ashoka?

Ans:- . King Ashoka was kind, wise and righteous ruler.

4. Write two works of Ashoka which he did for the welfare of his subject?

Ans: He had trees planted on either side of the roads. He had wells dug by the road side. He had rest houses built for both men and animal.

12. Once there was a slave. His name was Andracles. His master was very cruel. He treated him badly. So, the slave was sick of him and ran away into a forest. There he saw a lion crying with pain. The lion sat before him and held out its paw. There was a bog thorn in it. The slave drew it out and dressed the wound. They became friends.

After a few days, the slave was caught. He was ordered to be thrown before a hungry lion. Many people came to see the act of cruelty.

A lion was caught for this purpose. It was kept hungry for many days. On the fixed day, the lion was let loose on the slave. It recognised him. It began to lick his feet.

All the people were surprised. The slave told the whole story. The master was pleased and set Andracles free.

1. What made Andracles go to the forest? Ans:- His master was very cruel and treated him badly.

2. How did Andracles help the lion? Ans: The slave drew bog thorn out and dressed the wound.

3. What act of cruelty did the people go to watch? Ans:- The king ordered to be thrown before a hungry lion.

4. Why didn't the lion kill Andracles? Ans: Because Andracles was the person who helped the lion by drawing bog thorn out and dressed the wound.

READING COMPREHENSION ----DIALOGUE

I Read the given passages and answer the questions that follow :

1. Anitha : Hello, Can I speak to Suman ?

Arun : I'm afraid, Arun is not at home. May I know who is speaking ?

Anitha : I'm Anitha. Please tell Suman to meet me near Gandhi Square bus stop at 5 pm

a) Who did Anitha want to speak to? Ans: to Suman

b) What message did Anitha leave for Suman?

Ans: to meet him near Gandhi Square bus stop at 5 pm

2. Warden : Gowramma, What do you plan to give for dinner tonight?

Gowramma : I'm making rice and Sambar. Sir. I've also planned to fry some papads

Warden : Could you please make two chapattis for me? Today being Monday, I do not eat rice.

a) What does Gowramma plan to cook? Ans:- rice, Sambar and to fry some papads.

b) Why does the warden ask for chapathis? Ans:- On Monday, he won't eat rice.

3. Mr. Rao : Abhinav, there is a letter for you?

Abhinav : I'm busy packing. Can you please read it for me?

Mr. Rao : Sure. It says that you are required to report in the Gangothri Stadium at 10 a.m. for the senior tennis trials to be held on 14th November 2015.

a) Who should go to the Gangothri Stadium on 14th November 2015? Ans:- Abhinav

b) Why was he asked to go there? Ans:- He was required to report in the Gangothri Stadium at 10 a.m. for the senior tennis trials to be held on 14th November 2015.

4. Manasa : Please inform mom that I'll be late today.

Manoj : Why?

Manasa : I'm going to Varsha's house to complete my project work.

a) What message did Manasa leave for her mom? Ans: She was late to home.

b) Why did Manasa go to Varsha's house? Ans:- to complete my project work.

5. Read the dialogue given below and answer the questions that follow:

News Reporter : Congratulation Rashmi! Your feat is laudable. By the way, did you expect first rank in the CET this year?

Rashmi : No, actually I expected to be one in top ten ranks.

News Reporter : How could you achieve this?

Rashmi : I worked hard from the beginning. My teachers, my college library, my parents were of great help to me.

1. Why does the news Reporter congratulate Rashmi?

She got First Rank in CET.

2. What was the secret of Rashmi's achievement?

She worked hard from the beginning. Her teachers, her college library, her parents were of great help to her.

8. Read the following conversation and answer the questions that follow:

Patient : May I come in, Sir?

Doctor : Yes, you may.

Patient : I've been suffering from fever for the past two days.

Doctor : Did you take any medicine?

Patient : No, I didn't. I've got a cold too.

Doctor : Your body temperature is 102° F.

You must take medicine for at least three days.

1. Why did the patient go for the doctor?

He was suffering from fever.

2. How many days the patient has to take the medicine?

The patient had to take medicine for at least three days.

9. Read the dialogue given below and answer the questions that follow:

Prema : Why're you late today, Sneha?

Sneha : Oh! I missed the bus and had to walk all the way.

Prema : Oh dear! Why don't you buy a vehicle?

Sneha : Yes, I'm also thinking about the same. But I've to learning.

1. Why was Sneha late?

Ans: Sneha was late because she missed the bus and had to walk all the way.

2. What was the advice given by Prema to Sneha?

Ans:- To buy vehicle.

3. Pick out the write phrase and write it in a sentence:

The chief guest gave away/gave way the prizes.

Ans:- The chief guest gave away the Prizes.

10. Read the dialogue given below and answer the questions that follow:

Ramesh : Let's go to see a film in the evening

Suresh : I'd love to, but.....

Ramesh : But what?

Suresh : I have an appointment with the dentist

Ramesh : Oh! I see. You can't miss that.

1. Suresh did not like / liked going to the film. (Pick the correct answer)

Ans: Suresh liked to go to film.

2. Which word in the conversation means..... 'a doctor who takes care of your teeth.'

Ans: Dentist.

3. Rearrange the jumbled words into meaningful sentences:

Place / is/ a / wonderful / it / ! / what

Ans: What a wonderful place it is !

11. Read the following conversation and answer the questions that follow:-

News Reporter : Congratulation Rashmi! Your feat is laudable. By the way, did you expect first rank in the CET this year?

Rashmi : No, actually I expected to be one in top ten ranks.

News Reporter : How could you achieve this?

Rashmi : I worked hard from the beginning. My teachers, my College library, my parents were of great help to me.

1. Why does the news Reporter congratulate Rashmi?

Ans:- She got First Rank in CET.

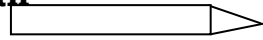
2. What was the secret of Rashmi's achievement?

Ans: She worked hard from the beginning. Her teachers, her college library, her parents were of great help to her.

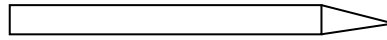
Look at the given figures and write a sentence based on what you see.

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--------|-----------|------------------------------|
| 'Heavier than' | 5 kgs | 10 kgs | Box B is heavier than box B |
| | Box A | Box B | |
| 'Bigger than' | B a | Ball B | Ball B is bigger than Ball A |
| | | | |

'Longer than'



Pencil A



Pencil B

Pencil 'B' longer than Pencil 'A'

'Happier than'



Bheem

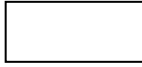


Chotu

Bheem is happier than Chotu

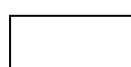
'Larger than'

Box 'A'



10 Kgs

Box 'B'



5 Kgs

Box 'A' is larger than Box 'B'

Write the sentence using "smaller than"



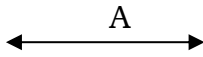
Ladder A



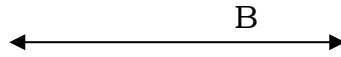
Ladder B

Ladder A is smaller than ladder B

Write a sentence using 'longer than' based on what you see.



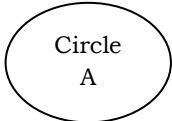
5 cms



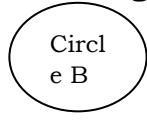
10 cms

Line B is longer than line A.

Write a sentence using 'smaller than' based on what you see :



Circle
A



Circl
e B

4cms

3cms

Circle B is smaller than circle A

Note:- Here the students won't write 'is' . we have to stress on this. Be careful.

Rearrange words in the proper order to get meaningful sentence.

- working / Ravi / is company / a / in
Ravi is working in a company.
- come / don't / the / late / office / to
Don't come late to the office.
- in front of / a / temple / there / is / the / a / tree
there is a tree in front of the temple.
- sometimes / makes / teacher / us / laugh / the
Sometime the teachers make us laugh.
Teachers make us laugh sometime.
- celebrate / independence / every / day / year / we
We celebrate Independence day every year.
- sings / Radha / songs / never / film
Radha never sings film songs.
- with Birbal / Akbar / once / angry / got / very
Once Akbar got very angry with Birbal.
- sight / what / beautiful / a !
What a beautiful sight!

9. is / he / a gentleman / what / fine / !
What a fine gentleman he is!
10. To / speak / who / do / to / you / want?
To who do you want to speak?
11. Suresh / does / help / any / need / ?
Does Suresh need any help?
12. The / problem / can / solve / who / ?
Who can solve the problem?

Vocabulary

Collocative words

1. III Combine the word in Column A with its collective word in B

- | | | |
|-----------------|--|-----------------|
| 2. Table----- | (bag, salt, man, paper) | Table-salt |
| 3. Brisk----- | (Shake, run, walk, dance) | Brisk-walk |
| 4. Curly----- | (line, wave, hair, floor) | curly -air |
| 5. Quick----- | (look, glance, see, movement) | Quick-movement |
| 6. Speedy----- | (race, movement, recovery quick) | speedy-recovery |
| 7. Prompt----- | (reply, service, payment, work) | prompt-payment |
| 8. Good ----- | (race, runs, looking, bad) | good-looking |
| 9. Commit----- | (success, work, time, suicide) | commit-suicide |
| 10. Wavy ----- | (girl, hair, lady, story) | wavy-hair |
| 11. Lay ----- | (attention, emphasis, notice, order) | lay-emphasis |
| 12. Pay ----- | (attention, emphasis, notice, order) | pay-attention |
| 13. Land ----- | (Quake, house, lord, rain) | land-lord. |
| 14. noble ----- | (responsibility, power, nation, leaders) | noble-leaders |

| | |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Book – worm, ant, hand, pen 2. long – small, hen, run, food 3. earth – land, water, quake, sun 4. railway – station, chair, run, stop 5. post – book, box, paper, table 6. honey – moon, sun, star, earth 7. wall – door, table, clock, journey 8. blood – post, water, book, bank 9. photo – studio, table, lady, man 10. money – coins, letter, stamps, order 11. charming – girl, hot, answer, book 12. self – discipline, myself, mother, stars | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 13. wheel – stool, paper, book, chair 14. police – nurse, conductor, constable, stand 15. hand – pants, sari, socks, kerchief 16. twinkling – stars, moon, sun, earth 17. break – lunch, dinner, fast, last 18. freedom – fighter, boxer, wrestler, swimmer 19. leave – answer, question, letter, box 20. brisk – run walk, sing, dance 21. shake – leg, mouth, hands, eye 22. mouth – talking, eating, watering, licking 23. nuclear – land, weapon, bottle, bolt 24. speedy – recovery, damage, task, time |
|---|---|

Fill in the blank with the opposite word to the underlined word :

1. Raju is regular to school but his friend Raheem is-----irregular
2. Vishal's way was legal in all aspects but his friend's was -----illegal
3. Parents should encourage their children in sports but some of them -----discourage.
4. Nowadays students are mentally strong but they are physically Ans : weak
5. My teacher always speaks kindly. Shespeaks harshly. Ans. : never.
6. Mr. Suman is very intelligent, but his brother is very _____ dull
7. The tiger is carnivorous, where as the cow is _____ herbivorous
8. The like poles of a magnet _____ while unlike poles attract. repulse
9. These rules are too rigid. We need more _____ ones. ---flexible
10. Sam is quite fat but his sister Liz is _____ thin
11. Days are hot, but nights are _____ cool

12. A stone is not soft, it is _____ hard
13. I thought that the test would be difficult, but it was quite _____ easy
14. He used to be an active kid, but he has become quite ___ now. -----passive/inactive
15. These clothes are wet, those clothes are _____ dry
16. My belt was old. I bought a _____ one ---new
17. Alice is a tall girl. Her sister is _____ short
18. Don't be rude. Be _____ polite
19. Some colors are bright, others are _____ dim
20. The deer runs fast, where as tortoise is _____ slow
21. Lion is a wild animal, where as cow is _____ domestic
22. The questions were very difficult , but answers quite _____ easy
23. Work more and sleep _____ less

Syllabification

1. who, free, table, fight-----table (two syllable)
2. went, ball, dew, moral-----moral (two syllable)
3. suggest, longer, know, about-----know (One syllable)
4. read, two, prize, lines -----prize (One syllable)
5. sell, low, brother, crores -----low (One syllable)
6. sense, pride, row, same -----row (One syllable)
7. ball, car, love, kilo -----kilo (two syllable)
8. enemy, supreme, school, beauty-----school (One syllable)
9. Powder, Blank, Succeed, Enjoy (One Syllable) Ans. : Blank
10. Father, cheque, office, travel (One Syllable) Ans:- cheque.
11. Butter, Boy, Beauty, Balance. (One syllable) Ans:- Boy

Meaningful words

1. Bright-brightness
2. Beauty-beautiful
3. Able- ability
4. Solve- solution
5. Attend-attendance
6. Success-successful
7. Judge- judgment
8. Meditate-meditation
9. Free-freedom
10. Accept- acceptance
11. Possible-possibility

Fill in the blanks with the appropriate form of words given in brackets.

1. Please give your------(accept) within a week.---acceptance
2. The speaker accepted the------(resign) of the legislator.--resignation
3. The ------(discover) of the sea route to India was made by Vasco-da-Gama. --discovery
4. The teacher admired the ------(honest) of the students.---honesty
5. Have a ------(science) outlook.---scientific
6. Please, don't cause------(inconvenient) to travellers.---inconvenience
7. Make------(meaning) sentences.---meaningful
8. Chemistry is an------(interest) subject.----interesting
9. Have you taken the ------(decide) where to go?-----decision
10. Give him an ------(appoint)----appointment.

11. Literates should give------(educate) to villagers.-----education
12. Let Suresh get------(admit) to X standard.----admission
13. The student take------(dictate) ----dedication
14. Thomas Alva Edison's (*invent*) is known to everyone.....invention
15. Short stories are very----- for children to read. (interest)----- interesting
16. Samanvitha has (confident) in her students' ability.-----confidence
17. Lotus is our.....(nation) flower.....national.

Homophones

Fill in the blanks choosing the appropriate words given in brackets:-

1. The[not, knot] of the rope was so strong that it could.....[knot, not] not be removed by us.
2. Nobody canwhat I tell(hear/here)
3.desires in our village to become a(nun/none)
4. She brushed away her.....when she learnt her booking was confirmed in three.....A/c (tear/tier)
5. you, now? (were/where)
6. I have notthecover book till now. (red/ read)
7. The housewas.....to work for many hours without rest (maid/made)
8. Theyat the market where they buy(meet/meat)
9. Last.....,she was.....(weak/week)
10.people cannot show theway to success.(idle/ideal)
11. She said, "I shall notbefore I.....(dye/die)
12. She.....on awhich was paved with flowers.(road/rode)
13. Theof animals have never.....such a melodious music.(heard/herd)

Give one word for the following.

1. Very eager for knowledge. -----voracious
2. A person who enters a building in order to steal-----burglar.
3. One who is trained in doing acts of public service.....scout.
4. One who travels work place daily.....commuter.
5. A stitch that is used to sew a wound together.....suture.
6. A decorated rod carried by a king or a queen as a symbol of power.. scepter.
7. A piece of land in which fruit trees are grow....orchard.
8. A group of people related to family that existed long ago.....descendants.
9. An area of small loose stones, especially on a mountain....scree.
10. The bottom surface of the foot.....sole.
11. A person who is especially good at some art or achievement.....Wizard.
12. Threads in a piece of cloth starting to come apart.....fray.
13. A type of religious music in which religious songs are sung very loudly....gospel
14. A sudden running of people excited or afraid.....stampede.
15. A private room in a ship.....cabin.
16. Remarks intended to hurt somebody's feelings.....taunts.
17. Scientific method of finding out about a crime.....forensic.
18. An organized journey with a purpose.....expedition.

REFERENCE SKILL

Arrange the words in dictionary order:

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Advocate, advice advert adverb. | adverb, advert, advice, advocate. |
| 2. accept, accord, access, account. | Accept, access, accord, account. |
| 3. Benzene, bend, benefit, bench. | Bench, bend, benefit, benzene. |
| 4. Comrade, complaint, complex, comfort. | Comfort, complaint, complex, comrade |
| 5. Cancer, candle, canteen, cancel. | Cancel, cancer, candle, canteen |
| 6. Certify, cerebral, certain, cereal. | Cereal, cerebral, certain, certify |
| 7. Decompose, December, Declaim, Decorate. | December, declaim, decompose, decorate |
| 8. Early, earnest, earth, earn. | Early, earn, earnest, earth |
| 9. Genius, gentle, general, genuine. | General, genius, gentle, genuine |
| 10. Hero, Hermit, herself, herbs. | Herbs, hermit, hero, herself |
| 11. King, Kinetic, kindly kinder. | Kinder, kindly, kinetic, king |
| 12. Laminate, Lamp, Lamb, Lament. | Lamb, lament, laminate, lamp |
| 13. India, indeed, index, indent | indeed, indent, index, India |
| 14. insect, insure, insult, insert | insect, insect, insult, insure |
| 15. maintain, mains, maiden, mail | maiden, mail, mains, maintain |
| 16. notice, notch, notary, note | notary, notch, note, notice. |
| 17. offer, office, offend, offence | offer, offense, offend, officer |
| 18. polite, polish, police, pole | police, police, polish, polite |
| 19. rather, ration, rating, ratio | rather, rating, ratio, ration |
| 20. vendor, venture, vent, vendee | vendee, vender, vent, venture. |

I To which source of information will you refer to know the following. Choose the appropriate answer :

1. Pronunciation of a word __ (grammar book, atlas, dictionary, newspaper)
2. The place where first nuclear bombs exploded _____ (encyclopedia, dictionary, manual, thesaurus)
3. To assemble the TV you recently bought, (atlas, TV manual, newspaper, dictionary)
4. Details about the rivers of a country _____ (newspaper, manual, grammar book, atlas)
5. To know who won world cup match which was played the previous day. (atlas, encyclopedia, newspaper, thesaurus)
6. Variations of the word 'compose' (dictionary, encyclopedia, thesaurus, atlas)
7. To know the spelling of the word "encyclopedia" (newspaper, dictionary, thesaurus, atlas)
8. Synonym of the word 'Proper'. (thesaurus , dictionary, atlas, newspaper)

Decode the SMS into normal sentences :

- | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. V1d match | We won the match |
| 2. Lk b 4 u leap | Look before you leap |
| 3. 2 n 2 makes 4 | Two and two makes four |
| 4. pls cme b4 its 2 late | Please come before it is too late |
| 5. y r u sad ? | Why are you sad? |
| 6. I 8 rice 4 lnch | I ate rice for lunch |
| 7. V r rdy 2 go | We are ready to go |
| 8. Do d wrk n go hme | Do the home work and go home. |
| 9. How r u ? | How are you? |
| 10. I fgt 2 cal u | I forgot to call you. |
| 11. R U hpy ? | Are you happy? |
| 12. Go hm erly. | Go home early. |
| 13. cl m b4 u go 2 market | Call me before you go to market. |

14. do d hmwrk quickly n zzzwel. Do the home work quickly and sleep well.
 15. gud n8 Good night

Language Learning (Grammar)
REPORTED SPEECH

I. Read the conversation. Based on it, Complete the reported form given below.

Father : Why aren't you doing your homework, Joseph?

Joseph : They didn't give us any home work today, Daddy.

Joseph's father asked him why

Joseph replied that they hadn't

Ans.: a. he wasn't doing his home work

b. given them any home work that day.

II Read the conversation. Based on it complete the reported form given below:

Rajev : How are you?

Rakesh : I'm fine, you?

Rajeev : I'm fine, thank you. Why did you go to Delhi last week?

Rakesh : I went to Delhi to see the minister.

Rajeev asked Rakesh why Rakesh replied that

Ans. : he had gone to Delhi previous week. He had gone to Delhi to see the minister.

III. Preethi : Will you please help me to cross the road?

Bharathi : I will help you to cross the road.

Preethi asked Bharathi whether Bharathi replied that

Ans. : She would help her to cross the road.

She would help her to cross the road

IV. Chand : Hello, Prashant

Prashant : How are you?

Chand : I'm fine. Thank you. Are you working in this company?

Prashant : Yes, I am. I joined this firm last year.

Chand and Prashant greeted each other. Chand asked Prashant

Prashanth replied he was and he

Ans. : If he was working in that company had joined that firm the previous year.

V. Child: I want a balloon, which I can release into the air.

Balloon man : Which colour balloon do you want?

A child told a balloon man that

The balloon man

Ans. : a. he would want a balloon which he could release into the air

b. asked which colour balloon he would want

VI. Son : Why are they asking for money, mummy?

Mother : It is because they are poor, darling

On seeing the beggars the son

When the mother replied that

Ans. : a. asked his mother why they were asking for money

b. it was because they were poor

VII. Husband : Did you talk to the doctor?

Wife: Yes, It is important for you to rest.

Ans. : Tom was admitted in a hospital with a complaint of tumour. He was resting. A few minutes later, he asked his wife She

- a. If she had talked to the doctor
- b. replied in positive and told him to rest

VIII. Captain : Do you know how to play cricket?

Laksh : Never had a chance to learn it.

The captain asked Laksh

Laksh replied

- Ans. : a. if he knew how to play cricket
 b. that he had never had a chance to learn it

IX. Nishchu : Hi Lakshya how are you?

Lakshya : Life's rather tough. I need a job.

Nishchu on meeting Lakshya asked

Lakshya replied

- Ans. : a. how he was
 b. that he was on the lookout for a job

X. Mother : I have washed the car for you today

Daughter : Thank you, Mom

The mother told the daughter that

The daughter

- Ans.: a. she had washed the car for her that day also
 b. thanked her mother

XI. Boss : Are there any more files?

Peon : Yes sir

Boss asked the peon

The Peon

- Ans.: a. if there were any more files
 b. replied respectfully yes.

XII. Wife : Please stop this work immediately

Husband : I have to meet the deadline or the editor will give the work to somebody else.

The wife requested-----

Her Husband requested-----

- Ans. : a. requested her husband to stop that work
 b. replied that he had to meet.

XIII. Astrologer : Will you give me five rupees. If you find my answers satisfactory

Customer : No,

The astrologer asked the customer

The customer

- Ans.: a. Whether he would give him five rupees if he found his answers satisfactory.
 b. replied no (negatively)

XIV. Raghunandan : Hello Pammi

Pammi : How are you?

Raghunandan : I am fine. When did you come back?

Pammi : I came yesterday Raghunandan and Pammi greeted each other.

Raghunandan asked

Ravindra replied.....

- Ans. : a. how she was
 b. he was fine and he had come back last night

VOICE (PASSIVE FORM)

1. Read the conversation

A : Have you completed the work?

B : No, not yet, we are attending to that work now.

The passive form of the underlined sentence is (Choose the right one)

- a. That work was attended to now
- b. That work is being attended to now
- c. That work is attended to now
- d. That work will be attended to now

Ans. : b. That work is being attended to now.

2. Choose the best alternatives which is in the passive form

- 1. The chief guest distributed the prizes
 - a. The prizes were distributed by the Chief Guest
 - b. The prizes are distributed by the Chief Guest
 - c. The prizes will be distributed by the Chief Guest
 - d. The prizes are being distributed by the Chief Guest

Ans.: The prizes were distributed by the Chief Guest

3. Leela has written a book

- a. A book is written by Leela
- b. A book had been written by Leela
- c. A book has been written by Leela
- d. A book will be written by Leela

Ans. : b. A book has been written by Leela

4. Do the work

- a. Work is done by you
- b. Work was done by him
- c. Let me do the work
- d. Let the work be done

Ans. : d. Let the work be done

5. Read the conversation. Choose the correct passive voice for each of the underlined sentences.

Lakshmi : Have you written all the answers correctly?

Sharada : Yes, I have written all the answers correctly.

- a. All the answers are written correctly by me
- b. All the answers have been written correctly by me
- c. All the answers were written correctly by me
- d. All the answers are being written correctly by me

Ans. b. All the answers have been correctly written by me

6. Read the conversation

1. The government has been decided to change the pattern of question paper. It has hoped The students will like the new pattern.

The passive form of the underlined sentence is ...

- a. The new pattern will be liked by the students
- b. The new pattern would be liked by the students
- c. The new pattern can be liked by the students
- d. The new pattern will is liked by the students

Ans.: b. The new pattern would be liked by the students.

7. Mr. Jain is a rich gold merchant. Last night some thieves broke into the house of Mr. Jain. The thieves planned the robbery very carefully.

- a. The robbery was planned by the thieves very carefully
- b. The robbery will be planned by the thieves carefully
- c. The robbery is planned by the thieves very carefully
- d. The robbery is being planned by the thieves very carefully

8. A : Is there Nisha in the house

B : She is cooking food in the kitchen

The Passive form of the underlined sentence is

- a. The food is being cooked by her in the kitchen
- b. The food was cooked by her in the kitchen.
- c. The food are being cooked by her in the kitchen.
- d. The food has been cooked by her in the kitchen.

9. A : I kept a mango here, where is it?

B : He had eaten a mango.

The Passive form of the underlined sentence is

- a. A mango had been eaten by him
- b. A mango have been eaten by I
- c. A mango had been eaten by he
- d. A mango has been eaten by him

10. A : Did you attend the programme?

B : Yes, I have attended the programme.

The passive form of the underlined sentence is

- a. The programme has been attended by me
- b. The programme has being attended by me
- c. The programme have been attended by me
- d. The programme is being attended by her.

11. Teacher : Students, who can sing a song.

Students : Sir, it is Bhavana. She can sing a song

- A) A song was sung by her B) A song is sung by her
- C) A song can be sung by her D) a song has been sung by her.

QUESTION TAGS

I. Add suitable question tags.

1. He could play very confidently.

- a. Couldn't he? b. Could he?
- c. Can he? d. Can't he?

Ans.: Couldn't he?

2. You cannot help others.

- a. Can he? b. Can't he?
- c. Could he? d. Will he?

Ans.: a. Can he?

3. She is Nishchitha.

- a. isn't she? b. is she
- c. does she? d. did she?

Ans.: a. isn't she?

4. Raghav is singing a song.

- a. isn't he? b. is he?
- c. was he? d. wasn't he?

Ans.: a. isn't he?

5. Latha is not reading.

- a. is she? b. isn't she?
- c. will she? d. won't she?

Ans.: a. isn't she?

6. I work hard.

- a. Don't I? b. Do I?
- c. Does I? d. do we?

Ans.: Don't I?

7. We worked hard.

- a. Did I? b. Didn't I
- c. Didn't we? d. Do we

Ans.: c. Didn't we?

8. They have two books.

- a. Haven't they? b. Have they?
- c. has she? d. had they

Ans.: a. Haven't they?

9. She has written in.

- a. hasn't she? b. has she?
- c. haven't they? d. had she?

Ans.: a. hasn't she?

10. He will tell us truth.

- a. won't he? b. will he?
- c. can he? d. could he?

Ans.: a. won't he?

11. I am feeling well.

Ans:- aren't I?

12. I am not feeling well.

Ans: am I?

13. My name is Raju.

'WH' QUESTIONS

Frame a 'wh' question .

1. They see the P.M. in the parliament?

- a. Where do they see in the P.M.?
- b. Were did they see the P.M.?
- c. Where did he see the P.M.?
- d. Who is the P.M.?

Ans.: a. Where do they see in the P.M.?

2. Sujay and Supriya are Radha's Cousins.

- a. Who are Radha's Cousins?
- b. Who were Radha's Cousins?
- c. Who do Radha's Cousins?
- d. Who Radha's Cousins' are?

Ans.: a. Who are Radha's Cousins?

3. Yoga keeps the body fit and healthy.

Ans.: How does Yoga keeps body?

4. The children love playing with Rambo.

Ans.: What do children love?

5. This novel was written in 1946.

Ans.: When was this novel written?

6. The briefcase was stolen at the station.

Ans.: Where was the briefcase stolen?

7. The books were collected by the students.

Ans.: By whom the books were collected?

8. Rajan visits temple twice a week.

Ans.: How often Rajan visits temple?

9. Students have bought 10 photos for school.

Ans.: How many photos do the students brought?

10. Jashmi took class for two hours.

Ans. How long Jashmi took the class?

Language Function

1. Read the conversation and choose the language function of the italicized sentence:-

Class teacher : Who will tell a story?

Student : Sir, Geeta.

Class teacher : *Geeta, Please tell a story.*

- A) Order B) request C) Obey D) Advice

2. Could you spare some time, sir?

- A) Request B) apolize C) order D) suggestion

3. You are absolutely right.

- A) Expressing agreement B) complimenting C) Wishing D) Request

4. If you don't mind could use your pen.

- A) Questioning B) seeking information C) seeking help D) Seeking promising

5. I'm really grateful to you.

- A) Complementing B) wishing C) requesting D) expressing gratitude

6. I'm very sorry.

- A) Apologizing B) ordering C) complementing D) expressing gratitude.

7. You should consult a doctor.

- A) Ordering B) expressing agreement C) seeking information D) suggestion

8. Don't worry, everything will be all right.

- A) Sympathizing B) giving direction C) Suggestion D) advise

9. Shut the door.
A) Suggestion B) requesting C) ordering D) giving direction

10. Study books are on the fifth shelf in second row from here.
A) Giving direction B) seeking information C) ordering D) requesting.

11. Read the conversation and choose the language function of the underlined sentence:

Mom : Where are you going Ramya?

Ramya : School mom

Mom : Then, go with your dad, dear.

Ramya : Yes mom.

a) Obey b) request c) advice d) permission

12. Read the conversation :

Rajesh : After a long time, I am meeting you.

Sampath : Yes, of course. By the way, I came to know that your daughter's marriage is fixed. When ?

Rajesh : On 22nd February

Sampath : Fine. What can I do for you ?

Rajesh : *Would you help me by lending Rs.50,000 ?*

Sampath : With pleasure.

Choose the language function for the underlined sentence from the alternatives given below

(A) Permission (B) Instruction (C) Ability (D) Request.

Ans. : D) — Request.

13. Read the given conversation and choose the language function for the underlined sentences:-

Visitor : Excuse me; can you help me in locating the book, 'war and Peace'?

Librarian : Sure. Go to the sixth row and the book is on the third shelf.

Visitor : Thank you very much

A) Advice B) Giving direction C) order D) Request

14. Read the conversation and choose the language function of the underlined sentence:

Student : Good morning, Sir.

In-charge : Good morning. Thank you. What can I do for you ?

Student : I am Geetha, a student of Class IX. I am interested in joining the summer camp.

Could I have the details, please?

(A) Order (B) Request (C) Obey (D) Advice.

15. Read the conversation :

Rajesh : After a long time, I am meeting you.

Sampath : Yes, of course. By the way, I came to know that your daughter's marriage is fixed. When ?

Rajesh : On 22nd February

Sampath : Fine. What can I do for you ?

Rajesh : Would you help me by lending Rs. 50,000 ?

Sampath : With pleasure.

Choose the language function for the underlined sentence from the alternatives given below

(A) Permission (B) Instruction (C) Ability (D) Request. Ans. : D) — Request.

Using Prepositions and articles.

1. Her hands reached the steel railing above, but finding only air. Roma was thrown out..... the coach. The clattering roar of train muffled the thud of her fall on to the ground more than metre below.

Ans.: for, of, the, a

2. It took months of negotiation come to understanding with the old man. He was no hurry. What he had most of the time.
Ans.: to, an, in the
3. They had come high hopes in miracles of modern science. They told themselves that Anant would be cured the hospital, and he would again walk and run and even take part in the forthcoming table tennis tournament. And he would play the sitar and perhaps would be great satirist one day.
Ans.: with, the, at, a
4. Hafeez Contractor was very unhappy school boy. In the first and second year he was a good student. From third standard onwards, he seemed have lost all in studies. He was particularly afraid Mathematics.
Ans. : a, the, to, of
5. The English and Germans were war. The two armies stood their respective territories on man's land. Suddenly Macpherson saw someone waving white flag from the enemy side.
Ans.: the, at, in, a
6. Earlier England was important the author only because there was Cambridge. Now it had greater appeal him. He had met Stephen Hawking there during a walking tour. He is successor of Issac Newton.
Ans.: to, a, for, the
7. There was a rumor that Gader gold looked like Great Stone Face. Gader gold had the face of old man yellow skin. The people considered him the image the Great Stone Face.
Ans.: the, an, with, of
8. There had been accident when he went hiking his father and brother. They were crossing rickety bridge some rapids.
Ans.: an, with, a, over.
9. Suman and another boy turned up they had finished their dinner that night. The boy staggered in large newspaper – covered parcel his hands. Where shall I take it? Amma : My room Okay. No I think Puja room is better.
Ans.: after, a, in, the
10. The next day Ranji came again. He enjoyed lot in the coolness of the water. After hour, he lay to relax the smooth rocks. It was then that he noticed a boy staring at him a hostile manner.
Ans.: a, an, on, in

LINKING WORDS

Fill in the blanks using the appropriate linking words given in brackets.(and, that, after, so)

1. The summons came from the soviet president I had to go there. At the meeting, was shown a letter from the American president, to my surprise, a few days. I was called to Geneva. The meeting was held so that we could hold talks

Ans. and, so, after, that

2. (not only, though, but also, because)

Sir, M. Vishvesvaraya was a disciplined person. he was lean, he was strong in mind. At the request of the Maharaja of Mysore, he accepted the post of Chief Engineer. Later he became the Diwan of Mysore. He made a name as an engineer as a statesman. People of Mandya worship him he got a dam built across the river Kaveri at Karnataka

Ans.: Though, not only, but also, because

3. (but, and, both, because)

Dr. S. Radhakrishna was an educationist a statesman. He served our country as the vice-president the president of India. When he was about to leave

Russia, Stalin invited him to his palace and said, "I am sad you are going back to your country. I want to live longer I may not. Ans.: both, and, and, because, but
4. (and, as, because, if)

Venkatesh is a physician. Everyone likes him he has a lot of patience talks to the patients politely. any patient doesn't have money to buy medicines, he will give him money. he is honest service minded, the Govt. has honoured him Ans.: because, and, if, As, and

5. (that, but, and, though)

Radha Rukmini are sisters. Radha is lazy. she is lazy, she is intelligent. Her father knows she would get distinction in M.B.B.S.

Ans.: and, but, though, that

1. In March April the coffee blossom time in Coorg. blossoms transform into berries, the bushes are cropped. The Cherry-red fruit is pulped the seeds separated, dried and sent for curing. Coorg Kodagu is the district which is one of the largest producers of pepper, Cardamom and honey in the world.

Ans.: and, when, then, or

2. More than the physical mental problems, my biggest headache was her financial situation. I was getting ready for the final frontier, my father was bed ridden a lot of money was needed for his treatment. the family had very little to offer me

Ans.: or, when, and, so

3. He saw a bird was unlike any he had ever seen before. It had a longish tail a black crest. the most interesting thing about the bird was its restless energy he liked the bird very much. Ans.: that, and, but, so

4. He found there was no food at home. He became desperate by starvation. He went to an ant. He requested him to lend him a shelter from rain some food. He added that the ant did not do what he wanted he would die. The ant replied that the ants did not ever borrow lend. Ans. : That, and, if, or

Infinitive

A. Read the conversation:-

Philip : Good morning John. How are you?
John : Very good morning. I am fine. Thank you
Philip : Where are you going?
John : I am going to medical store to bring medicines.

A) Going B) am C) to bring D) going to

B. Read the following conversation and identify the infinitive :

Manjula : Where are you going ?
Latha : I'm going to market to buy vegetables.
Manjula : Is it ? I too will come with you.
Latha : Let both of us walk to market.

(A) going (B) come (C) will (D) to buy.

Ans. : D) — to buy

'IF CLAUSE' (THIRD CONDITION)

Complete the following statements:

1. I would like to buy the house. But it is costly. If the house had been cheap I would-

Ans. : have bought it.

2. Monsoon rains failed. Farmers couldn't grow crops.

Newspaper reported : If it had rained the farmers

Ans.: could (would) have grown crops.

3. Shashi scored less marks in 10th Standard. So he couldn't get seat in the college. His father said If he had scored good marks

Ans.: he would have got seat in the college.

4. It is raining heavily. If it had not rained
 Ans.: we would have gone for a week.
5. There is a function in the college. They did not invite us. If we had been invited .
 Ans.: we would have attended the function
6. She has annual examination in the next month. She is not working hard.
 If she had worked hard
 Ans.: She would have passed in the exam.
7. They do not have money. They need it very badly. If you had asked me
 Ans.: I would have given you.
8. Ram is very slow in getting ready. He has to catch the train. If Ram had not hurried.....
 Ans.: he would have missed the train.
9. Ashok was a wise king. Now – a – days also people remember him
 If the kind had ruled wisely
 Ans:-The people would have praised him.
10. One should have better guidance to achieve something in life.
 If we had better guidance Ans.: We would have achieved our goal.
11. Mother : Reena, why have you scored less in Maths subject ?
 Reena : Sorry mom, I could not understand Maths properly.
 Mother : If you had attended the remedial classes, youunderstood Maths well.
 Fill in the blank with the correct answer:
 (A) will have (B) shall have (C) would (D) would have.

Correct tense form of the verb

Fill in the blanks choosing the right form of verbs given in brackets:

- One day, I saw a boy who (be + cry). I called him but he(do) not respond me. Ans:- Was crying, did
- Rajesh (be) a doctor. He (be + work) in a Govt hospital. He goes to hospital at 9 A.M. He does not expect money from patients. He is always cheerful.
 Ans. : is, is working
- One of the boys punished. (was / were) Ans. : was
- When I (arrive) at the railway station yesterday, Sunitha (be + wait) for me. She wore a blue dress and looked very pretty.
 Ans;- arrived, was waiting
- Read the conversation
 Hamiz : When will he come here, Santhosh?
 Santhosh: Don't know. He _____ come any time. The most appropriate modal verb in the blank is : a. Must b) will c) can d) might
- Fill in the blanks choosing the right form of the verbs given in brackets
 You can ____ (see) him now. See, how he ____ (be, stand). His face his ____ (wrinkle)

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

UNIT 4 DR. B. R. AMBEDKAR

Choose the most appropriate answer and complete the statement:

- Baba Saheb came to be greatly influenced by the life and work of
 a) Mahatma Gandhi **b) Mahatma Phule** c) Nelson Mandela d) Rabindranath Tagore
- The newspapers 'Mooknayak, Bahishkrit Bharat and Samata were started by
a) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar b) Mahatma Gandhi c) Jawaharlal Nehru d) Bhagat Singh
- The methods of civil disobedience, non-cooperation and Satyagraha was described by Dr. B.R. Ambedkar as
 a) grammar of democracy **b) grammar of anarchy**
 c) grammar of non-violence d) grammar of public agitation
- Ambedkar spent most of his life.

- a) Purchasing books b) attending conferences
c) reading books d) importing books
5. Mooknayak, Bahishkrit Bharat and Samata were _____
a) Voice mails **b) Newspapers** c) political parties d) Leaders
6. Dr. B. R. Ambedkar bought books by
a) curtailing his daily needs b) borrowing loan
c) by selling old books d) None of the above
7. “ Dr. Ambedkar was a voracious reader. The word ‘voracious’ means
A) A fast / brisk B) very eager for knowledge
C) reading with concentration D) reading in between the lines
8. The Indian National Congress made Dr. Ambedkar the chairman of the drafting committee of the constitution. because
A) He belonged to the depressed classes B) he was one of the congress leaders
C) he had undying faith in the dignify of human beings D) he was a voracious reader
9. Dr. Ambedkar fought against
A) social injustice B) political justice C) social justice D) economic inequality
10. According to Avvai, the only two castes in the world are
A) The rich and the poor B) the higher class and the lower class
C) the charitable and the misers D) the greedy and the misers
11. How did Nehru describe Dr. Ambedkar on his passing away?
A) A great soul B) a great patriot
C) a great leader of the depressed classes D) a symbol of revolt
12. To achieve social justice, Dr. Ambedkar stressed the importance of
A) agitation B) non violence C) constitutional methods D) satayagraha
13. According to Dr. Ambedkar misdirected and volatile agitations result in
A) Change of government B) loss of lives and public property
C) dictatorship D) the formation of a good government

The concert

1. Smitha is years old.
a. 12 b. 16 c. 10 d. 14
Ans.: b. 16
2. The maestro who was playing at Shanmukhananda Auditorium was
a. A.R. Rahman b. Bismilla Khan c. Pandit Jasraj d. Pandit Ravi Shankar
Ans.: d. Pandit Ravi Shankar
3. ‘It’s the chance of a life time’, said Ananth. What was the chance of a lifetime?
a. play sitar b. play with his sister
c. attend Pandit Ravishankar’s concert d. go to cancer hospital
Ans.: c. attend Pandit Ravishankar’s concert
4. Smitha and Ananth’s home town is
a. Bombay b. Gangapur c. Lucknow d. Delhi Ans.: b. Gangapur
5. Ananth was suffering from
a. hypertension b. tuberculosis c. hepatitis – B d. cancer Ans.: d. cancer
6. Smitha’s family moved to Bombay
a. so that Ananth could learn Sitar
b. so that Ananth could learn tennis
c. so that Ananth could be treated at the Cancer hospital
d. so that Ananth could attend concerts.
Ans.: c. so that Ananth could be treated at the Cancer hospital
7. In Bombay Ananth and his family stayed
a. with Aunt Sushila b. in an independent apartment
c. in a hostel d. in a hotel Ans.: a. with Aunt Sushila

8. "They did not voice their fears". Who does the word 'they' stand for?

- a. doctors b. friends c. family members d. neighbours

Ans.: c. family members

9. The great wizard of music, who played Tabla with Pandit Ravi Shankar was

- a. Ustad Allah Rakha b. Zakir Hussain
c. Amjad Alik Khan d. A.R. Rehman

Ans.: a. Ustad Allah Rakha

10. "Suddenly a daring thought came to her" What was the daring thought?

- a. ask music maestros to play for her brother in her house
b. to take Ananth to the music concert
c. to take Ananth to cancer hospital d. to go to the concert with her father

Ans.: a. ask music maestros to play for her brother in her house

11. 'He actually raised himself up without help' she said with a catch in her throat. The underlined phrase shows that

- a. she had cold and cough b. someone had caught her by the throat
c. she was filled with grief d. she had tied something round her throat

Ans.: c. she was filled with grief

12. "You know he needs all the sleep and rest he can get" Smita's mother said this because the boy

- a. had worked all night b. had just finished his examination
c. had come back from a long trip d. was very ill and weak

Ans.: d. was very ill and weak

13. "Take him home. Give him the things he likes" The doctors said this because ...

- a. Anant had been completely cured
b. they knew he had not many days to live
c. there were too many patients in the hospital
d. Anant gave them too much trouble Ans.: b. they knew he had not many days to live

14. "They had come with high hopes". Their hopes were that

- a. they could get ticket to the concert
b. Pandit Ravi Shankar would come to their house
c. the doctors would be able to cure Anant
d. they could stay with Aunt Sushila Ans.: c. the doctors would be able to cure Anant

15. 'You must not bother him with such a request'. The request was

- a. requesting Ravi Shankar to come to her house and play Sitar for Ananth
b. requesting the doctors to treat Ananth
c. requesting father to take Ananth to the concert
d. requesting aunt Sushila to allow them to stay in her house

Ans.: a. requesting Ravi Shankar to come to her house and play Sitar for Ananth

16. "We perform for the boy' who said this?

- a. Ustad Allah Rakha b. Pandit Ravi Shankar
c. Mustachioed man d. Organizer

Ans.: b. Pandit Ravi Shankar

17. Who did Smita go the concert with?

- A) Her father B) Her aunt Sushila C) Her mother D) Her brother Ananth

18. " Suddenly a daring thought came to Smita. It was ...

- A) taking Anant to a cancer hospital B) going to the concert C) requesting Pandith Ravishankar to play music for Ananth D) visiting a park in the late evening.

19. The concert will be held at

- A) Anand auditorium B. Bombay C. Shanmukananda auditorium D. Stadium

20. Who gave suggestion to Smitha to walk in the park?

- A) Ananth B. her mother C. Aunt Sushila D. her friend

21. The tablala player in the concert was
A) Shivakumar B. Sadashiva C. Ustad Allah Rakha D. Someshwara
22. Ananth was suffering from
A) cancer B. fever C. astama D. breathing problem
23. Pandith Ravishankar was
A) Singer B. musician C. play back singer D. sitar maestro
24. Who brought tickets for the concert?
A) Aunt Sushila B. her brother C. her father D. friend
25. Ananth was Smitha's
A) father B. friend C. brother D. neighbor
26. A Large..... made a long boring speech
A) Pandit B. Ustad C. manager D. mustachioed man

Unit-6

THE DISCOVERY

1. "The Santa Maria will be lighter for his carcass,". These words were said by
A) Diego B) Francisco C) Pedro D) Guillermo Ires
2. "A good sailor knows his place", says Columbus to Deigo. This statement is
A) a piece of advice B) an indirect command C) an expression of sorrow D) a cry of horror
3. Columbus feels that his worst enemy is
A) the angry sea B) his vision C) his uncontrolled tongue D) the sailor's song
4. Columbus set out from Spain
A) for a long holiday B) to become a rich man
C) to discover a new world D. to make new friends
5. Columbus said that he had discovered one thing. It was
A) here were no buts to discipline B) a good sailor knows his place
C) God's will was his place D) a man with a vision has to follow it alone.
6. "Your best cannot be bettered," says Columbus. This implies that
A) no one is perfect at anytime B. there is always scope for improvement C. once we reach the best, we cannot improve D) Columbus is not totally happy with Francisco
7. The seamen were drinking too much, Pedro said that they wanted to relax. Pedro was not right because
A) The seamen should not drink B. it would lead to unruly behavior
C) they would become unconscious D) the ship may meet with an accident
8. When his men rebelled against him, Columbus said that he had discovered one thing. What was the discovery?
A) He should not expect loyalty and discipline from them B) He should not bend his head to the sailors
C. He should satisfy their demands D. He should expect loyalty from them
9. Pepe turns reluctantly. The underlined word means
A) Willingly B. suddenly C. slowly D. unwillingly
10. The one who was more loyal to Columbus than other was
A) Pepe B. Pedro C. Francisco D. Diego

Science and Hope of its survival

1. According to Keilis -Borok The following cannot enjoy a higher income ____
A. doctors B. businessmen C. lawyers **D. scientists**
2. "A writer is not a writer merely a person who writes: a writer is a person who cannot live without writing."-this is a saying by _____
A. Keilis-Borok B. Rabindranath Tagore **C. Leo Tolstoy** D. A scientist
3. Science is an exciting adventure where major reward comes from ____
A. society B. scientists **C. discovery itself** D. every one
4. By science a Scientist cannot get _____

- A.camaraderie B.independence **C.money** D.freedom
- 5.The scientist Keilis-Borok worked on_____
- A.cold war B.nuclear weapons **C.seismic waves** D.biotechnology
6. The scientist Keilis-Borok was summoned by_____
- A. the President of Russian Academy of Sciences** B.the palace of Nations in Geneva
C.the President of America D.the President of United Kingdom.
7. In 1960,every man and child on the earth lived under the threat of annihilation by__
- A.cold war B. bombs C. great countries **D.nuclear weapon**
8. The technical experts were summoned to the Palace of Nations in Geneva to solve the problem of_____.
- A. nuclear weapon test ban** B.nuclear test C.power politics D.annihilation
9. People trained in theoretical physics are head hunted by_____
- A. scientific institutions **B. financial institutions**
C. mathematical institutions D. educational institutions
- 10.Those who trained in biological research become founders and directors in____
- A.electronics industry **B. Pharmaceutical industry** C.large scale industry D. bio industry
- 11.According to Keilis-Borok The indispensable guardian and care taker of humanity is__
- A.nuclear energy B.bio technology **C. science** D.industrial growth
- 12.If you are so clever,why are you so poor? –The professional addressed as 'you' in the statement refers more than others to a _____
- A.lawyer **B.scientist** C. doctor D.businessman
13. The writer says,"I found myself in Geneva. "It expresses ,more than anything else, the writer's_____.
- A. pleasure B. surprise **C. anxiety** D. annoyance
- 14."Immersion in science does not go with common sense," suggests_____
- A. foolishness of scientists B. absentmindedness of scientists
C. that scientists do not bother about the results of their work
D. involve in only mathematical calculations
15. Which of the following qualities help the scientists to come up with a solution the problem?
- A. self-assertion** B. self-praise C. popularity D. self-discipline
- 16.The safety of the world can be best assured by_____
- A. Doctors B. businessmen C. lawyers **D. scientists**
17. According to Leo Tolstoy a writer is a person who cannot live without
- A) reading **B) writing** C) listening D) speaking
18. Which one of the following nations was not possessing nuclear weapons at the time of cold war
- A) UK B) USSR **C) China** D) USA
19. Elaborate the form of MAD or expansion of MAD
- A) Mentally alleged department B) mutually assured destructions C) man animal domain D) mutually assured development
20. A common lore is that immersion in science does not go with
- A) theoretical sense B) practical sense C) self experience D) spiritual sense
22. All new technology new brands of industries from defense to entertainment stem from
- A) fundamental research B) fundamental rights
C) nuclear research D) agricultural research

I am the Land 1 Marks MCQ in Poem

1. "I am the land. I wait" Here 'I wait' suggests the feeling of
- a) Annoyance b) joy **c) patience** d) disgust
2. 'A chain link necklace chokes me now.' Here chain link necklace refers to
- a) A garland **b) a fence** c) trees d) grass

3. "You cannot put a fence Around the planet Earth." The speaker here is showing a tone of
 a) Weakness b) excitement c) patience **D) self assertion**
4. The land feels choked when
 a) Man plants trees **b) man makes boundaries**
 c) man drills holes in it d) children play on it
5. 'with muddy holes and car lot eyes! I stare
a) To look at the things fixedly for a long time b) Silently watch what one is doing
 c) To look at the things as they are d) Expressing anger and dissatisfaction
6. Muddy holes refers to
 a) **Virtual holes on the land** b) intention of the speaker c) commotion created by the reader d) holes made by car parking
7. 'A chain link necklace chokes me.' The figure of speech in the above line is
 a) simile **b) metaphor** c) personification d) irony

Prose -1 A Hero

Answer the following in two –three sentences (2 marks questions)

- 1) Swami's father drew his attention to a report in the newspaper. What was the report about?
 Ans: The newspaper report was about the braver of a village lad who while returning home fought with a tiger. He stayed half a day on the tree till some people came and killed the tiger.
- 2) What was swami's comment on the newspaper report? How did his view differ from that of his father?
 Ans:- Swami commented that the boy cannot kill the tiger and he must be a grown –up person. But Swami's father commented that anyone who has courage can do anything if he has courage and strength and age are not important.
- 3) What desperate attempts did Swami make to escape from his father?
 Ans: Swami made the following desperate attempts to escape from his father.
 1. He tried to change the subject by asking his father to join the cricket club.
 2. He requested his father to allow him to sleep in the office room from the next month.
 3. He went silently and pretended like sleeping beside his granny.
 4. He told his father that there were scorpions behind the law books in the office room.
- 4) Why do you think Swami looked at his granny and his mother while following his father to the office room?
 Ans: Swami looked at his granny and his mother while following his father to the office room because he thought they would stop his father taking him to the office room and support him. He did not like to sleep on the office room alone.
- 5) As silence deepened in the room, what was swami reminded of?
 Ans: As silence deepened in the room Swami reminded the stories of devils and ghosts he had heard in his life. For example His Chum Mani had seen the devil in the banyan tree at his street end and the poor Muniswami's father spat out blood when the devil slapped him near the river.
- 6) Why did swami feel that his father's proposition was frightful?
 Ans: Swami thought his proposition was frightful. Because he always slept beside his granny in the passage, and any change in this arrangement kept him awake all the night.
- 7) There was absolute silence in the room. In spite of it, some noises reached Swami's ears. What were they?
 Ans: In silence in the office room Swami heard some noises –the tickling off the clock, rustle of trees, Snoring sounds, and some night insects humming.
- 8) As night advanced, Swami felt that something terrible would happen to him. What would it be? How would it happen?
 Ans: As night advanced, Swami felt that something terrible would happen to him. He thought that the devils would come up to him and carry him away.
- 9) How was Swami honoured by his classmates, teacher and the headmaster?
 Ans: His classmates looked at him with respect, and his teacher patted his back. The headmaster said that he was a true scout.
- 10) Why were congratulations showered on Swami the next day?

Ans: Congratulations were showered on Swami the next day because he had bitten deep into the notorious house breaker of the district and helped the police.

11) Why did father want Swami to sleep alone in the office room?

Ans: Father wanted Swami to sleep alone in the office room because he wanted Swami to sleep alone in the office room and show his courage. He also wanted Swami to leave sleeping beside his granny like a baby and develop good habit.

12) Why did Swami feel relieved at the end?

Ans: Swami felt relieved at the end because his father gave up the idea of making him sleep alone in the office room thereafter.

13) Do you think Swami really wanted to join the police? If not, what did he want to be?

Ans: Swami did not want to join the police. He wanted to be an engine driver, a railway guard, or a bus conductor later in life.

14) Who do you think was wiser, Swami or his father? Justify your preference.

Ans: I think Swami was wiser. Because

1. He tried to change the subject by asking his father to join the cricket club.
2. He requested his father to allow him to sleep in the office room from the next month.
3. He went silently and pretended like sleeping beside his granny.
4. He told his father that there were scorpions behind the law books in the office room.

15) Why did Swami say that there were scorpions behind the law books?

Ans: Swami said that there were scorpions behind the law books because he did not like to sleep in the office room and it was just a trick to escape from his father.

The Gentleman of Re en Medio

1).How do you say that the ancestors of the old man lived in Rio en Medio?

Ans: The old man lived in Rio en Medio where his people had been for hundreds of years. He tilled the same land they had tilled.

2). Describe the old man's house and his orchard. Ans: The old man's house was small and wretched, but quaint.

The little creek ran through his land. His orchard was gnarled and beautiful.

3). Describe the old man's appearance and his social/living condition. Or

Don Anselmo's appearance and manners were quite unusual. How do you support this statement based on the text?

Ans: The old man wore an old, green and faded coat. He wore old and torn gloves. He wore a hat. He was just looking like Charlie Chaplin.

4. Why do you think the story teller spoke Spanish?

Ans : The story teller spoke Spanish because he was the native of New Mexico which was a colony of Spain. Spanish was the language of some people of New Mexico.

5. Why did the story teller offer the old man almost the double of what he had quoted earlier

Ans; The story teller sent the surveyor and the engineer to survey the old man's land. He discovered that the old man owned almost twice the land (more than eight acres).The old man did not know this. But the Americans were honest. So the story teller offered almost twice (double) of what he had quoted earlier.

6.What was the reaction of the man to the story teller's offer? or

Don Anselmo's reaction to the offer of more money was not expected. Justify this statement.

Ans: The old man became angry and felt offended. He refused the story teller's offer. He took only 12 hundred dollars as in the deed and signed the agreement.

7) How the Americans renovate the house and the land bought by Anselmo?

Ans: The Americans replastered the old house, pruned the trees and patched the fence.

8) Why did the Americans complain the story teller on the old man?

Ans; The Americans complained the story teller that, the children of the village were running around the land, playing in the orchard, putting fences around their play area, plucking the flowers from the trees, laughing whenever they were spoken to and speaking harsh words to the Americans in Spanish. So they could not enjoy their property.

9) Don Anselmo repeated certain things whenever he met the story teller and took leave of him. Write them down.

Ans: a) the old man shakes b) wore the same old, green and faded coat c) wore the same ragged gloves d) accompanied by a dark young boy e) carried the cane (a worn-out umbrella) f) sat down with the boy behind his chair g) talked about the weather

10). Whose argument do you agree with? Don Anselmo's or the story tellers? Give reasons.

Ans: I agree with the story teller's argument. Because legally the Americans were the real owners of the trees as the old man signed the sale deed. I agree with the old man's argument. Because the old man planted trees for the children of the village and they were the real owners. He could not sell them.

11). Don Anselmo was passionate about his land the children of Rio en Medio.

Which details in the text support this statement? Write them.

Ans: Don Anselmo planted a tree for every child born in Rio en Medio. He thought they did not belong to him but to the children. He grew trees for the next generation of Rio en Medio.

12. How was the problem of ownership was resolved by the Americans?

Ans: The Americans bought the tree in the orchard from the descendents of Don Anselmo. It took a long time because they purchased from each individual of Rio en Medio.

13. Why did the Americans want to buy Don Anselmo's land?

Ans: Don Anselmo's land had a good water source as the little creek ran through the land. His orchard was beautiful and his house was quaint.

Prose- 4

Dr. B.R. Ambedkar

1. Ambedkar had a great thirst for books when he was a student. Explain. Or Ambedkar had a great thirst for books when he was a student. Explain. "Dr. Ambedkar was a voracious reader". Give some examples to support this statement.

Ans.: Throughout his life Dr. Ambedkar was a voracious reader. He had an insatiable thirst for books. He bought books by curtailing his daily needs. In New York he purchased about 2,000 books and that they to be sent to India in 32 boxes.

2. How did the fourteenth amendment to the US Constitution and Mahatma Phule influence on Ambedkar?

Ans.: While in U.S.A. Ambedkar was drawn to the fourteenth amendment of the constitution of the U.S.A. which gave freedom to the Black Americans. He was at once the parallel of the situation for the depressed classes in India. On returning India he was greatly influenced by the life and work of Mahatma Phule, the votary of a classless society and women's upliftment. This made him to devote all his time and talents for the betterment of his underprivileged brethren.

3. There were great luminaries on the Drafting Committee Dr. Ambedkar is remembered as the pilot. Give reasons.

Ans.: Dr. Ambedkar was the chairman of the drafting committee. He was tactful, frank and had utmost patience. He explained clearly the meaning and scope of the different provisions of the Draft constitution. He explained the most complicated legal concepts which could be easily understood even by a layman.

4. Write a short note on Dr. Ambedkar's idea/perception of the three pillars of state.

Ans.: Dr. Ambedkar had a clear idea about mutuality of the legislature, the Executive and the judiciary. He said that the jurisdiction of each should be clear and untrammelled. He had a sense of the importance of the sole of citizens.

5. What are the significant observations of Dr. Ambedkar on the constitution?

Ans.: The constitution is a fundamental document which defines the position and power of the three organs of the state – the executive, the judiciary and the legislature. It also defines the powers of the executive and legislature as against the citizens. The other purpose of constitution to limit their authority to avoid tyranny and oppression by the legislature and the Executive.

6. Nehru chose Dr. Ambedkar as the law minister. What might have improved Nehru to do so?

Ans. : Ambedkar had a great skill in law and legislation. He had the vision of social justice.

Therefore, Nehru chose him to be Law Minister of India.

7. What made Dr. Ambedkar describe the methods of civil disobedience, Non-cooperation and Satyagraha as the "Grammar of Anarchy"?

Ans.: According to Ambedkar, methods of civil disobedience non-cooperation and Satyagraha are necessary in a state which is ruled by foreigners. But in a democratic country, these methods should not be used. If used there would be loss of lives and public property.

8. How did Dr. Ambedkar and Mahatma Gandhi try to wipe out caste discrimination from India?

Ans.: Gandhiji reminded the higher castes their duty towards the depressed classes. Babasaheb Ambedkar did the same by reminding them of their inherent rights to equality with the higher and more powerful castes. One stressed the duties, the other stressed the rights.

Song of India.

1. What are epics? Why does the poet call the temples as 'Epics in stone?'

Epics are the stories about the heroic deeds.

Many historical or mythological stories are carving on the stones, walls of the temples.

2. Who does the poet mean by 'of your children that dies to call their own?'

The soldiers who guard our mother land.

3. What according to the poet, is the contribution of the seers and prophets?

The seers and prophets would have contributed their valuable lessons and experiences to others.

4. Why is the poet, 'querulous?'

The poet wanted to sing about the achievements and progress made by the achievements and progress made by the countrymen. He asked his mother if she wished to hear about the dams and lakes about steel mills or of the atomic age, the mother asked him to sing songs about 'strikes' and about the leaders who emerged after such 'strikes.'

The poet asked her in a querulous voice if there were no songs which he could sing for her that he could sing whole heartedly, a song that is pure and which will remain in memory for long time.

5. How is he answered? Describe the vision?

The poet was answered by a wonderful vision. A vision of new and bright future. When his mother stood, she looked like wearing a dress of blue sky, milk white oceans revolve round her with power. The waves seemed marvelous and make her to sit on throne and write the book of Tomorrow. Her forehead opened like earth's luck. The sun God eradicates all sorrows. It was a clear dawn, sun beams glowing on the leaves, flowers and plants. All the nature looks more beautiful and saved by the sun-beam's unseen hand. Here the intention of the poet was to establish the new ideas.

6. What do the night, the sun god and the clear dawn represent?

Here the night represented all sorrow. The sun god represented the hand that saves and clear dawn represented the bright future and calmness and the good things.

7. How does the poet praise India being developed in industry and technology?

Poet praises dams, lakes, industries, ship building yards, hard working Indians try to improve technology and to raise India's global position in atomic science.

Unit -5 The Concert

Answer the following in two or three sentences (2 marks)

1) Smita on looking up the newspaper almost excited. Why did she react so?

Ans: Smita and her brother Anant was learning sitar. She naturally liked Pandit Ravi Shankar, the greatest Maestro is Sitar. So Smita on looking up the newspaper almost excited.

2) Why do you think that Smita's mother cautioned her not to make noise?

Ans : Smita on looking up the newspaper almost shouted with excitement. But her brother Anant was ill and suffering from cancer. She cautioned her not to make noise so that he could rest.

3) In What way was the truth frightening Smita?

ans: Smita had seen the doctors had shaken their head seriously and spoken words that neither she nor her parents could understand.

4) Do you consider Anant a talented boy? Justify with the support from the text.

Ans: Anant was only fifteen, and the best table-tennis player in the school and the fastest runner. He was learning to play sitar. He was better than his sister Smita. He could compose his own tunes and astonished his guru.

5) What did the doctors at the cancer hospital suggest Smita's parents?

Ans: the doctors at the cancer hospital suggested Smita's parents to take Anant home, give him the things he likes, indulge him.

6) As Smita sat listening to the music, She was spellbound. But all the while, her mind was echoing something else. What was that?

Ans: Spellbound , Smita listened to the unfolding ragas, but all the while her mind was planning to meet Ravi Shankar personally and share her feelings about her brother's plight. If possible she would like to arrange for home concert for her brother. That was a the chance of his life.

7) Did Smita tell what she had in her mind to the musicians? Who responded to her request immediately. What was the response?

Ans: Yes, Smita told the story of her brother who lay sick at home, and how he longed to hear them. Pandit Ravi Shankar responded to her immediately and the concert was arranged at their home for Anant.

8) Do you think the response of the artists was unusual? If not, Why?

Ans: The response from the artists was unusual. They did not bother about their busy schedule. They agreed to give the home concert.

9) The neighbours could not believe their eyes. Why do you think they felt like this?

Ans: Ravi Shankar and Ustad Allah Rakha were the great names in music. Such Persons came to their apartment block. This was unbelievable to the neighbours.

10) Can you say that the concert was entertaining Smita. Justify your answer.

Ans: No, The concert was not entertaining Smita. Because she was feeling sorrow at the pathetic condition of her brother Anant.

11) Did Pandit Ravi Shankar and Ustad Allah Rakha perform in the boy's house? do you think this was an unusual incident? If yes, give reasons.

Ans: Yes, Pandit Ravi Shankar and Ustad Allah Rakha performed in the boy's house. This was an unusual incident. Ravi Shankar and Ustad Allah Rakha were the great names in music. Such Persons came to their apartment block for the sake of a sick boy at the death bed.

Unit 8- Science and Hope of survival

Answer the following in two or three sentences (2 marks)

1. What reward do the scientists get? How are they different from lawyers, doctors and businessmen?

Ans: The discovery itself is the reward of the scientists. The scientists get lesser money than the lawyers, doctors and businessmen. But they enjoy freedom, camaraderie and independence.

2. Which are the two factors that cause Earth tremors?

Ans: The earth tremors are caused by two factors.

1. by the seismic waves during the earthquake

2. by the underground nuclear explosion

3. Write the subjects that come under the category of basic (fundamental) sciences.

Ans: The subjects that come under the category of basic (fundamental) sciences are:

Antibiotics, electronics, biotechnology, synthetic fibres, green revolution and genetic forensic diagnosis.

4. What did the writer learn at the Geneva summit?

Ans: The writer at Geneva summit learnt that the scientists have people for them all over the world. While there is science there is hope for survival and well-being of humanity.

5. Give a few examples to illustrate that scientists are the most practical people in the world?

Ans: All new technologies, all new brands of industry from defence to environment came from fundamental science. For example antibiotics, electronics, biotechnology, synthetic fibres, green revolution and genetic forensic diagnosis are all the gifts of basic science.

6. Who will be headhunted by financial institutions and pharmaceutical industries? Why?

Ans: The people trained in theoretical physics are headhunted by the financial Institutions. Those trained in biological research become founders and directors in Pharmaceutical industry. Because the knowledge of basic sciences help them to think and work practically.

7. What was the problem that the 'nuclear powers' faced?

Ans: The nuclear powers signed the agreement to stop the test of nuclear weapons. But the problem was that if any one violates the agreement by secret underground testing, then how to detect that was not known.

8. What was the important decision taken by the politicians before the Geneva Summit? How does it help for the survival of humanity?

Ans: The important decision taken by the politicians before the Geneva Summit was the Ban on nuclear weapon test. This would a hope for the survival of humanity as there will be no competition for developing nuclear weapons.

OFF TO OUTER SPACE TOMORROW MORNING

1. State reason for the poet say “calendars and clocks” are useless in space.

Ans: Because the space craft rotates around the earth. In each rotation there will be a day and night. So the poet says” calendars and clocks” are useless in space.

2. Why does the poet in the poem 'off To Outer Space Tomorrow Morning' feels that he is imprisoned. What might have been the reason for him to have such a feeling?

Ans: In space the astronaut will have no letters, no mail, no friends, or nobody to visit to share happy moments. He is just confined to a solitary confinement as in jail in the capsule door of the spacecraft.

3. The speaker in the poem 'off To Outer Space Tomorrow Morning' says,” Tea cups circling round me like the planets round the sun.” Why does it happen only in space and not on the earth?

Ans: On the earth, each object is bound to earth surface by the attraction of the earth called gravity. They rest or move keeping balance on the centre of Gravity. But in space the objects lose weight and the gravitational power of the earth which then move freely around some object of more weight. So the Tea cups circling round me like the planets round the sun.

4. What does the astronaut deprive off in the space?

Ans: The astronaut is deprived of many things in space. There will be no calendars or clock. There will be no bond of friendship or relation. They are just confined to the capsule door of the space sealed. No gravitational force.

Extracts (3 marks)

Prose -1 A Hero

IV. Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow:-

1) **“News has been received about the bravery of a village lad who while returning home by the jungle path came face to face with a tiger.....”**

a) **Who is the speaker? /Who said this?** Ans: Swami’s father

b) **What was the response/ comment of Swami to this statement?**

Swami said that he must have been a very strong and grown-up person, not a boy at all.

c) **What was the impact of the report on the listener?**

Ans: The listener had to sleep alone in the office room. His father asked him to show that he was brave.

2) **“I think he must have been a very strong and grown-up person, not a boy at all. How could a boy fight a tiger?”**

a) **Who is the speaker? /Who said this?** Ans: Swami

b) **What does the speaker mean by this statement?**

Ans: The speaker means that the news paper report was wrong as the boy cannot fight a tiger and he must have been a grown-up person.

c) **What was the result of this comment?**

Ans: Swami’s father challenged him to show that he had courage by sleeping in the office room alone

3) **“A man may have the strength of an elephant and yet be a coward: where as another may have the strength of a straw, but if he has courage, he can do anything. Courage is everything, strength and age are not important”**

a) **Who is the speaker? /Who said this?** Ans: Swami’s father

b) **When did the speaker said so?**

When Swami commented that he must have been a grown-up person and not a boy at all.

c) **What does the speaker intend to say?**

Ans: The speaker intends to say that courage is important and age or strength are not important.

4) **“How can it be father? Suppose I have all the courage what could I do if a tiger should attack me?”**

- a) Who is the speaker? /Who asked this?** Ans: Swami
- b) Why did the speaker say so?** Ans: The speaker means that he believes that strength and age are important.
- c)How did the response affect him?**
Ans: His father challenged him to sleep alone in the office room to show his courage
- 5)"Leave alone strength, can you prove that you have courage? Let me see if you can sleep alone tonight in my office room?"**
- a) Who posed this challenge?** Ans: Swami's father
- b) Did he accept the challenge? If not why?**
Ans: No, He did not accept the challenge. It was a frightful proposition for him.
- c) Why did the speaker pose this challenge?**
Ans: Because Swami commented that Strength and age are important not the courage.
- 6)"We are going to admit the elders in our cricket club hereafter, we are buying brand-new bats and balls. Our captain has asked me to tell you....."**
- a) Who is the speaker speaking to?** Ans: swami is speaking to his father.
- b) Why did the speaker say so?**
Ans: It was just a trick to change his father's subject of sleeping in the office room.
- c) Who does you refer to here?** Ans: "You" refers to Swami's father.
- 7)"From the first of the next month, I'll sleep alone father."**
- a) Who wanted to sleep alone?** Ans: Swami wanted to sleep alone.
- b) Why did he request his father to allow him sleep alone from the first of next month?**
Ans: He requested his father to allow him to sleep from the first of next month only to escape from his father.
- c) Where he used to sleep?** Ans : Swami used to sleep with his granny.
- 8)"No, you must do it now, It is disgraceful sleeping beside his granny or mother like a baby. You are in the second form and I don't like the way you are being brought up"**
- a) who commanded like this?** Ans: Swami's father commanded Swami like this.
- b) What does 'it' refer to here?** Ans; 'It' refers too Swami sleeping alone in the office room.
- c)What is shameful here?** Ans: Swami slept beside his granny or mother like a baby .It was disgraceful because children should be taught to live independently.
- 9)"Please, please shut up granny. Don't talk to me, and don't let anyone call me even if the house is on fire. If I don't sleep at once, perhaps I shall die."**
- a) Who requested like this?** Ans: Swami requested his granny.
- b) Why did he request so?**
Ans: Because he wanted to escape from his father by just pretending to be asleep.
- 10) "let me sleep in the hall, Father, Your office room is very dusty and there may be scorpions behind your law books"**
- a) Who wanted to sleep in the hall?** Ans: Swami wanted to sleep in the hall.
- b) Why did the speaker complain that there were scorpions in the office room?**
Ans: No, There were no scorpions actually. It was just a trick to escape from his father.
- 6) "Your office room is very dusty and there may be scorpions behind your law books"**
- a) Who said these words?** Ans: Swami said these words.
- b) Why did the speaker complain that there were scorpions in the office room?**
Ans: No, There were no scorpions actually. It was just a trick to escape from his father.
- c) where did he want to sleep instead?** Ans: He wanted to sleep in the hall.
- 11)"No, You must learn not to be afraid of darkness. It is only a question of habit. You must cultivate good habits."**
- a)Who was afraid of darkness?** Ans: Swami was afraid of darkness.
- b) Who suggested to cultivate good habits?** Ans: Swami's father suggested Swami to cultivate good habits.
- c)What was the good habit according to the speaker and why did he suggest so?**
Ans: The good habit suggested was to sleep alone .Because swami had the habit of sleeping beside his granny like a baby.
- 12)"But promise you won't roll up your bed and go to your granny's side at night. If you do it, I'll make you the laughing stock of your school."**

a) Who would roll up his bed and go to his granny's side at night? Ans: swami

b) Who wanted to make him the laughing stock of his school? Why?

Ans: Swami's father wanted to make Swami the laughing stock of his school. Because Swami used to sleep beside his granny like a baby.

13) "He hated the newspaper for printing the tiger's story. He wished that the boy, who didn't appear to be a boy after all, but a monster....."

a) Who hated the newspaper? Ans: Swami

b) Why did he wish the tiger had not spared the boy?

Ans: He wanted the tiger had killed the boy who was the main cause for his suffering by sleeping alone in the office room.

14) "Aiyo! Something has bitten me," went forth an agonized, thundering cry and was followed by a heavy tumbling and falling amidst furniture.

a) Who cried "Aiyo! Something has bitten me,"? Ans : The burglar cried.

b) Why did he make an agonized cry? Ans: He made an agonized cry Swami had bitten him.

c) Who tumbled amidst the furniture? Ans: The burglar

d) What was the result of the tumbling? Ans: The burglar fell amidst the furniture with a bleeding ankle.

15) Congratulations were showered on him the next day. His classmates looked upon him with respect, and his teacher patted his back. The headmaster said that he was a true scout.

a) Who was congratulated? Why?

Ans: Swami was congratulated. Because he had bitten the notorious house breaker of the district.

b) What was the act of bravery done by him the previous day?

Ans: He had bitten deep into one of the notorious house breakers of the district and helped the police.

c) Why was he considered as the true scout? Why did his classmates look upon him with respect? Why did his teacher pat his back?

Ans: Because he had bitten deep into one of the notorious house breakers of the district and helped the police.

16) "How can it be father? Suppose I have all the courage what could I do if a tiger should attack me?"

a) Who is the speaker? Ans: Swami

b) Why did the speaker say so? Ans: The speaker means that he believes that strength and age are important.

c) How did the response affect him?

Ans: His father challenged him to sleep alone in the office room to show his courage

17) "I'll make you the laughing stock of your school."

a) Who does 'you' refer to? Ans: swami

b) Who wanted to make him the laughing stock of his school?

Ans: Swami's father wanted to make Swami the laughing stock of his school.

c) Why did he say so? Ans : Because Swami used to sleep beside his granny like a baby.

18) "Why don't you join the police when you are grown up?"

a) Who gave this suggestion? ---The inspector

b) Why did he give this suggestion?-----Swami helped the police by catching a burglar.

c) What did the listener actually want to become in his later life?

An engine driver, a railway guard or a bus conductor.

Prose -2 "There's a girl by the tracks"

1) "it's a regular scene"

A) Which is the regular scene referred here? Ans: The people swarming into the train and getting down hurriedly in populated Metropolis.

B) Where can one find this regular scene? Ans: In populated Metropolis.

c) Do you think is this necessary? If not, why?

Ans: No, It is not necessary. Because if the people rush like that the children, women or aged or handicapped may fall down the tracks.

2)“Having just managed to squeeze herself into a ladies’ compartment,21 year –old call centre executive Roma Talreja tried to settle into a corner near the door in a train”

A) Who was Roma Talreja? Ans: Roma Talreja was a call centre executive.

B) Was she right in doing this? How did her action affect her?

Ans; No, She was not right in her action .She lost her tenuous foothold and panicked. She feel on the tracks bleeding.

3)“There is a girl by the tracks” the voices cried out.

A) Who is the girl mentioned here? Ans: Roma Talreja is the girl referred here.

B) Whose voices were these? Ans: These were the voices of the people in the opposite train.

C) Why did the voices cry out? Ans: The people saw Roma Talreja falling from the train on the tracks.

4)“Impulsively ,Baleshwar went and grabbed the train’s red emergency chain and pulled it down frantically.”

A) Why did Baleshwar grab the train’s emergency chain?

Ans: Because he wanted to stop the train and see why the people cried.

B) Why did he behave impulsively? Ans: Because he had no time to think and act. So he pulled the red emergency chain of the train.

5) “His heart hammering his chest, Baleshwar shoved off the still- moving train. ”

A) Why was his heart hammering his chest? Ans: Because he saw Roma Talreja on the tracks. But nobody came forward to help her.

B) Why did he shove off the train?

Ans: Because he saw if anybody was ready to help her. But nobody came forward .So he volunteered to help her.

6) “Behanji , aap theek hai?” he asked . But there was no response, and no help in sight.

A) Who does Behanji refer to here? Ans: Behanji refers to Roma Talreja

B) Why was there no response? Ans: Because Roma was injured seriously and fell on the tracks unconsciously.

7) “My sister is injured, Please help me take her to a hospital.”But no one stopped.

A) Who does ‘sister’ refer to here? Ans: “sister’ refers to Roma Talreja B) Who requested here so? Ans: Baleshwar Mishra

C) Who does ‘no one’ refers to here? Ans: ‘No one ’refers to the motorists on the road.

D) Why was she taken to a hospital? What happened to her?

Ans: She fell down on the tracks and seriously injured. So Baleshwar took her in his hands and requested the motorists to help him to take her to the hospital.

9) Innumerable motorists drove by, some even slowing down to see the young man struggling to hold the blood-covered woman in his arms.

A) Who was the young man holding the woman? Who was that woman?

Ans: The young man was Baleshwar Mishra and the woman was Roma Talreja.

B) Why didn’t the motorists stop their vehicles? Ans: Because they were afraid of courts or police.

C) Why was the young man struggling to hold the blood-covered woman in his arms?

Ans: She fell down on the tracks and seriously injured. So Baleshwar took her in his hands and requested the motorists to help him to take her to the hospital.

10)“ Take girl to Airoli,” suggested the cop, “there’s a hospital there.”

A) Who is the girl here? Ans: Roma Talreja.

B) Why did Baleshwar disagree to his suggestion?

Ans: Because Airoli was at least 10 kilometers away and he knew a nearer hospital than that. She needed treatment immediately.

11)“What’s your name?” asked Baleshwar, who was with her in the back of the truck.

A) Who asked this question to whom? Ans: Baleshwar Mishra asked this question to Roma Talreja.

B) Do you think it was relevant? Why?

Ans: Yes, He was relevantly asked the question. Because she was seriously injured and lost her consciousness. He wanted to know about her nearest relatives and inform about her condition.

12)“Oh ,I couldn’t thank him,” Baleshwar thought.

A) Who was not thanked? Ans: Baleshwar Mishra could not thank the tempo-truck driver.

B) Why should he thank him?

Ans: Because the tempo-truck driver helped Baleshwar to take Roma Talreja to the hospital when nobody was ready to help him. He did all the necessary help to rescue Roma.

C) Why couldn't he thank him?

Ans: Because the tempo-truck driver slipped from the hospital having done all he could.

13) "I can't imagine what would have happened if Baleshwar hadn't been there," she says, amazed to learn of the manner in which she had been rescued.

A) Who does 'I' and 'she' refer to here? Ans: Roma Talreja

B) Who rescued her? Ans: Baleshwar Mishra

C) What would have happened if Baleshwar Mishra had not been there?

Ans: If Baleshwar Mishra had not been there, she would have bled to death on the tracks alone.

14) "I think it's astonishing that a stranger would jump off a train and risk his life for me. I can never repay Baleshwar."

A) Who is the stranger here? Ans : Baleshwar Mishra

B) What was astonishing for the speaker?

Ans; The stranger Baleshwar Jumped off a moving train and risked his life for Roma Talreja. This was astonishing for Roma.

C) Why couldn't she repay him?

Ans: Because if Baleshwar had not rescued her in time, she would have bled to death on the tracks alone.

15) "I'm new to Mumbai, but I've noticed that people here are afraid. They fear getting trapped in the courts or with the police."

A) Who is the speaker of this statement? Ans: Baleshwar Mishra

B) What did they fear about? Ans: Because they feared about getting involved in courts or with the police.

C) What is the effect of that on the life the people of Mumbai?

Ans: The effect of that on the life the people of Mumbai is that nobody is helping one another at the time of rescuing anybody.

16) "Please help me take her to a hospital."

(a) Who is making this request ? a) Baleshwar Mishra

(b) Why should she be taken to hospital? b) She had fallen off from a moving train.

(c) Who helped him to take her to hospital? Ans. :c) A tempo truck driver.

Prose -3 Gentleman of Rio en Medio -Juan A.A Sedillo

1) "It took months of negotiation to come to an understanding with the old man. He was in no hurry. What he had the most of was time."

A) Who is the old man here? Ans : Don Anselmo

B) Who did the old man negotiated with? ans: The old man negotiated with the Americans.

c) What were the terms of negotiation?

Ans: The old man had agreed to sell his house and land to the Americans for twelve hundred dollars.

d) Why did the negotiation take long time? Ans; Because the old man had a lot time and he was in no hurry.

2) "He lived up in Rio en Medio where his ancestors lived .He tilled the same land they had tilled"

A) Who does "he" and "they" refer to?

Ans:"He" refers to the old man ,Anselmo. "They" refers to His ancestors.

B) What does the statement convey? Ans: The statement conveys that Anselmo was the oldest man in the village, Rio en Medio.

3) "Yes , he would sell ,as he had agreed, for twelve hundred dollars in cash. We would buy, and the money was ready."

A) Who does "he" and "we" refer to? Ans: "He "refers to Don Anselmo and "we" refer to the Americans.

B)What did he sell? Ans: He sold his house and land for twelve hundred dollars.

4) "We have made a discovery."

a) Who had made a discovery? Ans: This was discovered by the surveyor and the engineer.

b) What did they discover?

Ans: The old man Don Anselmo more than eight acres of the land which was almost twice as he thought.

c) How did other react to it?

Ans:- He refused to take more money for the extra land.

5)“They are good people and they are willing to pay you for the additional land as well. You will get almost twice as much”

A) Who are the good people referred here? Who calls them good people?

Ans: The Americans are referred to as good people. The author Juan A.A. Sedillo calls them so.

B) Why are they offering twice the amount?

Ans: The Americans found that Anselmo owned more than eight acres of land almost double of what was mentioned in the deed. They were honest and so they offered twice the amount to Anselmo.

6)“I know these Americans are good people, and that is why I have agreed to sell to them, but I do not care to be insulted. I have agreed to sell my house and land for twelve hundred dollars and that is the price.”

A) Who is the speaker? and why does he call them good people?

Ans: Don Anselmo is the speaker and he calls the Americans good people as he was a gentle man.

B) What did he sell them and how much did he offer?

Ans: The old man Anselmo sold them his house and land for twelve hundred dollars.

C) Why did he feel insulted? Who insulted him?

Ans: The author and the Americans offered twice the amount as in the deed .But Anselmo was an honest and a gentleman. He did not want more than the deed amount. So he felt insulted.

7)“I argued with him but it was useless. Finally he signed the deed and took the money but refused to take more than the amount agreed upon.”

A) Who argued with whom? Ans: the author argued with the old man Don Anselmo.

B) What was argued with him? Ans: He argued with him to take the extra amount for the extra land possessed by Anselmo.

C) Why did he refuse to take the extra amount?

Ans: Anselmo was an honest and a gentle man of Rio en Medio. He was a man of principles.

8)“One day they came back to the office to complain. The children of the village were overrunning their property”

A) Who complained to the office? What was their complaint?

Ans: The Americans complained to the office. Their complaint was that the Children of Rio en Medio were over running their property.

B) What is the property referred here? Ans: The property refers to the land purchased by the Americans.

9)“They are good people and want to be your good neighbours always.”

A) Who spoke these words? Who are called good people here? Ans: The author called the Americans good people.

B) Who is he speaking to? Why does he speak so?

Ans: He is speaking to Anselmo. Because he wants Anselmo to avoid the children of Rio en Medio overrunning into their orchard.

C) Who are the neighbours referred here? Ans: The Americans

10)“When you sold them you signed a document, a deed and in that deed you agreed to several things.

One such thing was that they were to have the complete possession of the property.”

A) Who sold the property? To whom? Ans: Don Anselmo sold his property to the Americans.

B) Why could not they have the complete possession of the property?

Ans: Because the children of Rio en Medio were overrunning into their orchard.

11)“We have all learned to love these Americans,” he said “because they are good people and good neighbours. I sold them my property because I know they were good people, but I did not sell them the trees in the orchard’

A) Who is the speaker calling the Americans good people? Ans; Don Anselmo is calling the Americans good people.

B)What was the property sold by the speaker? Ans: The speaker sold his house and land to the Americans.

C)Why does he say that he did not sell the trees?

Ans: Anselmo planted the tree s for every child of Rio en Medio. According to him the children of Rio en Medio were the real owners of the trees .So he says he did not sell the trees.

12)“This was bad ,Don Anselmo,” I pleaded ”When one signs a deed and sells real property one sells also everything that grows on the land, and those trees,”

A) Who said this? To whom? Ans: The author said this to Don Anselmo.

B) Why did he say so? Ans: Because He said that he did not sell the trees on the orchard. This was bad according to law.

13)“I have planted a tree for that child. The trees in that orchard are not mine; they belong to the children of the village.”

a) Who planted trees? Or Who is the speaker here? Ans:- Don Anselmo

b) According to the speaker, who else do the trees belong to?

Ans: To the children of Rio en Medio.

B) Why does he fee that the trees don't belong to him?

Ans: Because whenever a child was born in Reo en Medio, he had planted a tree in the name of that child.

14) There was nothing we could do. Legally we owned the trees but the old man had been so generous, refusing what amounted to a fortune for him.

a) Who were the legal owners of the trees according to the deed?

Ans: The Americans were the legal owners of the trees.

b) Who refused to take the money? Why?

Ans: Anselmo refused to take the money.

c) Why did the speaker refuse to take money? Ans He was a man of principle.

He was an honest and a gentle man of the village .He was a man of principles.

Prose- 4

Dr. B.R. Ambedkar

1. “Who could have dreamt that one born to a Mahar family would one day become not only a law Minister but a Law-Maker.....?”

a) Who is referred to as “Law Minister’ here?

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar.

b) Who chose him to be the ‘Law Minister’?

Jawaharlal Nehru.

c) Why is he recognized as the Law -maker?

Dr. Ambedkar had played a vital role in drafting the constitution as the Chairman of the drafting Committee. Skillful in the field of law and legislation.

2. 'They brought about a veritable revolution in social thought.'

a) who are 'they'?

Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. B.R Ambedkar.

b) What 'revolution' is referred to here?

To repudiate caste and to proclaim the oneness of the Hindu community.

c) How did they bring about the revolution?

Gandhiji stressed the duties. Babasaheb Ambedkar stressed the rights together. They brought about a veritable revolution in social thought.

Unit -5 The Concert

1)“We mustn't miss the chance, “he said. I've-I've -always wanted to hear him and see him.”

A)Who said this? Ans; Anant said this

B) who does ‘we ‘refer to? Ans: ‘We ‘refer to Anant and his family.

C) What is the chance here referred? Ans: The chance here refers to the last wish of Anant to see and hear Pandit Ravi Shankar.

2)“They laughed and smiled and talked and surrounded Anant with whatever made him happy. They fulfilled his every need and gave whatever he asked for”

A) Who does ‘they ‘refer to? Ans: ‘They ‘refers to Smita and her parents.

B)Why did they tried to fulfill his every need and keep him happy?

Ans: Because Anant was suffering from cancer. The doctors had no hope of his recovery. So they tried to fulfill his every need and keep him happy.

3) “When you are better, “his mother said” This is not the last time they are going to play”

A) Who is the speaker ?Who is spoken to? Ans: Anant's mother is speaking to Anant.

B) Who does they referred here? Ans; They refers to Pandit Ravi Shankar and Ustad Allah Rakha

C) Why did the speaker say so?

Ans: Because Anant was a fan of Ravi Shankar. But he could not attend his concert as he was suffering from cancer.

4) Smita stood at the window looking at the traffic, her eyes filled with tears. Her mother whispered, "But you Smita ,you must go. Your father will take you."

A) Why was Smita's eyes filled with tears?

Ans: Because her brother Anant and she wanted to attend the concert of Ravi Shankar. But her brother **was** ill. So she her eyes were filled with tears.

B) Why was she going with her father? Ans: Because her brother Anant was suffering from cancer. So she was going with her father.

5) When she was alone with Aunt Sushila, Smita cried out in a choked voice,' No, how can I? We've always done things together, Anant and I.'

A)Why was her voice choked?

Ans: Because her brother Anant was suffering from cancer. So she was going with her father. But they always did anything together.

B) What had happened to Anant? Ans: He was suffering from cancer.

6)'A walk in the park might make you feel better, 'said Aunt Sushila and Smita was grateful for her suggestion.

A) Why was the suggestion given to Smita? Ans: Because Smita was in the sad mood.

B) Was the suggestion relevant at the moment?

Ans: The suggestion was relevant to make her feel better. She was thinking about the illness o her brother Anant.

7) Suddenly a daring thought came to her and as she hurried home she said to herself, 'Why not? There is no harm in trying it.'

A) Who thought daringly? Ans: Smita thought daringly.

B) What was that thought?

Ans: Her thought was to meet Ravi Shankar after the concert and to say about the sad condition of her brother. She wanted to convince them for home concert.

8) 'They had come with high hopes. 'They did not voice their fears'

A)What were the 'high hopes'? Ans: The hopes of recovery of Anant from cancer.

B)Do you think their hopes would be filled? Support your answer

Ans: No, there hopes would not be fulfilled. because Anant was suffering from cancer .The doctors had shaken their heads seriously.

C)Doctors said something to the parents. were those words of hope or words of despair?

Ans : Those were the words of despair which the parents could not understand.

d) Who does 'they 'refer to ? Ans: 'They' refers to Anant's parents.

9) 'What shall we do ,Ustad Sahib?'

A) Who asked this question? Who does Sahib refer to? Ans: Pandit Ravi Shankar Asked this Question .Sahib here is Ustad Allah Rakha

B)What was the response? Ans; Allah Rakha responded positively. The concert at house was planned for the boy the next day.

10) 'Tomorrow morning we perform for the boy-Yes? 'he said 'yes 'Panditji replied. 'It's settled then'

A) Who would perform for the boy? Why?

Ans: : Pandit Ravi Shankar and Ustad Allah Rakha would perform for the boy. Because they understood the boy's pathetic **condition**.

B) Where was the concert arranged? Ans: The concert was arranged at the apartment.

11. "You must not bother him with such requests ?"

(a) Who is the speaker ?--- a) The mustachioed man.

(b) What was the request ? b) Requested Pandit Ravishankar to come home and play Sitar for Anant.

(c) How was the request fulfilled ? c) Pandit Ravishankar and Ustad Allah Rakha agreed to go to Smita's home and play music for Anant.

9. "I am your captain. Your duty is to obey me as mine is to obey the Royal Sovereigns of Spain who sent me."

(a) Who does 'I' refer to? -Columbus

(b) Who had to obey him? -The Sailors

(c) Why were they disobedient to him? To discover the new world.

1. "They ought to stop that. The captain is always furious when he hears it."

A. Who should stop that? Ans: The sailors should stop that. Juan said this to Diego.

B. What does 'it' refer to? Why is the captain furious to hear that?

Ans: 'it' refers to the seamen's song. The captain Columbus is furious to hear that because he did not like the attitude of sailors.

2. "Shan't we even sing to keep our spirits? Sh!"

A. Who said this? Ans: Diego said this to Juan.

B. Why did he say this? Who is he speaking? Ans: Diego said this to Juan when he said the sailors should stop the song.

He supports the sailors that they should sing to keep their spirits.

3. "It's dark. I would welcome the moon....."

A. Who is the speaker? Ans: Pedro is speaking to Diego and Juan.

B. What does he mean? what was the response? Ans: He means that he wants to enjoy the moon light on the sea. But Diego responded him saying that some of us welcome the coast of Spain.

4. "Aye, aye, Don Pedro. Some of us would welcome the coast of Spain still more."

A. Who is speaking to whom? Ans: Diego is speaking to Pedro.

B. When does he speak like this? What does he mean? Ans: When Pedro says he would welcome the moon Diego says this.

he means that they were tired of voyage and feel home sick.

5. "There are limits to patience, sir"

1. Who lost his patience? Ans: Diego lost his patience.

2. Who is he speaking to? Why did speak so?

Ans: Diego is speaking to Pedro. He lost his patience and wanted to go back to Spain.

6. "We're like bats trying to fly by day. It's time he gave way. Why should one man have the lives of fifty in his hands?"

A. Who is compared to bats? Ans: The seamen are compared to bats flying in the morning.

B. What does the speaker mean? Ans: the speaker means that the seamen are forced against their incapacity.

C. Who had the lives of fifty in his hands? Ans: Columbus had the lives of fifty in his hands?

7. "I hope we are not entertaining mutinous thoughts, Diego."

A. Who did not entertain mutinous thoughts? Ans: Pedro did not entertain mutinous thoughts.

B. Who said this? Why did he say so? Ans: Pedro said this to Diego. Because he had lost his patience.

8 "That candle on the foremast is guttering; see that is put right.

This is the quarter deck. A good sailor knows his place."

A. Who said this to whom? Ans: Columbus said this to Diego

B. Why does he say so? What is his mood? Ans: He says this to give indirect command to Diego. He is authoritative.

9 "They are simple men and must have their relaxation. We have not all your visions, Captain.'

A. Who does 'they' refer to? What were they doing for relaxation?

Ans: 'They' refers to the seamen. They were singing for relaxation.

B. Who is the captain? What were his visions? Ans: Columbus is the captain. His vision was to discover the New World America.

10 "A curb for my tongue-oh a curb for my unbridled tongue, my worst enemy!

My will, friend, because God's will, shall that suffice"

A. Who said this to whom? Why? Ans: Columbus said this to Pedro. Because Columbus confessed his quick temper as enemy and his will Power as friend.

B. Why did he call his will as friend and tongue as enemy?

Ans: Because his will is the will of God where as his tongue speaks words of discomfort to seamen.

11" I do not claim your confidence, sir."

A. Who do 'I' refer to? Who is the 'sir' here? Ans: 'I' refer to Pedro. Columbus is the 'sir' here

B. What was his confident in? Ans: He was his confident in his discovery.

12."Mystery? Would God implant the desire to solve mysteries and not provide the solution?"

A. Who spoke these words? Ans: Columbus spoke these words.

B. What does he mean by this statement?

Ans: He praises God as an implanter of desires among human beings and trickery not to provide solutions to achieve those desires.

13" I prefer your company to theirs."

A. Whose company does the speaker prefer to? Ans: The speaker prefers the company of Columbus.

B. Whose company does not he like? Why? Ans: He does not like the company of the seamen. Because he does not like their desperate and horrible behavior.

14" You are young enough to have faith. Thank you, boy."

A. Who is the young boy here? Ans: Pepe is the young boy here.

B. Why does the speaker thank him? Ans: Columbus, The speaker thanks him for being faithful to him.

15" They are horrible when they drink too much. They say it makes them forget."

A. Who gave this warning to whom? Ans: Pepe gave this warning to Columbus.

B. Why did he warn him? Who are 'they' referred here?

Ans: He warned him because 'they' were horrible when drunken. The seamen are referred here.

16. "The deepening of their discontent is ominous."

A. Who said this? Whose discontent was deepening? Ans: Columbus said this to Pedro. Discontent was deepening among the sailors.

B. Why was the discontent deepening among them?

Ans: The discontent was deepening among them because they were home sick and lost their patience.

17. "The Santa Maria will be the lighter for his carcass."

A. Who said this? Who reported it to Columbus? Ans: Francisco said this .Pepe reported it to Columbus.

B: What is the Santa Maria ? Ans: The Santa Maria is the ship that Columbus was on to discover the New World.

C. Why did he say so ? Ans: Because he was discontented with the voyage. He was home sick.

18" Discipline is a thing of the past, sir. It's you or us."

A. Who is the speaker? Who is he speaking to? Ans: Francisco is the speaker. He is speaking to Columbus.

B. Why is he speaking so? Ans: He is speaking so because he was discontented with the voyage. He was home sick.

19." Stop! What is the meaning of this wild uproar? The first man to move shall spend the rest of the night in irons!"

A. Who is speaker? Who is he speaking to? Ans: Columbus is speaking to the sailors.

B: Who was making the uproar? Why?

Ans: The seamen were making the up roar. Because they were discontented with the voyage. They were home sick.

20." And who's to put him in irons? We are thirty to one."

A. Who asked this question? Ans: Guillermo asked this question.

B. Why would he put him in irons? Ans: Because they were against Columbus. They were rebellious on Columbus.

21" We're men with the common feelings of men. We want our homes and our families."

A. Who said this? What were his feelings? Ans: Guillermo said this to Columbus. He was against Columbus. He was rebellious on Columbus

B. Who is he speaking to? Ans; He is speaking to Columbus.

22." If nobody else is available for the office. I will perform it myself"

A. Who do 'I' refer to? Ans: 'I' refers to Columbus.

B.What did he want to perform? Why? Ans: He wanted to perform jailing of the sailor who would move against him.

23."Someday, if your tongue does not run away with your discretion, you will achieve prosperity in your calling"

A. Who gave this suggestion? Why? Ans: Columbus gave this suggestion. Because Guillermo talked rudely to Columbus.

B.Whose tongue had not run with discretion? Ans: Guillermo's tongue had not run with discretion

24."What! Does that child stand between me and death?"

A.Who said this? Who was the child standing between the speaker and death?

Ans: Columbus said this. Pepe was the child standing between the speaker and death.

B.When did the speaker say so?

Ans: When the sailors came roaring against Columbus in a rebel. Pepe came to rescue Columbus from their assault.

25."Desperate men do not always act up to the best that is in them, sir. "

A. Who is the speaker speaking to? Ans: Francisco is the speaker speaking to Columbus.

B. What is the mood of the speaker? Ans: He is confessing his weakness to Columbus.

26."Your best cannot be bettered."

A. Whose best cannot be bettered? Why did the speaker say so? Ans: Francisco's best cannot be bettered. Because he lost his self confidence.

B. What is the meaning of the statement? Ans; This means that when one reaches the level of being best, he can never improve.

Poem-6

Ballad of the Tempest

1. "Isn't God upon the ocean
Just the same as on the land?"
 - A) Who is the speaker here? Ans: The captain's little daughter
 - B) When was this said?
When the captain lost his confidence as the ship was caught in a storm.
 - C) What was the result of these words?
The sailors regained faith and confidence and reached the shore safely.
2. "Then we kissed the little maiden
And we spoke in better cheer?"
 - a) Who is the speaker of these lines? Ans: The sailors
 - b) Who was the little maiden? Ans: Captain's daughter
 - c) Why did they kiss her?
The little girl brought back hope to the sailors by saying that the God would protect them.
3. "T is a fearful thing in winter
To be shattered by the blast."
 - a) What is to as a 'fearful thing'?
Ans: To be caught in a fierce storm at sea in winter.
 - b) How did it affect the sailors?
Ans: the sailors crowded together in a cabin in fear.
 - c) What did they do to free from fear?
They lay awake saying a silent prayer in the dark.
4. "We are lost!" the captain shouted.
 - a) Why did the captain say this?
Ans:- the storm was very fierce and the captain feared that the ship would be torn apart any moment.
 - b) How did his daughter react to the situation?
Ans: captain's daughter held her father's hand and told that God would protect them on ocean like land.

c) From which poem the above line is taken?

Ans: The Ballad of Tempest.

5. 'We were crowded in the cabin, Not a soul would dare to sleep'

a. Who does the word 'we' refer to here? -----Sailors

b. Not a soul would dare to sleep-why was it so? ----They were struck by a storm

c. What does the word 'cabin' mean? ---A private room in a ship or boat.

Editing

1. The following paragraph has two errors. Edit the paragraph and rewrite it in the answer-book. Clues are given.

These americans are good people and they are willing to pay at the same rate per acre. The money are for you.

Clues: a) Capital letter to be used.

b) Verbal mistake to be corrected.

Ans: These **A**mericans are good people and they are willing to pay at the same rate per acre. The money **is** for you.

2. The following paragraph has two errors. Edit the paragraph and rewrite the paragraph. Clues given.

One day he asked his courtiers weather there is any other child which is as beautiful as his grandson.

a) Spelling to be corrected

b) conjunction to be corrected

Ans:- One day he asked his courtiers **whether** there is any other child **who** is as beautiful as his grandson.

3. The following paragraph has two errors. Edit the paragraph and rewrite the paragraph. Clues given.

He thought of a plan to got money. He went to the see again and had a dip.

Ans: He thought of a plan to **get** money. He went to the **sea** again and had a dip.

4. The following paragraph has two errors. Edit the paragraph and rewrite the paragraph. Clues given.

There had been a accident when he went hiking with his father and brother Inder. They was crossing a bridge who was old.

a) Correct article to be used.

b) Verbal mistake to be corrected.

Ans:- There had been **an** accident when he went hiking with his father and brother Inder. They **were** crossing a bridge which was old.

5. The following paragraph has two errors. Edit the paragraph and rewrite it in the answer-book. Clues are given.

Swami rose silent and tiptoed to his bed in the passage ; Granny was sitting up in her bed, and remarked, "Boy are you already feeling sleepy ? Don't you want to hear a story?"

Clues :

(a) Adverbial mistake to be corrected. (b) Spelling mistake to be corrected.

Ans: Swami rose **silently** and tiptoed to his bed in the passage ; Granny was sitting up in her bed, and remarked, "Boy are you already feeling sleepy ? Don't you want to **hear** a story?"

6. The following paragraph has two errors. Edit the paragraph and rewrite it in the answer-book. Clues are given.

Whales are normally gentle. Many whales exhibit strong family ties. The young ones remain with their parents for up to fifteen years or more. How wonderful it is.

a) Spelling mistake to be corrected

b) use correct punctuation mark.

a) Spelling ----'exhibit' b) punctuation! [Exclamatory marks]

SUPPLEMENTARY READING

1. NARAYANPUR INCIDENT

I. Answer the following in about 4-6 sentences each

1. Why were the students marching in the street? Why was it termed uncommon?

Ans.: The students were marching to give a notice to the collector, for the British to quit India. It was uncommon because they walked silently without shouting slogans or behaving in a violent manner. Even though there were policemen, they marched as if the policemen didn't exist.

2. Can you guess what the police officer had been talking to the student leaders?

Ans. : The students met the D.S.P. and one of them handed him a piece of paper. The Police Officer didn't even glance at it. This shows that he might have advised them to go back. He might have told them to stop their agitation.

3. Babu and Manju were a bit disappointed with the way students were marching. What was the reason?

Ans.: The students marched back to their homes silently and Manju and Babu thought that The students were scared of the police. According to them, the students should have protested. Hence, they were disappointed.

4. What had the police expected about the way of protest? How did the student leaders manage the protest?

Ans.: The police expected the students to shout slogans and cause violence. This would make the police to arrest them, beat them up and imprison them. But the students leaders did not want to be arrested then, as they had a lot more to do. Therefore, they marched back silently.

5. What was there in the 'mysterious parcel'? What suspicion did the police have about that?

Ans.: The 'mysterious parcel' contained a 'cyclostyle machine'. The police suspected that Mohan and his family were making copies of Mahatma's speech. They also suspected that some people were hiding these.

6. Why had Patil, the sub - inspector come to Mohan's house? Who believed him? What was the result?

Ans.: Patil the sub-inspector came to Mohan's house to give a warning about the raid of his wife. As he was a close friend of Mohan's father, he asked Mohan to give him the cyclostyle machine and all proof pertaining to the agitation against the British. Mohan's mother believed him and allowed him to take away all these things.

7. How do you know that Mohan's mother was supportive of their struggle?

Ans.: When Suman and their friend brought the cyclostyle machine, she asked them to keep it in the puja room. When the sub Inspector came in initially, she acted as if everything was normal and nothing revolutionary took place at their home.

8. What do you think is the writer of the incident trying to impress upon the readers?

Ans.: People wanted to fight against the British and get freedom. Some Indians were working for the British but they were waiting for them to quit India. These people helped the freedom fighters secretly. The sub-Inspector Patil also indirectly helped Mohan's family.

2. ON TOP OF THE WORLD

I. Answer the following in two or three sentences only

1. What makes you think that Dicky Dolma's life as a girl was sorrowful?

Ans.: Dicky Dolma lost her mother when she was 11. She lost her elder brother too. Dolma's father was bedridden. Dolma's father was bedridden. She was not financially sound and she needed a lot of money for her father's treatment, so the family had very little to offer her.

2. What factors encouraged Dolma to take up basic mountaineering course?

Ans.: Dolma came to know that a mountaineering institute was set up at Manali and it would give training to those who were interested in climbing mountains. Her friends and her family members also encouraged her to join this course.

3. Dolma says, “It is not a difficult decision for me to take up the challenge of the lofty mountains” Why does she say so?

Ans.: From her childhood, Dolma had been fascinated by the grandeur of the snow clad peaks of the Himalayas. Her home, in Palchan was surrounded by beautiful mountain peaks.

4. How has Dolma described her preparedness for the task of scaling Mount Everest?

Ans.: Dolma got training in the mountaineering institute at Manali. Her determination and hard work helped her to secure ‘A’ grades. She believed that success always follow dedication, determination and hard work. She used to practice four hours every day before the task of scaling Mount Everest

5. What was the biggest headache that Dolma had to face besides her physical and mental problem?

Ans.: Dolma’s father was bedridden. She was not financially sound and she needed a lot of money for her father’s treatment, so the family had very little to offer her.

6. What does Dolma say about mountaineering after she returns from Mount Everest?

Ans.: “Mountaineering” is a tough sport. This thought never comes to me. It is my zeal for the work. Seeing peaks is a second nature to me. I have never been scared when it comes to hard work”, says Dolma.

7. What does Dolma say about the view from the top of Mount Everest?

Ans.: Dolma said that an Everest can feel and understand but cannot be described in words. It was much breath taking that she could ever be imagined. The awards that she had bestowed stand very low before the view from the above.

8. What can we learn from Dolma’s life?

Ans.: Whenever hurdles come, we must face them boldly. Dolma’s determination and hard work, Zeal for the work is emulating.

When did Dicky Dolma climb Mt. Everest ? How does she describe this achievement?

3. A GREAT MARTYR EVER CHERISHED

I. Answer the following questions in 2 or 3 sentences each

1. The writer speaks of the ‘smile’ that welcomes anyone who enters Hanif’s house. What more do we know about this ‘smile’?

Ans.: Hanifudding was a soldier. He participated in the Kargil war in 1999 and sacrificed his life for the sake of the country. He was then 25 years old.

2. What did Hanif chose as his mission? Why did he do so?

Ans.: Hanif knew that life for him was short; he wanted to serve the nation. Therefore he joined Indian Army as a soldier. He believed that a person working for the nation could change lives.

3. Life for Hanif in the beginning was never a smooth sail. Why was it so? Or Hanifuddin had to battle with hardships right from his early age. Give a few examples to illustrate this

Ans.: Hanif lost his father when he was just eight years old. His mother a vocal artiste, was out very often with the performance wing. Therefore he became very responsible at a tender age.

4. The absence of mother from home taught the children something. What was that?

Ans.: Hanif’s mother a vocal artiste, would often had to leave the children alone as she travelled with the performance wing. The kids became very responsible getting up and getting ready for school without her having told them and learnt that one’s duty is the most important thing in life.

5. Share your thoughts and impression of Hanif with your classmates.

Ans.: Hanif even though he lived only for 25 years, continues to live forever in our hearts. In his short life span he became a hero by sacrificing himself in the Kargil war. Because of the hardships from a tender age, he learnt that one’s duty is the most important thing in life. He often went out of his way to help people and this gave him happiness. He was a young man of varied talents and interest. Life for Hanif was always ‘ekdam bindas’

6. How does the writer describe the ‘introvert’ Hanif?

Ans.: Hanif began to make friends at his fourteenth year of age. He often went out of his way to help people. By doing so, he derived joy.

7. Hanif was a young man with varied talents and interest. Illustrate this statement drawing support from the text. Or Hanif was talented with varied talents and interests.

How ?

Ans.: Haniff dabbled in art, sketched very well. He made beautiful cards out of waste material. He read books and loved playing drums.

8. What were the dreams of Hanif? Do you think they were fulfilled?

Ans.: Haniff had dreamt that he would rise up the ranks. This dream could not be fulfilled because he was killed in the Kargil war. His another dream was that a post be named after him. Those dreams came true when the sub-sector was named after him.

The Bird of Happiness

Answer the following in two or three sentences(2 marks)

1. What did the old folk say about happiness?

Ans The old folk used to say that happiness was a beautiful bird living on a snowy mountain far away in the east. Wherever the bird flew, happiness went with it. Every year people went to look for the bird, but no one returned. The bird of happiness was guarded by three old monsters, who killed the men by blowing through their long beards.

2.How was the last journey of Wangjia different from the previous one?

Ans: Wangjia's last journey was very difficult as he was blind and had to grope his way with his hands on the ground. He crawled another 900 miles. But finally he climbed the snowy mountain and heard the voice of the Bird of Happiness.

3. What hardships did Wangjia undergo on his way to find the Bird?

Ans: Wangjia walked nine hundred miles across the scree. His feet and hands were torn into pieces. He walked without food for another nine hundred miles. He was nothing but skin and bone. He crawled without eye sight for another nine hundred miles. It was his toughest journey.

4. What changes came over Wangjia as the bird of happiness caressed him?

Ans: The Bird of Happiness caressed Wangjia gently with his wings and sang for him. His eye balls flew back to their sockets, and now he saw much more brightly than before. All his wounds were healed and he was stronger than ever .The Bird of Happiness offered him some dried meat and cream cake, and bore him back to his village.

5.What were the changes came over Wangjia as the Bird of Happiness caressed him and granted his wishes?

Ans: The Bird gave three loud cries. At the first cry, the golden sun broke through the clouds and a warm breeze came down from the sky. At the second cry, stretch upon stretch of the forest appeared all over the mountains, mountain peach and other mountain flowers bloomed together and thrushes and larks led a chorus of birdsong. At the third cry, green rivers and fields came into view and little white rabbits danced merrily on the grass.

SOUTH DDPI OFFICE BANGALORE -2018-19

10 Standard English II Language Practice Question Paper-1

Time. 2.30Hrs

Marks.80

SECTION-A

PART-A Prose, Poetry and Supplementary Reading and Vocabulary)

- I. Four alternatives are given for each incomplete statement / question. Choose the correct answer and write it's 'Alphabet along with the answer'. 3x1=3

1. Ambedkar spent most of his life by

- A) purchasing books B) attending conferences
C) reading books D) importing books

Ans: C) reading books

2. According to Keilis-Borok The indispensable guardian and care taker of humanity is

- A) nuclear energy B) bio technology C) science D) industrial growth

Ans: C) science

3. Smita wriggled through the crowd. Because she wanted to

- A) meet and see Pandit Ravi Shankar B) Meet the music band
C) congratulate Ravi Shankar D) Invite Ravi Shankar home

Ans: D) Invite Ravi Shankar home

- II. Answer the following questions in 2-3 sentences each: 4x2=8

4. Why did father want Swami to sleep alone in the office room?

Father wanted Swami to sleep alone in the office room because to show his courage. He also wanted Swami to leave sleeping beside his granny like a baby and develop good habit.

5. Why do you think Swami looked at his granny and his mother while following his father to the office room?

Swami looked at his granny and his mother while following his father to the office room because he thought they would stop his father taking him to the office room and support him. He did not like to sleep on the office room alone.

6. How do you say the fourteenth amendment to the US Constitution and Mahatma Phule influence on Ambedkar?

While in U.S.A. Ambedkar was drawn to the fourteenth amendment of the constitution of the U.S.A. which gave freedom to the Black Americans. He saw at once the parallel of the situation for the depressed classes in India. On returning India he was greatly influenced by the life and work of Mahatma Phule, the votary of a classless society and women's upliftment.

7. What was the important decision taken by the politicians before the Geneva Summit? How does it help for the survival of humanity?

Ans: The important decision taken by the politicians before the Geneva Summit was the Ban on nuclear weapon test. This would a hope for the survival of humanity as there will be no competition for developing nuclear weapons.

- III. Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow: 3x3=9

8. "My sister is injured, Please help me take her to a hospital." But no one stopped.

A) Who does 'sister' refer to here?

Ans: "sister' refers to Roma Talreja

B) Who requested here so?

Ans: Baleshwar Mishra

C) Why was she taken to a hospital? What happened to her?

Ans: She fell down on the tracks and seriously injured.

9. "They are good people and want to be your good neighbours always."

A) Who are called good people here?

Ans: The author called the Americans good people.

B) Who is he speaking to?

Ans: He is speaking to Anselmo.

C) Why does he speak so?

He wanted Anselmo to avoid the children of Rio en Medio overrunning into their orchard.

10. Tomorrow morning we perform for the boy-Yes?

A) Who would perform for the boy? Why?

Ans: : Pandit Ravi Shankar and Ustad Allah Rakha would perform for the boy.

B) Where was the concert arranged?

Ans: The concert was arranged at the apartment.

C) Why were they arranged the concert?

Because they understood the boy's pathetic condition.

IV. Answer the following questions in 8 - 10 sentences each: 1x4=4

11. "Columbus had the will power and had the strength to face obstacles" Justify your answer.

Ans.: Columbus and his crew left Spain to discover the new world. He and his men sailed for a long time but did not come across the trace of any land. The sailors were fed up. They wanted to go back to their places. They asked Columbus to turn the ship back to their country. When Columbus asked them to wait for a few days, the crew became angry. The sailors thought of revolting and even murdering Columbus. One of the sailors rushed towards Columbus to murder him. Pepe another sailor intervened him and saved the life of Columbus. Columbus had a lot of patience and encouraged his sailors not to become desperate. After a few days Columbus saw a light faintly flickering up and down. The land he discovered was West Indies. The crew jumped with joy.

OR

"Physical disability is no barrier to success to Satish". Justify.

Ans.: Satish Gujral is accomplished in several art forms like painting, sculpture, architecture and writing. Exhibitions of his works were held in prestigious museums like Museum of modern Art, New York, the Hiroshima collection. Washington and the National Gallery of Modern Art, New Delhi. He has published four books of his works in the various arts. He was awarded the order of the crown for the best architectural design of the 20th century for his design of the Belgian Embassy in New Delhi. He has also been honoured with the Padma Vibushan.

POETRY

V. Choose the most appropriate option and write the complete answer with its letter of alphabet: 1

12. In the poem "I Am The Land" the line 'car lot eyes' refer to

A) ploughing of the earth

B) light reflected by the earth

C) Moon light reflected by the earth

D) Perception as if the earth were staring with the lights of the car parked on it

VI. Answer the following questions in 2-3 sentences each: 2x2=4

13. What do the night, the sun god and the clear dawn represent in the poem song of

India?

Here the night represents all sorrow. The sun god represents the hand that saves and clear dawn represents the bright future and calmness and the good things.

14. What does the astronaut deprive off in the space?

Ans: There will be no calendars or clock. There will be no bond of friendship or relation. They are just confined to the capsule door of the space sealed.

VII. Read the following extract and answer the questions that follow: 1x3=3

15. "Isn't God upon the ocean

Just the same as on the land?"

D) Who is the speaker here?

The captain's little daughter

E) When was this said?

When the captain lost his confidence as the ship was caught in a storm.

F) What was the result of these words?

The sailors regained faith and confidence and reached the shore safely.

VIII. 16. Quote from memory: 4

The quality of mercy

The quality of mercy is not stain'd
It droppeth as the gentle rain from heaven
Upon the place beneath. It is twice blest:
It blesseth him that gives, and him that takes.
'Tis mightiest in the mightiest; it becomes

The throned monarch better than his crown.
His sceptre shows the force of temporal power,
The attribute to awe and majesty,
Wherein doth sit the dread and fear of kings;
But mercy is above this sceptred sway;

It is enthroned in the heart of kings;
It is an attribute to God himself;
And earthly power doth then show likest God's
When mercy seasons justice.

The Blind Boy

O say what is that thing call'd light,
Which I must ne'er enjoy.
What are the blessings of the sight,
O tell your poor blind boy

You talk of wondrous things you see,
You say the sun shines bright;
I feel him warm, but how can he
Or make it day or night?

My day or night myself I make,
When 'ver I sleep of play;
And could I ever keep awake
With me 'twere always day.
With heavy sighs I often hear
You mourn my hapless woe;
But sure with patience I can bear
A loss I ne'er can know

Then let not what I cannot have
My cheer of mind destroy
Whilst thus I sing, I am a king,
Although a poor blind boy.

IX. Answer the following questions in 8-10 sentences each: 4

17. Summarize the poem Grandma climbs a tree.

The poet Ruskin Bond calls his grandmother as 'Genius' because she could climb a tree, even at the age of sixty two. She was passionate to climb a tree and learnt it from her loving brother at the age of six. Everybody feared that granny would fall from a tree in a day.

OR Write the substance of the poem 'Jazz Poem Two'.

Ans: The Jazz player is like an Ancient Mariner. He has a wrinkled face, closed eyes with full of wearies. His collar frayed, faded blue old shirt turned dark sweat. Old necktie undone drops, old jacket holding his sagging stomach. He had a rundown shoes having paper in them. His unshaven face shows

One day she climbed a tree but could not come down. After the rescue, doctor recommended rest for a week. But for granny it was a brief season in hell. She demanded a house to be built in a tree. The poet's father, who was dutiful, fulfilled his mother's wish, so that granny moved up and enjoyed as her wish.

pain. Across his chest lies an old alto saxophone. He feels, he has a message for the people of the world.

SUPPLEMENTARY READING

X. Answer the following questions in 3-4 sentences each: 2x2=4

18. Why were the students marching in the street? Why was it termed uncommon?

Ans.: The students were marching to give a notice to the collector, for the British to quit India. It was uncommon because they walked silently without shouting slogans or behaving in a violent manner. Even though there were policemen, they marched as if the policemen didn't exist.

OR

What makes you think that Dicky Dolma's life as a girl was sorrowful?

Ans.: Dicky Dolma lost her mother when she was 11. She lost her elder brother too. Dolma's father was bedridden. Dolma's father was bedridden. She was not financially sound and she needed a lot of money for her father's treatment, so the family had very little to offer her.

19. Life for Hanif in the beginning was never a smooth sail. Why was it so? Or Hanifuddin had to battle with hardships right from his early age. Give a few examples to illustrate this

Ans.: Hanif lost his father when he was just eight years old. His mother a vocal artiste, was out very often with the performance wing. Therefore he became very responsible at a tender age.

OR

What hardships did Wangjia undergo on his way to find the Bird?

Ans: Wangjia walked nine hundred miles across the scree. His feet and hands were torn into pieces. He walked without food for another nine hundred miles. He was nothing but skin and bone. He crawled without eye sight for another nine hundred miles. It was his toughest journey.

VOCABULARY

XI. 20. Combine the word in column 'A' with its collocative word in column 'B'. 1

Good ----- (race, runs, looking, bad)

Ans: good-looking

21. Fill in the blanks with correct form of the word given in brackets: 1

The teacher admired the ----- (honest) of the students.

Ans: honesty

22. Which one of these words has two syllables? Write it separately: 1

went, ball, dew, moral

Ans: moral

23. Give one word for 'A stitch that is used to sew a wound together.' 1

Ans:- suture.

SECTION- B READING

XII. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow: 4x1=4
 Once there was a rich man living in a small village. He was a businessman. He earned money with much risk. He went on horseback and did his business. He was returning home, when a heavy rain overtook him in the forest, he was drenched to the skin. He complained to God for such bad weather. Suddenly another man on a horseback came rushing towards him. He had a gun in his hand. "Give me all your money or I will shoot you." He had a lot of money. He knew that he would lose all. Suddenly his horse turned around. The man shot him, but nothing happened. He realized that the gunpowder was wet and would not work. He charged his horse and rode away safely. He thanked God for the rain. If there was no rain, he would have certainly lost his wealth. God protected him by sending the rain. So one should know that God will be there even in little things to protect us.

Question:

24. How did the rich man earn money ?

Ans. : The rich man earned his money with much risk.

25. Who attacked the rich man ?

Ans. : Another man — robber

26. Why did the rich man thank God ?

Ans. : Thanked for the rain which wetted the gunpowder and saved his life.

27. What moral do you learn from this story ?

Ans. : God will be there even in little things to protect us.

XIII. Read the dialogue given below and answer the questions that follow: 4x1=4

| | | |
|---------------|---|---|
| News Reporter | : | Congratulation Rashmi! Your feat is laudable. By the way, did you expect first rank in the CET this year? |
| Rashmi | : | No, actually I expected to be one in top ten ranks. |
| News Reporter | : | How could you achieve this? |
| Rashmi | : | I worked hard from the beginning. My teachers, my college library, my parents were of great help to me. |

28. Why does the news Reporter congratulate Rashmi?

She got First Rank in CET.

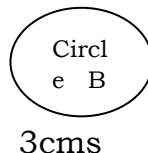
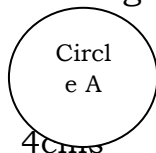
29. What was the secret of Rashmi's achievement?

She worked hard from the beginning. Her teachers, her college library, her parents were of great help to her.

30. Re-arranged the jumbled words into meaningful sentences:

celebrate / independence / every / day / year / we

31. Write a sentence using 'smaller than' based on what you see :



Ans: Circle B is smaller than circle A

WRITING

32. Given below is a profile of Sachin Ramesh Tendulkar, the great cricketer. 4
 Write a paragraph using the clues given below:

| | | |
|-----------|---|--|
| Born | : | 24 th April 1973 (age) Mumbai |
| Spouse | : | Anjali Tendulkar |
| Education | : | Kirthi M. Doongursee College |
| Movies | : | Sachin, A Billion dream |
| Awards | : | Bharatha Ratna, Padma Vibushan, more. |
| Children | : | Arjun Tendulkar, Sara Tendulkar |

- Books : Playing it My Way
- XIII. Sachin Ramesh Tendulkar is a former Indian Cricketer and captain. He is born on 24th April 1973 in Mumbai. He was fond of cricket. He took cricket at the age of 11. He was studied in Kirthi M. Doongursee College. He played test against Pakistan at the age of 16. He scored 100 centuries in test and ODI. He was awarded Bharatha Ratna, Padma Vibushan, more. He married Anjali and had two children Arjuna and Sara. On him a cinema was started i.e. Sachin, a Billian Dream and wrote a book called 'Playing it My Way.'

OR

Write a paragraph using the clues given below. You may add some points if necessary.

A farmer — goose — laid golden eggs. Sold — rich. But — greedy — at a time. — cut — no eggs — sad. Lost — goose and eggs. Moral

Once a poor farmer lived in a village. He had a goose. It laid golden eggs every day. The poor farmer took the egg to the town and sold it. He got a lot of money and he was a happy man.

One day he said himself, "I get one golden egg every day. Why not I have all the eggs at a time? Then I will become very rich. So, I will Kill the goose and take all the eggs." And so the poor man killed the goose. What did he find? The goose was like any other goose. He could not find a single golden egg. The goose died. From that day the man did not get his golden egg, he used to get every day.

The moral is think before Action.

- XIV. 33. Imagine that you are Punith / Punarvika studying in X standard, Govt. school, Veerajpet. 4

Write a letter to your mother about your studies and your stay in the hostel.

Punith/ Punarvika

X standard

Govt. High School

Veerajpet

Date-----

My dear mother,

I am keeping well and expect the same from you. I am going to the school regularly. I am really fortunate to have good teachers for all the subjects. I get up at 5. a.m and sit for studies of about two hours. After bath I go through newspapers. After breakfast I start my journey to school.

I have good hostel mates. The warden of the hostel was very strict. He help us in our studies.

I am working hard. I will score good marks. Please convey my respect to father and uncle.

Yours affectionately

Punith/ Punarvika

OR

Write a letter to your head master requesting for financial help from poor boys' fund.

Punith/ Punarvika

X standard

Govt. High School

Veerajpet

Date-----
To
The Head Master
Govt. High School
Veerajpet

Respected Sir,

I am to state that my father is a labourer. His monthly income is Rs. 2000/-. He has to feed six members. I am not able to note books. My father wants me to discontinue my studies. But I want to study and pass S.S.L.C examination in first class.

I come to know that there is Poor Boys' Fund. I request you kindly to grant me Rs. 2000/-. I shall return this monthly as soon as I begin to earn.

Yours faithfully,
Punith/ Punarvika

EDITING

- XVI. 34. The following paragraph has two errors. Edit the paragraph and rewrite the paragraph. Clues given. 2
- There had been a accident when he went hiking with his father and brother Inder. They was crossing a bridge who was old.
- c) Correct article to be used.
d) Verbal mistake to be corrected.
- Ans:- There had been **an** accident when he went hiking with his father and brother Inder. They **were** crossing a bridge which was old.

GRAMMAR / LANGUAGE LEARNING

35. Read the conversation and choose the language function of the underlined sentences. 1
- Mom : Where are you going Ramya?
Ramya : School mom
Mom : Then, go with your dad, dear.
Ramya : Yes mom.
- a) Obey b) request c) advice d) permission
- Ans:- Obey
36. Read the conversation and re-write into a reported form. 2
- Captain : Do you know how to play Tennis?
Lokesh : I never had a chance to learn it.
- The captain asked Lokesh
Lokesh replied
- Ans. : The captain asked Lokesh if he knew how to play Tennis.
Lokesh replied that he had never had a chance to learn it
37. Fill in the blanks with appropriate preposition and article: 1
- The boy's hands reached the steel railing above, but finding only air. He was thrown out of.....coach.
- Ans:- for. the
38. Fill in the blanks choosing the right form of verbs given in brackets: $2 \times 1 = 2$
- Rajesh (*be*) a doctor. He (*be + work*) in a Govt hospital.
- Ans. : is, is working
39. Fill in the blanks using the linking words given in brackets: $2 \times \frac{1}{2} = 1$

Rakshitha Ramya are sisters. Radha is lazy. she is lazy, she is intelligent.
(but, though, so, and)

40. Read the conversation: 1

Manager : Have you completed the work?

Clerk : No, not yet, I am attending to that work now.

The passive form of the underlined sentence is (Choose the right one)

- a. That work was attended to now by me.
- b. That work is being attended to now by me.
- c. That work is attended to now by me.
- d. That work will be attended to now by me.

Ans:- b. That work is being attended to now by me.

41. He will tell us truth. 1

- a. won't he? b. will he?
- c. can he? d. could he?

Ans.: a. won't he?

42. Mother : Reena, why have you scored less in Maths subject ? 1

Reena : Sorry mom, I could not understand Maths properly.

Mother : If you had attended the remedial classes, youunderstood Maths well.

Fill in the blank with the correct answer:

(A) will have (B) shall have (C) would (D) would have.

Ans: (D) would have.

REFERENCE SKILL

43. Arrange the following words in the order in which they are found in a dictionary: 2

Maintain, mains, maiden, mail.

Ans: Maiden, Mail, mains, maintain

44. Which source of information to know the variations of the word 'compose' 1

(dictionary, encyclopedia, thesaurus, atlas)

45. Write it in a normal way: 1

I 8 rice 4 lnch

Ans:-I ate rice for lunch

SOUTH DDPI OFFICE BANGALORE -2018-19

10 Standard English II Language Practice Question Paper-2

Time. 2.30Hrs

Marks.80

SECTION-A

PART-A Prose, Poetry and Supplementary Reading and Vocabulary)

I. Four alternatives are given for each incomplete statement / question. Choose the correct answer and write it's 'Alphabet along with the answer'. 3x1=3

1. The author offered Don Anselmo almost double amount for the land because
- (A) the land was very fertile (B) there was an old fashioned house in the land
 - (C) there was an extra land (D) they were very rich.

Ans: (C) there was an extra land

2. Why should one man have the lives of fifty in his hands? Here 'one man' refers to
(A) Pepe (B) Guillermo (C) Pedro (D) Columbus.

Ans: D) Columbus

3. The scientist Keilis-Borok worked on

A) cold war B) nuclear weapons C) seismic waves D) biotechnology

Ans: C) seismic waves

II. Answer the following questions in 2-3 sentences each:

4x2=8

4. What was the reaction of the man to the story teller's offer? or

Don Anselmo's reaction to the offer of more money was not expected. Justify this statement.

Ans: The old man became angry and felt offended. He refused the story teller's offer. He took only 12 hundred dollars as in the deed and signed the agreement.

5. What did the doctors at the cancer hospital suggest Smita's parents?

Ans: the doctors at the cancer hospital suggested Smita's parents to take Anant home, give him the things he likes, indulge him.

6. The neighbours could not believe their eyes. Why do you think they felt like this?

Ans: Ravi Shankar and Ustad Allah Rakha were the great names in music. Such Persons came to their apartment block. This was unbelievable to the neighbours.

7. Give a few examples to illustrate that scientists are the most practical people in the world?

Ans: All new technologies, all new brands of industry from defence to environment came from fundamental science. For example antibiotics, electronics, biotechnology, synthetic fibres, green revolution and genetic forensic diagnosis are all the gifts of basic science.

III. Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow:

3x3=9

8. "I'm new to Mumbai, but I've noticed that people here are afraid."

A) Who is the speaker of this statement?

Ans: Baleshwar Mishra

B) What did they fear about?

Ans: Because they feared about getting involved in courts or with the police.

C) What is the effect of that on the life the people of Mumbai?

Ans: The effect of that on the life the people of Mumbai is that nobody is helping one another at the time of rescuing anybody.

9. 'They brought about a veritable revolution in social thought.'

a) Who are 'they'?

Ans: Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. B.R Ambedkar.

b) What 'revolution' is referred to here?

Ans: To repudiate caste and to proclaim the oneness of the Hindu community.

c) How did they bring about the revolution?

Ans: Gandhiji stressed the duties. Babasaheb Ambedkar stressed the rights together. They brought about a veritable revolution in social thought.

10. "They are simple men and must have their relaxation. We have not all your visions, Captain."

A. Who does 'they' refer to?

Ans: 'They' refers to the seamen.

B) What were they doing for relaxation?

Ans: They were singing for relaxation.

C) Who is the captain? What were his visions?

Ans: Columbus is the captain. His vision was to discover the New World America.

IV. Answer the following questions in 8 - 10 sentences each:

1x4=4

11. Narrate the circumstances that compelled Satish stay in the house. Or Everything seemed like scenes from pantomime show to Sathish? Why? One holiday Satish was hiking with his father and brother. They were crossing a rickety bridge over some rapids. Satish looked down at the swirling water below him. His foot slipped. He lost his balance and fell into the rapids. As a result of this his legs and ear were injured. His legs became weak. He suffered frequently from bouts of fever and not hear properly. The teacher did not allow him to school because he was hard of hearing and frequently absented for the class. His father tried to get admission to some other school, but in vain. When he went outside to play with children to play with children, they teased him. Therefore he was compelled to stay at home.

OR

Narrate Swami's dreadful experience when he was lying in the office room.

Ans: Swami remembered the stories of devils and ghosts he had heard in his life. For example his friend Mani had seen the devil in the banyan tree and Muniswami's father spat out blood when he saw the devil near the river edge. He expected the devils would come and carry him away. Swami hurriedly got up and spread his bed under the bench as he thought it was the safe and secure place. He shut his eyes tight and encased himself in his blanket once again and fell asleep unknowingly. In sleep he was racked with nightmares. A tiger was chasing him. His feet stuck to the ground. He desperately tried to escape but his feet would not move; the tiger was at his back and he could hear its claws scratch the ground and then a loud thud. Swami tried to open his eyes but his eyelids would not open and the nightmare continued. Swami groaned in despair.

POETRY

V. Choose the most appropriate option and write the complete answer with its letter of alphabet: 1

12. Who does 'you' refer to in the poem 'I Am The Land'?
A) people B) farmers C) soldiers D) living beings
Ans: A) people

VI. Answer the following questions in 2-3 sentences each:

2x2=4

13. How does the poet praise India being developed in industry and technology?
Poet praises dams, lakes, industries, ship building yards, hard working Indians try to improve technology and to raise India's global position in atomic science.
14. Why does the poet in the poem 'off To Outer Space Tomorrow Morning' feels that he is imprisoned. What might have been the reason for him to have such a feeling?

Ans: In space the astronaut will have no letters, no mail, no friends, or nobody to visit to share happy moments. He is just confined to a solitary confinement as in jail in the capsule door of the spacecraft.

VII. Read the following extract and answer the questions that follow:

1x3=3

15. "Then we kissed the little maiden
And we spoke in better cheer?
d) Who is the speaker of these lines?
The sailors
e) Who was the little maiden?
Captains daughter

f) Why did they kiss her?

The little girl brought back hope to the sailors by saying that the God would protect them.

VIII. 16. Quote from memory [Refer practice paper 1 for the answer]

4

The throned -----

-----it becomes.

OR

You talk -----

-----day or night?

IX. Answer the following questions in 8-10 sentences each: [Refer practice paper 1 for the answer]

4

17. Describe in your own words how the poet's grandma was a genius and how she upheld 'her right to reside in a tree.'

OR

The physical appearance of Jazz player does not match when he plays on his saxophone. Explain.

SUPPLEMENTARY READING

X. Answer the following questions in 3-4 sentences each:

18. What had the police expected about the way of protest? How did the student leaders manage the protest?

Ans.: The police expected the students to stout slogans and cause violence. This would make the police to arrest them, beat them up and imprison them. But the students' leaders did not want to be arrested then, as they had a lot more to do. Therefore, they marched back silently.

OR

What does Dolma say about the view from the top of Mount Everest?

Ans.: Dolma said that an Everest can feel and understand but cannot be described in words. It was much breath taking that she could ever be imagined. The awards that she had bestowed stand very low before the view from the above.

19. What were the dreams of Hanif? Do you think they were fulfilled?

Ans.: Haniff had dreamt that he would rise up the ranks. This dream could not be fulfilled because he was killed in the Kargil war. His another dream was that a post be named after him. Those dreams came true when the sub-sector was named after him.

OR

What were the changes came over Wangjia as the Bird of Happiness caressed him and granted his wishes?

Ans: The Bird gave three loud cries. At the first cry, the golden sun broke through the clouds and a warm breeze came down from the sky. At the second cry, stretch upon stretch of the forest appeared all over the mountains, mountain peach and other mountain flowers bloomed together and thrushes and larks led a chorus of birdsong. At the third cry, green rivers and fields came into view and little white rabbits danced merrily on the grass.

VOCABULARY

XI. 20. Combine the word in column 'A' with its collocative word in column 'B'.

1

Prompt----- (reply, service, payment, work)

Ans: prompt-payment

21. Fill in the blank with correct prefix to make it opposite for the underlined word
Vishal's way was legal in all aspects but his friend's was 1

Ans: illegal

22. Which one of these words has only one syllable? Write it separately: 1
enemy, supreme, school, beauty

Ans:-school

23. Fill in the blanks choosing the appropriate words given in brackets:- 1
She.....on awhich was paved with flowers.(road/rode)

Ans:- rode, road

SECTION - B

Reading

XII. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow: 4×1=4

Bees live in a house that is called a hive. There are three kinds of bees-workers, drones, and queens. Only one queen bee can live in each hive. If she is lost or dead, other bees will stop their work. Bees are very wise and busy little creatures. They all join together to build cells of wax for their honey. Each bee takes its proper place and does its own work. Some go out and gather honey from the flowers; others stay at home and work inside the hive. It is not safe for children to handle bees. Bees have a painful sting that they use in their defense.

Questions:

24) What will happen if queen bee is lost or dead?

If she is lost or dead, other bees will stop their work.

25) Why is not safe for children to handle bees?

Bees have a painful sting that they use in their defense.

26) How many queen bees live in a hive?

Only one queen bee can live in each hive.

27) Find out the word from the passage which means 'collect'.

Gather.

XIII. 28. Rearrange the jumbled words into a meaningful sentence: 1

Suresh / does / help / any / need / ?

Ans: Does Suresh need any help?

Read the following conversation and answer the questions that follow:

Patient : May I come in, Sir?

Doctor : Yes, you may.

Patient : I've been suffering from fever for the past two days.

Doctor : Did you take any medicine?

Patient : No, I didn't. I've got a cold too.

Doctor : Your body temperature is 102° F.

You must take medicine for at least three days.

29. Why did the patient go for the doctor? 1

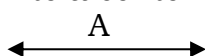
He was suffering from fever.

30. How many days the patient has to take the medicine? 1

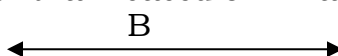
The patient had to take medicine for at least three days.

31. Look at the two pictures. Write a sentence using 'smaller than' based on what you see : 1

Write a sentence using 'longer than' based on what you see.



5 cms



10 cms

Ans:- Line B is longer than line A.

Writing

32. Given below is a profile of Smt. Sowmya Rao. Write a paragraph using the clues given below: 4

| | | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Age | : | 45 years |
| Height and weight | : | 5.2 feet and 52 kgs |
| Qualification | : | MA in Economics and MA in Music |
| Occupation | : | Teaches Music to children of all ages |
| Reasons for popularity | : | Cheerful, gives individual attention |
| Hobbies | : | Painting and Doll making |
| Achievements | : | Paintings displayed in exhibitions Performs at musical concerts |

Ans: Sreemathi Sowmya Rao was a Music teacher. She was 45 years old of about 5.2 feet and 52 Kgs. She studies M.A in Music and Economic. She is teaching Music for all children. She was popular because she was always cheerful and always gives individual attention. Her hobbies are painting and doll making. She displayed her paintings in many exhibitions and performed many musical concerts.

OR

Write a paragraph, using the clues given below. (Write into meaningful story)
A rich farmer---lot of land---cattle and servants---two sons---happy life---After some years younger son unhappy---asked for his share of the property---wouldn't listen to father's advice---got his share---sold them all---went away to another country---fell into bad ways---soon all money gone---poor---no one to help him---understood his mistake.

33. Imagine you are Prakash / Prithi studying in Xth Standard Vidyavardhaka High School, Hubli. (Format, body of the letter, conclusion) 4

Write an application to the Mayor of Hubli Corporation requesting him to repair the roads inside the city.

OR

Write a letter to your friend requesting him / her to attend your school day function.

Editing

34. The following paragraph has two errors. Edit the paragraph and rewrite it in the answer-book. Clues are given. 2

These americans are good people and they are willing to pay at the same rate per acre. The money are for you.

Clues: a) Capital letter to be used.
b) Verbal mistake to be corrected.

Ans: These **A**mericans are good people and they are willing to pay at the same rate per acre. The money **is** for you.

GRAMMAR (Language Use)

35. Gopal drives his car. 1

The question tag to be used above is

(A) didn't he? (B) don't he? (C) hasn't he? (D) doesn't he?

Ans: (D) doesn't he?

36. Fill in the blanks using the appropriate linking words given in brackets : 2×1/2=1

The famine wasseveremany people died.

(and, so, because, that)

Ans:- so, that

37. Read the conversation : 1

Anil : Hi! Baskar. How are you?
 Baskar : I am fine. What about you?
 Anil : Did you attend the programme?
 Baskar : Yes, I have attended the programme.

The passive form of the underlined sentence is

- a. The programme has been attended by me
- b. The programme has being attended by me
- c. The programme have been attended by me
- d. The programme is being attended by her.

Ans: A. The programme has been attended by me

38. Fill in the blanks with appropriate preposition and article : 1

Sardar wore same faded cutaway, carried the same stick and was accompanied the boy again.

Ans:- the, by

39. Read the conversation and choose the language function of the underlined sentence : 1

Mom : Where are you going Ramya?

Ramya : School mom

Mom : Then, go with your dad dear.

Ramya : Yes mom.

- a) Obey b) request c) advice d) permission

Ans: advice.

40. Read the following conversation and rewrite into a reported speech: 2

Ramesh : Hello Pammi.

Keerthi : How are you?

Ramesh : I am fine. When did you come back from Mysuru?

Keerthi : I came yesterday morning.

Ramesh asked Keerthi.....

Keerthi replied.....

Ans: Ramesh asked Keerthi when he had come back from Mysore.

Keerthi replied that he had come the previous day morning.

41. Fill in the blanks choosing the right form of verbs given in brackets: 2

When I (arrive) at the railway station yesterday,

Sunitha (be + wait) for me. She wore a blue dress and looked very pretty.

Ans: arrived, was waiting.

42. Read the conversation: 1

Mother : Reena, why have you scored less in Maths subject?

Reena : Sorry mom, I could not understand Maths properly.

Mother : If you had attended the remedial classes, you..... understood Maths well.

Fill in the blank with the correct answer:

(A) will have (B) shall have (C) would (D) would have.

Ans: Would have

Reference Skill

43. Which source of information would you refer to know the historical places of Karnataka? Choose one of the following sources: 1

Newspaper, Manual, Atlas, encyclopedia.

Ans: Atlas

44. Write it in the normal way :

yday v rot an sa.

Ans: Yesterday we wrote an essay.

45. Arrange the following words in the order in which they are in dictionary:

ration, rating, rather, ratio

Ans: rather, rating ratio , ration.

1

4×1/2=2

SOUTH DDPI OFFICE BANGALORE -2018-19

10 Standard English II Language Practice Question Paper-3

Time. 2.30Hrs

Marks.80

SECTION-A

PART-A Prose, Poetry and Supplementary Reading and Vocabulary)

- I. Four alternatives are given for each incomplete statement / question. Choose the correct answer and write it's 'Alphabet along with the answer' 3x1=3
1. The old man removed his hat gloves slowly and carefully. This action is compared to
A) Hero B) an old man C) land lord D) Charlie Chaplin.
Ans: D) Charlie Chaplin.
2. What kind of thoughts were not allowed by Pedro?
A) good thoughts B) bad thoughts C) silent thoughts D) Mutinous thoughts
And: D) Mutinous thoughts
3. The technical experts were summoned to the Palace of Nations in Geneva to solve the problem of
A) nuclear weapon test ban B) nuclear test C) power politics D) annihilation
And: A) nuclear weapon test ban
- II. Answer the following questions in 2-3 sentences each: 4x2=8
4. Why did the story teller offer the old man almost the double of what he had quoted earlier?
Ans; The story teller sent the surveyor and the engineer to survey the old man's land. He discovered that the old man owned almost twice the land (more than eight acres).
5. Did Pandit Ravi Shankar and Ustad Allah Rakha perform in the boy's house? Do you think this was an unusual incident? If yes, give reasons.
Ans: Yes, Pandit Ravi Shankar and Ustad Allah Rakha performed in the boy's house. This was an unusual incident. Ravi Shankar and Ustad Allah Rakha were the great

names in music. Such Persons came to their apartment block for the sake of a sick boy at the death bed.

6. Why do you think that Smita's mother cautioned her not to make noise?

Ans : Smita on looking up the newspaper almost shouted with excitement. But her brother Anant was ill and suffering from cancer. She cautioned her not to make noise so that he could rest.

7. What reward do the scientists get? How are they different from lawyers, doctors and businessmen?

Ans: The discovery itself is the reward of the scientists. The scientists get lesser money than the lawyers, doctors and businessmen. But they enjoy freedom, camaraderie and independence.

III. Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow:

3x3=9

8. "Oh ,I couldn't thank him,"

a) Who was not thanked?

Ans: Baleshwar Mishra could not thank the tempo-truck driver.

b) Why should he thank him?

Ans: Because the tempo-truck driver helped Baleshwar to take Roma Talreja to the hospital.

c) Why couldn't he thank him?

Ans: Because the tempo-truck driver slipped from the hospital having done all he could.

9. "Who could have dreamt that one born to a Mahar family would one day become not only a law Minister but a Law-Maker.....?"

d) Who is referred to as " Law Minister' here?

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar.

e) Who chose him to be the 'Law Minister'?

Jawaharlal Nehru.

f) Why is he recognized as the Law -maker?

Dr. Ambedkar had played a vital role in drafting the constitution as the Chairman of the drafting Committee.

10. "I am your captain. Your duty is to obey me as mine is to obey the Royal Sovereigns of Spain who sent me."

(a) Who does 'I' refer to ?-
Columbus

(b) Who had to obey him ?-
The Sailors

(c) Why were they disobedient to him?
To discover the new world.

IV. Answer the following questions in 8 - 10 sentences each:

11. Narrate how a newspaper report led Swami to a commanding challenge.

Ans: In the newspaper Swami's father was reading, the news of bravery of a village lad fought with a tiger drew his father's attention. He also told about it to swami .But Swami argued that a boy cannot fight a tiger and he must be a grown up person. But swami's father argued that courage can do anything and age or strength are not important. Again Swami disputed the theory that strength and age are important and not the courage. This led to father's challenge that he must sleep in the office room alone that night to show that he has courage. Thus a challenge on the newspaper report made Swami to face a commanding challenge.

OR

"Satish Gujral became a great artist', support this statement mentioning a few of his achievements.

OR

“Physical disability is no barrier to success to Satish”. Justify.

Ans.: Satish Gujral is accomplished in several art forms like painting, sculpture, architecture and writing. Exhibitions of his works were held in prestigious museums like Museum of modern Art, New York, the Hiroshima collection. Washington and the National Gallery of Modern Art, New Delhi. He has published four books of his works in the various arts. He was awarded the order of the crown for the best architectural design of the 20th century for his design of the Belgian Embassy in New Delhi. He has also been honoured with the Padma Vibushan.

POETRY

V. Choose the most appropriate option and write the complete answer with its letter of alphabet: 1

12. “You cannot put a fence
Around the planet Earth.” The speaker here is showing a tone of
A) weakness B) excitement C) patience D) self assertion.
Ans:- self assertion.

VI. Answer the following questions in 2-3 sentences each: 2x2=4

13. What are epics? Why does the poet call the temples as ‘Epics in stone?’
Epics are the stories about the heroic deeds.
Many historical or mythological stories are carving on the stones, walls of the temples.

14. State reason for the poet say “calendars and clocks” are useless in space.
Ans: Because the space craft rotates around the earth. In each rotation there will be a day and night. So the poet says” calendars and clocks” are useless in space.

VII. Read the following extract and answer the questions that follow: 3x1=3

15. ‘T is a fearful thing in winter
To be shattered by the blast.’
d) What is to as a ‘fearful thing’?
Ans: To be caught in a fierce storm at sea in winter.
e) How did it affect the sailors?
Ans: the sailors crowded together in a cabin in fear.
f) What did they do to free from fear?
They lay awake saying a silent prayer in the dark.

VIII. 16. Quote from memory: (For answer refer practice paper-1) 4

It is
.....
.....
.....justice.

OR

Then let
.....
.....
.....blind boy.

IX. Answer the following questions in 8-10 sentences each: 4

17. What kind of woman Ruskin Bond was? How was her dream come true?

OR

Give short description of the Jazz player.

SUPPLEMENTARY READING

X. Answer the following questions in 3-4 sentences each: 2x2=4

18. How do you know that Mohan’s mother was supportive of their struggle?

Ans.: When Suman and their friend brought the cyclostyle machine, she asked them to keep it in the puja room. When the sub Inspector came in initially, she acted as if everything was normal and nothing revolutionary took place at their home.

OR

What does Dolma say about the view from the top of Mount Everest?

Ans.: Dolma said that an Everest can feel and understand but cannot be described in words. It was much breath taking that she could ever be imagined. The awards that she had bestowed stand very low before the view from the above.

19. The absence of mother from home taught the children something. What was that?

Ans.: Hanif's mother a vocal artiste, would often had to leave the children alone as she travelled with the performance wing. The kids became very responsible getting up and getting ready for school without her having told them and learnt that one's duty is the most important thing in life.

OR

How was the last journey of Wangjia different from the previous one?

Ans: Wangjia's last journey was very difficult as he was blind and had to grope his way with his hands on the ground. He crawled another 900 miles. But finally he climbed the snowy mountain and heard the voice of the Bird of Happiness.

VOCABULARY

20. Combine the word in column 'A' with its collocative word in column 'B'. 1

A B

blood – post, water, book, bank

Ans: blood- bank

21. Fill in the blanks with correct form of the word given in brackets: 1

Have you taken the -----(decide) where to go?

Ans: decision

22. Which one of these words has only one syllable? Write it separately: 1

Powder, Blank, Succeed, Enjoy (One Syllable)

Ans. : Blank

23. Give one word for- A private room in a ship 1

Ans: cabin.

SECTION- B

READING

XII. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow: 4x1=4

Once the wind and the Sun had a an argument. "I am stronger than you", said the wind. "No, you are not", said the Sun. Just at that moment they saw a traveller walking across the road. He was wrapped in a shawl. The Sun and the wind agreed that whoever could separate the traveller from his shawl was stronger. The wind took the first turn. He blew with all his might to tear the traveler's shawl from his shoulders. But the harder he blew, the tighter the traveller gripped the shawl to his body. The struggle went on till the wind's turn was over. Not it was the Sun's turn. The Sun smiled warmly. The traveler felt the warmth of the smiling Sun. Soon he let the shawl fall open. The Sun's smile grew warmer and warmer hotter and hotter. Now the traveler no longer needed his shawl. He took it off and dropped it on the ground. The Sun was declared stronger than the wind.

Question:

5. What was the argument between the Sun and the wind?

Who was stronger, the wind and Sun.

6. How did they decide to test their strength?

To separate the traveller from his shawl was stronger.

7. How did the wind prove its strength?

He blew with all his might to tear the traveler's shawl from his shoulders.

8. How did the Sun win the test?

9. When sun became hot, the traveller took his shawl off and dropped it on the ground.

XIII. Read the dialogue given below and answer the questions that follow: 4x1=4

Prema : Why're you late today, Sneha?

Sneha : Oh! I missed the bus and had to walk all the way.

Prema : Oh dear! Why don't you buy a vehicle?

Sneha : Yes, I'm also thinking about the same. But I've to learning.

28. Why was Sneha late?

Ans: Sneha was late because she missed the bus and had to walk all the way.

29. What was the advice given by Prema to Sneha?

Ans:- To buy vehicle.

30. Pick out the write phrase and write it in a sentence:

The chief guest gave away/gave way the prizes.

Ans:- The chief guest gave away the Prizes.

31. . Look at the two pictures. Write a sentence using 'heavier than' based on what you see :

5 kgs

Box A

10 kgs

Box B

Ans: Box B is heavier than box A.

WRITING

32. Given below is a profile Kalpana Chawla, the great astronaut. Write a paragraph using the clues given below: (Write meaningful Profile) 4

Name : Kalpana Chawla

Born : March 26th 1962

Birth Place : Tumkur

Died : In the space shuttle disaster on February 1st 2003

Career : Astronaut

Education : MS in Aerospace Engineering

PhD in university of Colorado

Posts held : Scientist in NASA

Awards : Posthumously awarded congressional Space Medal of honour

NASA Special flight medal

NASA distinguished service medal

OR

Write a paragraph using the clues given below. You may add some points if necessary. (Meaningful Story)

An old farmer-----idle and useless sons-----father dying-----anxious for the sons---
--calls the-----says in one part of his property----hidden treasure----die----Sons
take spades----dig through all the fields----no treasure----fields yield good crops---
-learnt lesson.

XIV. 33. Imagine that you are Suresh/Sarala of x standard, Govt. High school, 4
Ramanagar. Write a letter to your cousin inviting him/her to your house to
spend summer vacation.

OR

Write a letter to the chief officer, Town Municipality about garbage dumped in your locality and request him/her to vacate.

EDITING

- XVI. 34. The following paragraph has two errors. Edit the paragraph and rewrite the paragraph. Clues given. 2

One day he asked his courtiers whether there is any other child which is as beautiful as his grandson.

- c) Spelling to be corrected
d) conjunction to be corrected

Ans:- One day he asked his courtiers **whether** there is any other child **who** is as beautiful as his grandson.

GRAMMAR / LANGUAGE LEARNING

35. Read the conversation and choose most appropriate modal verbs. 1

Rajesh : Deepak, is Rakesh strong and sturdy?

Deepak : Yes, he is. He.....lift the table in one hand.

- A) may B) can C) will D) shall

Ans:- can

36. Read the conversation and re-write into a reported form. 2

Head Master : Raju, bring the attendance registers from all class rooms.

Attender : I brought them already, sir.

The head master advised Raju.....

Raju replied.....

Ans: The head master advised Raju to bring the attendance registers from all class rooms.

Raju replied to the head master that he had brought them already.

37. Fill in the blanks with appropriate preposition and article: 1

Suman is -----intelligent student. She is studying -----x standard.

Ans: an, in

38. Fill in the blanks choosing the right form of verbs given in brackets: 2

Ramappa -----(have) a cow. He -----(buy) it in neighbouring village.

It -----(be+give) 15 litres milk.

Ans: has, bought, is giving

39. Fill in the blanks using the linking words given in brackets: 1

Manju is-----an engineer.....a doctor. (either, both, or, and)

Ans:- both, and)

40. Read the conversation: 1

Mother : Dear, are you completed the home work?

Daughter : Still, I did not complete it.

The passive form of the underlined sentence is.....(choose the correct answer)

- A) It is not completed by me B) It was not completed by me
C) It is not being completed by me D) it was not being completed by me.

41. Sunil never goes to school late. 1

The question tag to be added to the sentence is

- A) doesn't he? B) don't he? C) did he? D) does he?

Ans: does he?

42. Fill in the blank using the suitable word given in brackets): 1

Cleopatra was alady. (fair / fare)

Ans:-fair

REFERENCE SKILL

43. Arrange the following words in the order in which they are found in a dictionary:

- Decompose, December, Declaim, Decorate. 2
 Ans: December, Declaim, Decompose, Decorate.
44. Which source of information would you refer to know the place where first nuclear bombs exploded 1
 (encyclopedia, dictionary, manual, thesaurus)
 Ans: encyclopedia.
45. Write it in a normal way: 1
 I fgt 2 cal u
 Ans: I forgot to call you.

SOUTH DDPI OFFICE BANGALORE -2018-19

10 Standard English II Language Practice Question Paper-4
 Time. 2.30Hrs Marks.80

SECTION-A

PART-A Prose, Poetry and Supplementary Reading and Vocabulary)

- I. Four alternatives are given for each incomplete statement / question. Choose the correct answer and write it's 'Alphabet along with the answer'

1. Mookanayak, Bahishkrit Bharat and Samata were
 A) Voice mails B) Newspapers C) Political parties D) Institutions
 Ans:- Newspapers
2. Anant raised himself and his eyes were shining even in his sick bed because-
 A) he was ill B) he knew the truth about his death
 C) he saw a nightmare D) he heard the name of Pandit Ravi Shankar
 Ans: D) he heard the name of Pandit Ravi Shankar
3. 10.Those who trained in biological research become founders and directors in
 A) electronics industry B) Pharmaceutical industry
 C) large scale industry D) bio industry
 Ans: B) Pharmaceutical industry

- II. Answer the following questions in 2-3 sentences each:

4. **What desperate attempts did Swami make to escape from his father?**
 Ans: Swami made the following desperate attempts to escape from his father.
 1. He tried to change the subject by asking his father to join the cricket club.
 2. He requested his father to allow him to sleep in the office room from the next month.
 3. He went silently and pretended like sleeping beside his granny.
 4. He told his father that there were scorpions behind the law books in the office room.
5. **What comment did Swami make when he heard the newspaper report? How did his view differ from that of his father?**
 Ans:- Swami commented that the boy cannot kill the tiger and he must be a grown – up person. But Swami's father commented that anyone who has courage can do anything if he has courage and strength and age are not important.
6. **Nehru chose Dr. Ambedkar as the law minister. What might have improved Nehru to do so?**
 Ans. : Ambedkar had a great skill in law and legislation. He had the vision of social justice. Therefore, Nehru chose him to be Law Minister of India.
7. **Which are the two factors that cause Earth tremors?**
 Ans: The earth tremors are caused by two factors.

1. by the seismic waves during the earthquake
2. by the underground nuclear explosion

III. Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow: 3x3=9

8) "My sister is injured, Please help me take her to a hospital." But no one stopped.

A) Who does 'sister' refer to here?
Ans: "sister" refers to Roma Talreja

B) Who requested here so?
Ans: Baleshwar Mishra

C) Who does 'no one' refers to here?
Ans: 'No one' refers to the motorists on the road.

D) Why was she taken to a hospital? What happened to her?
Ans: She fell down on the tracks and seriously injured. So Baleshwar took her in his hands and requested the motorists to help him to take her to the hospital.

9) "He lived up in Rio en Medio where his ancestors lived. He tilled the same land they had tilled"

A) Who does "he" and "they" refer to?
Ans: "He" refers to the old man, Anselmo. "They" refers to His ancestors.

B) What does the statement convey?
Ans: The statement conveys that Anselmo was the oldest man in the village, Rio en Medio.

C) Pick out the word from the extract which means 'ploughed'.
Ans:- tilled.

10) "They had come with high hopes. 'They did not voice their fears'"

A) What were the 'high hopes'?
Ans: The hopes of recovery of Anant from cancer.

B) Do you think their hopes would be fulfilled? Support your answer
Ans: No, their hopes would not be fulfilled. Because Anant was suffering from cancer. The doctors had shaken their heads seriously.

D) Doctors said something to the parents. were those words of hope or words of despair?
Ans: Those were the words of despair which the parents could not understand.

IV. Answer the following questions in 8 - 10 sentences each: 4x2=8

11. **How was Pepe loyal to his master?**

Pepe was loyal to Columbus. He had great respect on Columbus. He was obedient, loyal and devoted servant of Columbus. Pepe always prefers to be in the company of his beloved captain than any another. Pepe hate the rebels because they are against his captain. Once Pepe cautioned his captain about the desperate and the mutinous thoughts of the seamen. Everybody doubts about the voyage except Pepe. Pepe called Guillermo Ires and seamen as cowards and stood against them when they are about to attack Columbus. Till the end Pepe remained as loyal and obedient to Columbus.

OR

Satish's father and his brother Inder always supportive to Sathish. Explain this statement.

Ans: Due his frequent absence and his hearing problem, the school Satish was attending till then, kept him out of the school. Avtar Narain and Inder spent with him every day, talking to him, trying to teach him by giving him handful of books. His brother Inder sat for hours with him and talked to hear him, teaching him words and pronunciation. The books impressed his sensitive mind. Avatar

Narain changed his mind bought things necessary for his drawing and painting. He helped Sathish to become world famous artist.

POETRY

V. Choose the most appropriate option and write the complete answer with its letter of alphabet: 1

12. The speaker uses the phrase "I wait" in the poem to show her
A) disgust B) annoyance C) patience D) anger

Ans: C) patience

VI. Answer the following questions in 2-3 sentences each: 2x2=4

13. How does the poet describe the mother's anger in the poem 'Song of India'?
Ans:- Poet's mother rose and draped in blue sky. The milk white ocean heaved round her. Their weaves were the entrancing and enthroned light. She sat on them and wrote the book of future days.

14. The speaker in the poem 'off To Outer Space Tomorrow Morning' says, "Tea cups circling round me like the planets round the sun." Why does it happen only in space and not on the earth?

Ans: In space the objects lose weight and the gravitational power of the earth which then move freely around some object of more weight. So the Tea cups circling round him like the planets round the sun.

VII. Read the following extract and answer the questions that follow: 3x1=3

15. "We are lost!" the captain shouted.

d) Why did the captain say this?

Ans:- the storm was very fierce and the captain feared that the ship would be torn apart any moment.

e) How did his daughter react to the situation?

Ans: captain's daughter held her father's hand and told that God would protect them on ocean like land.

f) From which poem the above line is taken?

Ans: The Ballad of Tempest.

VIII. 16. Quote from memory: 4

The throned
.....
.....
.....of kings;

OR

My day
.....
.....
.....always day.

IX. Answer the following questions in 8-10 sentences each:(For summaries refer Practice paper-1)

17. Summarize the poem 'Grandma Climbs a Tree'

OR

Summarize the poem 'Jazz Poem Two.'

SUPPLEMENTARY READING

X. Answer the following questions in 3-4 sentences each: 2x2=4

18. Why had Patil, the sub-inspector come to Mohan's house? Who believed him? What was the result?

Ans.: Patil the sub-inspector came to Mohan's house to give a warning about the raid. As he was a close friend of Mohan's father, he asked Mohan to give him the

cyclostyle machine and all proof pertaining to the agitation against the British. Mohan's mother believed him and allowed him to take away all these things.

OR

How has Dolma described her preparedness for the task of scaling Mount Everest?

Ans.: Dolma got training in the mountaineering institute at Manali. Her determination and hard work helped her to secure 'A' grades. She believed that success always follow dedication, determination and hard work. She used to practice four hours every day before the task of scaling Mount Everest

19. What did Hanif chose as his mission? Why did he do so?

Ans.: Hanif knew that life for him was short; he wanted to serve the nation. Therefore he joined Indian Army as a soldier. He believed that a person working for the nation could change lives.

OR

What did the old folk say about happiness?

Ans The old folk used to say that happiness was a beautiful bird living on a snowy mountain far away in the east. Wherever the bird flew, happiness went with it. Every year people went to look for the bird, but no one returned. The bird of happiness was guarded by three old monsters, who killed the men by blowing through their long beards.

VOCABULARY

- XI. 20. Combine the word in column 'A' with its collocative word in column 'B'. 1
- | | |
|-------|--|
| A | B |
| noble | (responsibility, power, nation, leaders) |
- Ans: noble-leaders
21. Fill in the blanks with correct form of the word given in brackets: 1
- Let Suresh get------(admit) to X standard.
- Ans: -admission
22. Which one of these words has only one syllable. Write it separately: 1
- Silent, above, beauty, bow
- Ans: bow
23. Give one word for- A piece of land in which fruit trees are grow 1
- Ans: orchard.

SECTION- B READING

XII. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow: 4x1=4

The storm raged in all its fury in the town Rameshwaram. When it ended, Rajappa, an old man lost all he had-his small house and his boat, his only source of his livelihood. Desperate and helpless, he sent a telegram to his son who was studying engineering in Chennai, asking him to come back home. His son did not have money to come back. The only thing he had very valuable was a book. So, he decided to sell it.

He went to the bookstall to sell it. The bookstall man opened the book. Written on the first page were the lines. "Awarded to A.P.J. Abdul Kalam for excellence in academics in first year engineering at the Madras Institute of Technology by the Vice Chancellor". The bookstall man gave the boy money and also returned the book to him.

Question:

24. Why did the man of the bookstall return the book to the boy?

Because that book was an award given by Vice-Chancellor for his excellence in academics.

25. What made the boy decide to sell his book?

Ans: he urgently needed money to go home.

26. Which word in the passage makes you guess that Rajappa might be a fisherman?

He lost his boat.

27. What was the misery that befell on the old man?

The storm raged in all its fury in the town Rameshwaram. When it ended, Rajappa, an old man lost all he had-his small house and his boat, his only source of his livelihood

XIII. Read the dialogue given below and answer the questions that follow: 4x1=4

Ramesh : Let's go to see a film in the evening
Suresh : I'd love to, but.....
Ramesh : But what?
Suresh : I have an appointment with the dentist
Ramesh : Oh! I see. You can't miss that.

28. Suresh did not like / liked going to the film. (Pick the correct answer)

Ans: Suresh liked to go to film.

29. Which word in the conversation means..... 'a doctor who takes care of your teeth.'

Ans: Dentist.

30. Rearrange the jumbled words into meaningful sentences:

Place / is / a / wonderful / it / ! / what

Ans: What a wonderful place it is !

31. Look at the Picture. Write a sentence using 'taller than' based on what you see.

X 1.2"

Y 2.1"



Ans: Line 'Y' is taller than Line 'X'

WRITING

32. Given below is a profile of Bismillah Khan. Write paragraph using the clues given below:- 4

Name : Bismillah Khan
Born : 21st March 1916
Died : 21st August 2006
Birth Place : Bihar
Instrument : Shehnai
Achievement : Bharath Rathna
Padma Vibhushan
Padma Bhushan
Padma Shri
Sangeeth Natak Academy Award

OR

Write a paragraph using the clues given below. You may add some points if necessary.

An Ant pond..... get out of the pond-drown.....A dove ant drowning help the dove dropped leaf.....climbed the leafsaved. Just then a hunter wished dovebit his leg dropped the net. saved.

Once a dove saw an ant struggling in the water. He took pity on the ant and threw down a leaf. The ant climbed on to the leaf and reached the shore safely.

A while later a hunter came by with his trap. He started setting up an arrow at the dove flying above. He wanted to save the dove. So, he bit the hunter's leg. The hunter missed his aim and the dove flew safely.

Moral is ' a friend in need is friend in deed.'

Or ' One good turn deserves another.'

- XV. 33. Imagine that you are Sakshi / Sumith studying in x standard, Govt. high school , Karwar. Write a letter to your Uncle to take you to his native after the examination to see historical places. 4

OR

Write a letter to the Editor of a newspaper complaining about the constant electricity failure in your area.

EDITING

- XVI. 34. The following paragraph has two errors. Edit the paragraph and rewrite the paragraph. Clues given. 2
- He thought of a plan to got money. He went to the see again and had a dip.
Ans: He thought of a plan to get money. He went to the sea again and had a dip.

GRAMMAR / LANGUAGE LEARNING

35. Read the conversation and identify the infinitive. 1
- Prafulla : Where are you going ?
Ramya : I'm going to market to buy vegetables.
Prafulla : Is it ? I too will come with you.
Ramya : Let both of us walk to market.
(A) going (B) come (C) will (D) to buy.

Ans: to buy

36. Read the conversation and re-write into a reported form. 2
- Rajev : How are you?
Rakesh : I'm fine, you?
Rajeev : I'm fine, thank you. Why did you go to Delhi last week?
Rakesh : I went to Delhi to see the minister.
Rajeev asked Rakesh why
Rakesh replied that
Ans. : he had gone to Delhi previous week.
he had gone to Delhi to see the minister.

37. Fill in the blanks with appropriate preposition and article: 1
- The lion safariNandan Kanan is largest one in the country.
Ans: at, the

38. Fill in the blanks choosing the right form of verbs given in brackets: 2
- Once , three thieves (steal) a pot of gold in a distant town and (return) to their village. They(pass) through a small town when it(grow) dark.

Ans: Had stolen, returned, passed, had grown.

39. Fill in the blanks using the linking words given in brackets: 1
- Nandan wanted to make pie.....did not have apples.....he decided to bake a cake. (and, but, who, therefore)

Ans: but, therefore

40. Read the conversation: 1
- Rajesh : Hello! Ravi. How are you?
Ravi : I am fine. What about you?

Rajesh : I too. Thank you. Can I take this book?

Ravi : O.K. you can take any book from my bag.

The passive form of the underlined sentence is.....(Choose the correct answer)

- A) Any book can taken by you from my bag.
- B) Any book was taken by you from my bag.
- C) Any book can be taken by you from my bag.
- D) Any book could taken by you from my bag.

Ans: C) Any book can be taken by you from my bag.

41. Help the poor. The question tag to be added to the sentence is 1

- A) do you? B) don't you? C) can you? D) will you?

Ans: D) will you?

42. Read the conversation and fill in the blanks with correct 'if clause' choosing from the given alternatives: 1

Mother : What are you doing, Rita?

Rita : I am watching cricket match.

Mother : Do you know the annual examinations next month?

If you had not concentrated on studies, you.....scored good marks in the annual examination.

- A) can't have B) wouldn't have C) won't have D) Shan't have

Ans: B) Wouldn't have

REFERENCE SKILL

43. Arrange the following words in the order in which they are found in a dictionary: study, stare, stand, stitch. 2

Ans: stand, stare, stitch, study

44. Which source of information would you refer to know the synonyms of the word 'bilateral' 1

(encyclopedia, dictionary, manual, thesaurus)

Ans: thesaurus,

45. Write it in a normal way: 1

Lk b 4 u leap

Ans: Look before you leap
