

One / Two Marks Question with Answer

1. What was the great task Chanakya did?

Answer. The great task Chanakya was he helped Chandragupta to become the king of Magadha.

2. Who became the king of Magadha?

Answer. Chandragupta became the king of Magadha.

3. Only one thing remained for Chanakya to do, What was that thing?

Answer. That thing was to find a wise and able minister to help Chandraputa to rule the kingdom.

4. Who was the greatest minister of Nanda Kingdom?

Answer. Rakshasa was the greatest minister of Nanda kingdom.

5. Who was a dear friend of Rakshasa?

Answer. Chandan Das was a dear friend of Raksaha.

6. Why did chanakya want to win over Rakshasa?

Answer. Chanakya wanted to win over Rakshasa because he knew well that the kingdom would be safe,if Rakshasa become the minister / or he as on the side of Nandas,

7. What did Chanakya offer to Chandan Das?

Answer. Chanakya offered rich presents to Chandan Das.

8. Who were the enemies of Chandragupta?

Answer. Nandas were the enemies of Chandragupta.

9. Who appeared at the market place when the order was read out?

Answer. Rakshasa appeared at the market place when the order was read out.

10. Who was Rakshasa?

Answer. Rakshasa was a greart minister of Nanda Kingdom.

11. Who cant't be your faithful friend?

Answer. One who praises us on face and leaves us in misery cant't be our faithful friend.

12. When will everyone be your friend?

Answer. When we have wealth to spend on them then every one would be our friend.

13. What will one call you when you are prodigal?

Answer. One will call us bountiful.

14. What will faithless friends do when you lose your wealth?

Answer. Faithless friends will not support us when we lose our wealth.

15. what will such friends do if you are inclined to vice?

Answer. Such friends will tempt us to do evil or bad things.

16. Will faithless friends be with you when you part with your fortune?

Answer. No, faithless friends will not be with us when we lose our fortune.

17. what was the baby Elephant doing?

Answer: The baby Elephant was rocking though its chained legs.

18. Why was the mother Elephant looking sad?

Answer. The mother elephant was looking sad because its baby elephant was tied with a chain.

19. How was the grandpa Elephant used for the enjoyment of children?

Answer. The grandpa Elephant was saddled, girthed with its trappings and moving about with a cargo of excited children on its back.

20. Make a list of animals mentioned in the lesson.

Answer. The animals mentioned in the lesson are Elephants, Antelope, Camels, Beasts, Giraffe, Lions, Tigers, Polar bears, Monkeys etc.

21. What was the young antelope doing?

Answer. The young antelope was racing madly around. Itleaped, sprang and turned round and round.

22. What type of animals were the camels?

Answer. The Camels were looking ugly but they were very kind and good.

23. What was Giraffe doing in the zoo?

Answer. Giraffe was standing by a huge shed and eating the leaves from a tall tree.

24. What were the storks doing in the zoo?

Answer. The storks were making a loud din. Amidst all this clatter a stork was having a quiet doze, standing on one leg. It seemed as if it would topple over. But it never did.

25. Make a list of birds mentioned in the lesson?

Answer. The birds mentioned in the lesson ZOO are Cranes, Storks, Parrots, Snow-white, Cockatoos and funny Ducks.

26. When did the writer remember his child hood days?

Answer. The writer remembered his childhood days when he saw the children who were sitting on the elephant.

27. What animals did Gopi see first in the zoo?

Answer. At first, Gopi saw the elephants first in the zoo.

28. How was the Grandpa Elephant used for enjoyment of children?

Answer. The Grandpa Elephant was saddled and girthed with his trapping. The Elephant moved about with a cargo of excited children on its back.

29. How does the Tiger attack its prey?

Answer. The Tiger attacks its prey by crouching, slouching and creeping silently through the bushes.

30. What does the poet compare 'The Tiger and the Deer to in the poem" The Tiger and the Deer'?

Answer. The poet compares the Tiger and the Deer to the strong cruel beauty and the mild harmless beauty in this poem.

31. What does the Tiger Stand for in this poem?

Answer. The tiger stand for the strong cruel beauty in this poem.

32. According to the poet what does the Deer remember at the time of death?

Answer. According to the poet deer remember its mates or companions at the time of death.

33. Pick out the words used by the poet to describe the nature of the tiger?

Answer. The words used by the poet to describe the nature of the Tiger are brilliant, pitiless, strong mighty and cruel.

34. According to the poet what would happen to the mighty and the weak in the future?

Answer. According to the poet the mighty may get destroyed in the nature and the weak will survive on the earth.

35. What does the Deer stand for in the poem 'The Tiger and the Deer'?

Answer. The Deer stand for good, mild, innocent beauty in the poem, 'The Tiger and the Deer'.

36. Why did the wind slip through the leaves?

Answer. The wind slipped through the leave because it was afraid of the tiger's voice and noise of its steps.

37. Where was the tiger creeping?

Answer. The Tiger was creeping through the green heart of the forest.

38. When did the Tiger attack the Deer?

Answer. The Tiger attacked the Deer when it was drinking water from the great pool.

39. How does the poet describe the physical appearance of the tiger?

Answer. The poet described the physical appearance of the tiger as it has gleaming eyes, mighty chest and soft soundless paws

40. Which is the capital city Kashmir?

Answer. Srinagar is the capital city of Kashmir.

41. Which city is called"The city of the sun"?

Answer. Srinagar is called "The city of the sun".

42. Where do the travelers enter the valley of Kashmir?

Answer. The travellers enter the valley of Kashmir at Baramulla.

43. What does the peak of Nanga Parbat look like?

Answer. The peak of Nanga Parbat looks like a huge sentinel pointing to the sky.

44. Which city is called "The Venice of India"?

Answer. Srinagar is called as "The Venice of India"?

45: Why the city of Srinagar called, "The Venice of India"

Answer. The Jhelum flows through the city of Srinagar and with its canals cuts it up into sdo many islands, because of all these Srinagar called the Venice of India.

46. How does the Kashmiries build their house?

Answer. The Kashmiries build their houses of wood and bricks.

47. Name the river which flows in Kashmir?

Answer, Jhelum

48. Name any two flowers which grow in Kashmir?

Answer. Irises and lilac

49. Name the lake which is located in Kashmir?

Answer. Dal Lake

50. Name the lake on which floating gardens are found?

Answer. Dal Lake

51. Who was the first musicians to be awarded with Bharat Ratna?

Answer. M.S Subbhalakshmi

52. In which year was M.S Subbhalakshmi awarded Bharat Ratna?

Answer. In 1998

53. Who is famously known as nightingale of India?

Answer. M.S Subbhalakshmi

54. In which year was M.S Subbhalakshmi awarded Padma Bhushana?

Answer. In 1954

55. Which is the highest civilian award in India?

Answer. Bharat Ratna.

56. When was M.S Subbhalakshmi born?

Answer. On 16th September 1916.

57. Who was the first woman recipient of the title of Sangit Kala Nidhi?

Answer, M.S Subbhalakshmi

58. Who popularized Carnatic music in North India and in the west?

Answer. M.S Subbhalakshmi

59. In which year M.S Subbhalakshmi passed away?

Answer. On 11th December 2004

60. When and where was Lata Mangeshkar born?

Answer. In 28th September 1929 at Indore.

61. Who is the most reputed and popular voice of Indian cinema?

Answer. Lata Mangeshkar

62. Who was the Guru of Lata Mangeshkar?

Answer. Dinanath Mangeshkar her father.

63. When was Lata Mangeshkar awarded a Honorary doctorate?

Answer. In 1990

64. When was Lata Mangeshkar awarded Padma Bhushan?

Answer. In 1999

65. When was Lata Mangeshkar awarded Dada Sahib Dhalke Award?

Answer. In 2001

66. when was Lata Mangeshkar awarded Bharat Ratana?

Answer. In 2001

67. In which Hindi film did Lata Mangeshkar gave her first her voice?

Answer. App ke seva main in 1947.

68. Who is considered the most powerful woman in film Industry?

Answer. Lata Mangeshkar

69. Who was Lata Mangeshkar first guru in music?

Answer. Her father, Dinanath Mangeshkar.

70. when did M.S Subbhalakshmi give her first recital?

Answer. At the age of 10

71. What is not growing like a tree?

Answer. Man is not growing like a tree.

72. What does 'Bulk' mean?

Answer. 'Bulk' means great size.

73. How long does lily live?

Answer. Lily lives for a day only. (fall and die that night)

74. Which flower is called a flower of light?

Answer. Lily flower is called a flower of light.

75.what is an oak?

Answer. An oak is a tree which live tree hundred years.

76.where do we see the beauties?

Answer. We can see beauties in small life which is useful to others.

77. Which two things does the poet compare in the Noble Nature?

Answer. An oak tree and a lily flower plant.

78. How can a life be perfect?

Answer. A life may be perfect in short measures.

79. Who is the poet of the poem the Noble Nature?

Answer. Ben Johnson.

80. How long does an oak live?

Answer. An oak lives for three hundred years.

81. What does 'it' refer to in the poem the poem the Noble Nature?

Answer. 'it' refered to the man's life.

82. What is the life span of an oak tree?

Answer. Three hundred years.

83. When does the lily look more beautiful?

Answer. In the month of May.

84. How many families live in Banjarumale?

Answer. 25 families

85. Name the trible living in Banjarumale?

Answer. Malekudiyas.

86. How far is the petty shop from Banjarumale?

Answer. 20 kilometres away.

87. How far is the school from Banjarumale?

Answer. 25 kilometres away.

88. Where is Banjarumale?

Answer. Banjarumale is Belthangady Taluka of Dakshina Kannada District.

89. Name the residential school near to Banjarumale?

Answer. The Ashram School in Neriya Village.

90. How far is the primary health centre from Banjarumale?

Answer. 25 kilometres. away.

91. What is a boon to Banjarumale?

Answer. The crystal clear water that flows round the year and the fresh air.

92. When was the micro hydel power project started in Banjarumale?

Answer. In 2002.

93. How much did each house in Banjarumale contributed for the construction micro hydel project?

Answer. 7500 Rupees.

94. What is the task assigned to Mr. Prakash?

Answer. He switches on and off the turbine every day 06 pm to next day 08 am.

95. How many units does the micro hydel project produce every day?

Answer. 8 kilometres.

96. What did the tribal cultivate earlier?

Answer. Paddy.

97. What are the chief crops cultivated in Banjarumale?

Answer. Areca nut, Coconut, Rubber and Banana are the crops cultivated in Banjarumale.

98what is the shocking fact about Banjarumale?

Answer. The shocking fact is that no DC has ever visited this village

99: what is the D.C Katte?

Answer. Once DC SK Das made an attempt to visit Banjarumale, so the villagers had constructed a stage to welcome SK Das, but he never made it and since then it is known as DS Katte.

100. Where do the local children study?

Answer. The local children study in the Ashram school in Neriya.

101. What should be done to make mobile calls?

Answer. They have to climb a hill to get network.

102. What is the reason behind the clear air in Banjarumale?

Answer. Because there is no vechicular pollution.

103.what unfolds into horizontal? In "Plant tree"?

Answer. The Branches of the tree which grow from the ground unfolds in to horizons.

104. How is the man's Life compared with the tree?

Answer. Just like the tree grows upward and spreads its branches a man must grow and spread glory in his life.

105. Where does the glory of man reach?

Answer. The glory will reach to the the great heaven.

106. Where do the tired people creep?

Answer. The tired people creep under the braches of the tree which provide shade to all.

107. What do people do in the shades of tree?

Answer. People sleep blissfully in the shades of tree.

108. How do the plant help people to sleep?

Answer. The shady leaves and soothing wind help people to sleep.

109. Who will reward the person one who plants a tree?

Answer. Heaven and earth reward the person who plants a tree.

110. What did the older brothers call their younger cousin?

Answer. The Older brothers called their younger cousin 'Simpleton'.

111. What did the three brother see on the path when they were walking?

Answer. When the three brother's were walking, they saw an anthill on the path.

112. why did the simpleton's brothers wish to catch one of the ducks?

Answer. The Simpleton's brothers wished to catch one of the ducks to roast and eat.

113. How many pearls did the second brother collect?

Answer. The second brother was able to collect only two hundred pearls by sunset.

114. What was the second task given to simpleton?

Answer. The second task given to simpleton was to bring the key of the Princess sleeping room from the bottom of the lake where it was sunk.

115. Who helped Simpleton to find the youngest daughter of the King?

Answer. The queen Bee helped Simpleton to find the youngest daughter of the king.

116. How did the queen Bee find the youngest daughter of the King?

Answer. The Queen Bee find the youngest daughter of the king by sitting on her lips which were laced with honey.

117. Whom did the brothers find the castle?

Answer. The old man.

118. What did the two brother want to do when they saw a bee's nest in a tree?

Answer. The two brothers wanted to light a fire under the tree to smoother the bees.

119. What had the youngest daughter eaten before going to sleep?

Answer. the youngest daughter had eaten a spoon full of honey before going to sleep.

120. Who is the poem addressed to?

Answer:- The poem prayer for dumb creature is addressed to Almighty God

121. Who is the maker of this world?

Answer: God is the maker of earth, sea and sky?

122. Where did the starry world hang?

Answer:- The starry world is hang on high above sky.

123. Who listens to the voiceless prayer?

Answer:- God listens to the voiceless prayer.

124. For us they live, for us they die who is referred to as'us'?

Answer:- Here 'us' referred to the human being.

125. These humble creatures thou hast made who are these humble creatures' being refer to?

Answer:- Here humble creatures is refer to dumb animals.

126. Who wrote the poem' Prayer for dumb creature'?

Answer:-G.E Good rich is the poet of the poem Prayer for dumb creature.

127. What request is made in the fifth and sixth lines?

Answer:- The poet requests God to bless the dumb creatures and listen to their voiceless prayers.

128. What is the request made in the last two lines?

Answer:- In the last two lines of the poem. The poet requests God the Almighty to teach our hearts to hear the plead of the dumb animals as God himself hears our prayers.

129. Who was Rustum?

Answer:- Rustum was the great warrior in Persia.

130. Where did Rustum live?

Answer:- Rustum lived in Persia.

131. Why did Rustum go out?

Answer:- Rustum went out for hunting.

132. Name the animal which drew Rustum near the border of the land of Turan?

Answer- A wolf drew Rustum near the border of the land of Turan

133. Who chanced to see Rustum?

Answer:- A chieftain of Turan chanced to see Rustum.

134. Who was Tahminah?

Answer:- Tahminah was the daughter of the chieftain of Turan.

135. Who did Rustum marry?

Answer:- Rustum married Tahminah.

136. Why did Rustum go back to his army?

Answer- Rustum was tired of his idle life at home so he went back to his army

137. What did Rustum give to Tahminah before going back to his army?

Answer:- Rustum gave a seal to Tahminah before going back to his army

138. What did Tahminah name her baby boy?

Answer- Tahminah named her baby boy sohrab.

139. How long did sohrab and Rustum fight?

Answer:- Sohrab and Rustum fought for three days

140. Whose name became a terror to the Persian army?

Answer:-Sohrab's name became a terror to the Persian army

141. Who sent Rustum to fight with Turan?

Answer:- The king of Persia sent Rustum to fight with Turarn

142. Who had a chance to kill Rustum?

Answer: - Sohrab had a chance to kill Rustum.

143. Who killed Sohrab?

Answer. Rustum killed sohrab.

144. Whose voices are heard on the green?

Answer. The voices of children are heard on the green

145. Where is the laughing heard?

Answer. The laughing is heard on the hill.

146.. Does the heart of the poet really take rest in 'A nurse's song?

Answer. No the heart of the poet doesn't really take rest in the poem'A nurse's song.

147. Who wrote the 'A nurse's song?

Answer. William Blake wrote the poem A nurse's song'

148. How long according to the nurse the children give up playing?

Answer. According to the nurse the children should give up playing till the morning appears in the sky

149. Where do the little birds fly?

Answer. The little birds fly in the sky

150. How does the Nurse feel when the voices of the children are heard on the green?

Answer. The Nurses heart will rest within her breast and everything else will be still. of night

151. Why does the nurse ask the children to leave off play?

Answer. The nurse asks the children to leave off play because the sun has gone down and the dews of night arise. yet

152. Why did the little ones leap and shout and laugh?

Answer. The little ones leaped and shouted and laughed because their nurse allowed them to playtill the light fades away.

153. Who, according to the two policeman, did the ring belong to?

Ans. According to the two policemen, the ring belonged to the king.

154. What according to the policeman, did the king think of the moment, he got the ring?

Answer. According to the policemen, the king thought about the some body he loved, when he got the ring.

155. When did the policemen arrest the fisherman?

Answer. The policemen arrested the fisherman when he was trying to sell the ring in the market place me. hoed?

156.. How did the fisherman support his family?

Answer. The fisherman supported his family with the trade of fishing

157. Who is Januka?

Answer. Januka is one of the policemen

158.. What did the chief of the police, bring from the king?

Answer. The chief of the police brought a written order from the king.

159. What reward did the king give to the fisherman?

Answer. The king gave the reward of a precious bracelet to the fisherman

160. Where did the fisherman live?

Answer. The fisherman lived on the bank of River Ganga. ws of

161. What did the fisherman get in the belly of a carp?

Answer. The fisherman got a ring with a magnificent gem in the belly of a carp,

162. Who went to meet the king?

Answer. The chief of the police went to meet the king.

163. What doesn?t come again according to the poet?

Answer: Youth doesn't come again.

164. What happens when the youth departs?

Answer. When the youth departs it takes something from our hearts.

165. When are we stronger and better?

Answer: We are stronger and better at youth.

166. Where do we see youth?

Answer: We see youth on the earth and in the air.

167. What do we behold everywhere?

Answer: We behold youth

168. When do we feel something sweet?

Answer: We feel something sweet in the period of 'youth

169. What is the message of the poem, "It never comes again"?

Answer: The message of the poem is when the youth departs it never comes again

170. What are the things we lose when youth departs?

Answer: We lose strength and dream when youth departs.

171. What does one do when something beautiful vanishes?

Answer: When something beautiful vanishes, he sighs for it in vain.

172. What do the first two lines of the poem mean?

Answer: There are benefits for all our losses and solutions for each problem in man's life.

173. Who is the lord and king of whole creatures?

Answer: Almighty God

174. How does Rajaji teach a lesson in "discipline" to his young ADC?

Answer. One day a ADC of Rajaji forgot to shave and attended Rajaji at breakfast table. Rajaji displeased so thought of teaching him a lesson in a amusing way Rajaji said that he was not looking well, and look very sick so he must the doctor is immensely and suggest to skip oreak fast that day. When ADC went to his room d observed himself in the mirror, he found that had forgotten to shave. Later in the day after he returned to Rajaji after a shave he said that he was happy to see him so much. In this way he taught a lesson of discipline to young ADC

178. Why did Roger steal a bicycle?

Answer: When Roger Johnson was 18 year old, an American bom bardier had to reach his mission base in pole Brook, which was still 30 kilometers a way from Pole Brook and it was midnight and he knew that he could not reach is time so he stole bicycle to reach in time for his mission

179. How was Roger able to make a mends for his theft of a bicycle?

Answer: Roger was guilty of his stealing bicycle he gave away 100 new bicycles to children of the pole brook area, he gave 19,000 to the Raleigh bicycle company in England in May 1992.a fifty years of stealing

180. Is there any resemblance between Tansukh vora's father and Mohandas Karam Chand Gandhi's father?

Answer. Yes. They thought their son the honesty

181. Develope a discussion in the back drop of the spellings of the work Kettle even though his teacher-insisted him to copy.

Answer. Once when Gandhiji copied the spellings of a word from other his father advised him strictly not to do so even if his teacher insists him. Because copying is very bad habit

182. discuss Tupe's contribution to the upliftment of the poor people of his own neighborhood.

Answer. Tupe arranged for Jagan, the devadasi on whom he based Zulva, to marry an educated village youth, thus rescuing her from prostitution. He has helped many girls to get married without paying dowry as well remarriage of widows. He also paid for 3 girls for their education