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General Knowledge – Part 7

NEWS PAPERS AND JOURNALS

News Papers and Journals	Founder/Editors
Bengal Gazette (India's first news paper, 1780)	J. K. Hikki
Amrit Bazar Patrika	Shishir Kr. Ghosh & Motilal Ghosh
Keshri	Bal Gangadhar Tilak
Maharatta	Bal Gangadhar Tilak
Sudharak	G. K. Gokhle
Vande Mataram	Aurobindo Ghosh
Native Opinion	V. N. Mandalik
Kavivachan Sudha	Bhartendu Harishchandra
Rast Goftar (First News Paper in Gujrati)	Dadabhai Naoroji
New India	Bipin Chandra Pal
Statesman	Robert Knight
Hindu	Vir Raghavacharya & G. S. Aiyar
Sandhya	B. B. Upadhyaya
Vichar Lahiri	Krishna Shastri Chiplunkar
Hindu Patriot	Girish Chandra Ghosh
Som Prakash	Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar
Yugantar	Bhupendra Nath Datta & Barindra Kumar Ghosh
Bombay Chronicle	Firoze Shah Mehta
Hindustan	Madan Mohan Malviya
Mooknayak	B. R. Ambedkar
Comrade	Mohammed Ali
Tahzib-ul-Akhlaq	Sir Syyed Ahmed Khan
Al-Hilal	Abul Kalam Azad
Al-Balagh	Abul Kalam Azad
Independent	Motilal Nehru
Punjabi	Lala Lajpat Rai
New India	Annie Besant
Commonweal	Annie Besant
Pratap	Ganesh Shankar Vidyarthi
Essays in Indian Economics	Mahadev Govind Ranade
Samvad Kaumudi (Bengali)	Ram Mohan Roy
Mirat-ul-Akhbar (First Persian News Paper)	Ram Mohan Roy
Indian Mirror	Devendra Nath Tagore

Nav Jeevan	M. K. Gandhi
Young India	M. K. Gandhi
Harijan	M. K. Gandhi
Prabudha Bharat	Swami Vivekananda
Udbodhana	Swami Vivekananda
Indian Socialist	Shyamji Krishna Verma
Talwar (in Berlin)	Birendra Nath Chattopadhyaye
Free Hindustan	Tarak Nath Das
Hindustan Times	K. M. Pannikar
Kranti	Mirajkar, Joglekar, Ghate

TRIBAL AND FOLK DANCES IN INDIA

States	Dances
Maharashtra	Kathakeertan, Lezin, Dandaniya, Tamasha, Gafa, Dahikala, Lovani, Mauni, Dasavtar.
Karnataka	Huttari, Suggi Kunitha, Yakashagana
Kerala	Kaikottikali, Kaliyattam, Tappattikkali
Tamil Nadu	Kolattam, Pinnal Kolattam, Kummi, Kavadi, Karagam
Andhra Pradesh	Ghanta Mardala, Veedhi Natakam, Burrakatha
Orissa	Ghumara Sanchar, Chadya Dandanata, Chhau
West Bengal	Kathi, Chhau, Baul, Kirtan, Jatra, Lama
Assam	Bihu, Khel Gopal, Rash Lila, Tabal Chongli, Canoe
Punjab	Giddha (women), Bhangra (men)
Jammu & Kashmir	Rauf, Hikar
Himachal Pradesh	Jhora, Jhali, Dangli, Mahasu, Jadda, Jhainta, Chharhi
Haryana	Jhumar, Ras Leela, Phag dance, Daph, Dhamal, Loor, Gugga, Khorla, Gagor
Gujarat	Garba, Dandiya Rass, Tippani, Gomph
Rajasthan	Ginad, Chakri, Gangore, Terahtaal, Khayal, Jhulan Leela, Jhuma, Suisini
Bihar	Jata Jatin, Jadur, Chhau, Kathaputli, Bakho, Jhijhiya, Samochakwa, Karma, Jatra, Natna
Uttar Pradesh	Nautanki, Thora, Chappeli, Raslila, Kajri.

FAMOUS DANCER INSTRUMENTALISTS, VOCALISTS IN INDIA

Famous Dancer

Bharatnatyam	Bala Saraswati, C. V. Chandrasekhar, Leela Samson, Mrinalini Sarabhai, Padma Subramanyam, Rukmini Devi, Sanyukta Panigrahi, Sonal Mansingh, Yamini Krishnamurti
Kathak	Bharti Gupta, Birju Maharaj, Damayanti Joshi, Durga Das, Gopi Krishna, Kumudini Lakhia, Sambhu Maharaj, Sitara Devi

Kuchipudi	Josyula Seetharamaiah, Vempathi Chinna Sthyam Guru Bipin Sinha, Jhaveri Sisters, Nayana Jhaveri, Nirmala Mehta, Savita
Manipuri	Mehta Debaprasad Das, Dharendra Nath Pattnaik, Indrani Rahman, Kelucharan Mahapatra, Priyambaba Mohanty, Sonal Mansingh

Instrumentalists

Sarod	Ali Akbar Khan, Allaudin Khan, Amjad Ali Khan, Buddhadev Dasgupta, Bahadur Khan, Sharan Rani, Zarin S. Sharma
Tabla	Alla Rakha Khan, Kishan Maharaj, Nikhil Ghosh, Zakir Hussain
Violin	Baluswamy Dikshitar, Gajanan Rao Joshi, Lalgudi G. Jayaraman, M. S. Gopala krishnan, Mysore T. Chowdiah, T. N. Krishnan
Shehnai	Bismillah Khan
Sitar	Nikhil Banerjee, Ravi Shankar, Vilayat Khan, Hara Shankar Bhattacharya
Flute	Hari Prasad Chaurasia, Pannalal Ghose, T. R. Mahalingam
Veena	K. R. Kumaraswamy Iyer, Doraiswami Iyengar

Vocalists

Hindustani	Shubha Mudgal, Bheemsen Joshi, Madhup Mudgal, Mukul Shivputra, Pandit Jasraj, Parveen Sultana, Naina Devi, Girija Devi, Ustad Ghulam Mustafa Khan, Gangubai Hangal, Krishna Hangal, V. Rajput, Kumar Gandharva, Faiyyaz Khan, Mallikarjun Mansur, Kishori Amonkar, Ustad Rashid Khan.
Carnatic	M. S. Subbalakshmi, Balamuralikrishna, Bombay Jaishree, H. K. Raghavendra, H. K. Venkataram, Sitarajam, Mani Krishnaswamy, Akhil Krishnan, M. L. Vasanthakumari, M. D. Ramanathan, G. N. Balasubramaniam
Thumri	Ustad Bade Ghulam Ali Khan, Ustad Mazhar Ali Khan, Ustad Zawad Ali Khan, Rita Ganguli, Poornima Chaudhary, Shanti Heerananda, Naina Devi
Quwwali	Ghulam Hasan Niyazi, Sultan Niyazi, Ghulam Farid Nizami, Chand Nizami, Iqbal Hussain Khan Bandanawaji, Aslam Sabari
Dhrupad	Ustad Rahim Fahimuddin Dagar, Zahiruddin Dagar, Wasfuddin Dagar, Bundecha Bandhu, Uday Bhawalkar, Pt. Abhay Narayan Mallick, Pt. Ritwik Sanyal

PARLIAMENT OF OTHER COUNTRIES

Country	Parliament
Afghanistan	Shora
Australia	Parliament
Bangladesh	Jatia Parliament
Bhutan	Tasongadu
Canada	Parliament
China	National People Congress
Denmark	Folketing
Egypt	People's Assembly

France	National Assembly
Germany	Bundestag
Great Britain	Parliament
India	Parliament (Sansad)
Iran	Majlis
Ireland	Dail Eireann

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Israel	Knesset
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Japan	Diet
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Malaysia	Majlis
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Maldiv	Majlis
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Magnolia	Khural
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Nepal	Rasthriya Panchayat
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Netherlands	States General
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Norway	Storting
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Pakistan	National Assembly
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Official Books of Various Country

Blue Book - An official report of the British Government.

Green Book - Official Publications of Itali and Persia

Grey Book - Official reports of the Government of Japan and Belgium.

Orange Book - Official publication of the Govt. of Netharlands.

White Book - Official publications of China, Germany and Potugal.

White Paper - Official Paper of the Govt. of Britain and India on a particular issue.

Yellow Book - Official paper of the Govt. of France.

Poland	Scym
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Spain	Crotas
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Sweden	Riksdag
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South Africa	Parliament
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Switzerland	Federal Assembly
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Russia	Duma
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Taiwan	Yuan
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Turkey	Grand National Assembly
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U.S.A.	Congress
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IMPORTANT DAYS

Important Days in January

Jan 1	Army Medical Corps Establishment Day
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Jan 8	African National Congress Foundation Day
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Jan 10	World Laughter Day
Jan 9	Pravasi Bharatiya Divas
Jan 11	Death anniversary of Lal Bahadur Shastri
Jan 12	National youth Day (Birth Day of Swami Vivekanand)
Jan 15	Army Day
Jan 23	Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose's birth anniversary
Jan 25	International Customs Duty Day, India Tourism Day, Indian Voter Day
Jan 26	Republic Day
Jan 28	Birth anniversary of Lala Lajpat Rai
Jan 30	(Martyr's day) Mahatma Gandhi's Martyrdom Day; World Leprosy Eradication Day
Jan 31	World Leprosy Eradication Day

Important Days in February

Feb 2	World Wetlands Day
Feb 4	National Day of Srilanka
Feb 5	Kashmir Day (Organised by Pakistan)
Feb 13	Sarojini Naidu's Birth Anniversary
Feb 14	St. Valentine's Day
Feb 24	Central Exise Day
Feb 28	National Science Day

Important Days in March

Mar 3	National Defence Day
Mar 4	National Security Day
Mar 8	International Women's Day
Mar 9	CISF Raising Day
Mar 12	Mauritius Day; Central Industrial Security Force Day
Mar 15	World Consumer Day
Mar 16	National Vaccination Day
Mar 21	World Forestry Day
Mar 22	World Day of Water
Mar 23	World Meterological Day
Mar 24	World TB Day
Mar 26	Bangaladesh Liberation Day

Important Days in April

April 1	Orissa Day
April 5	Natinal Meritime Day
April 7	World Health Day
April 13	Jallianwallah Bagh Massacre Day (1919)
April 14	B.R. Ambedkar Remembrance Day
April 18	World Heritage Day
April 22	World Earth Day
April 23	World Books Day

Important Days in May

May 1	International Labour Day, Maharashtra Day
May 3	International Energy Day
May 8	International Red Cross Day (It is celebraed to commemorate the birth anniversary of the founder of the Red Cross Organization Jean Henry Dunant)
May 11	National Technology Day
May 15	International Family Day
May 17	World Telecom Day

May 24	Commonwealth Day
May 31	World No Tobacco Day
Important Days in June	
June 5	World Environment Day
June 8	World Oceans day
June 12	World Day Against Child Labour
June 14	World Blood Donor day
June 15	World Elder Abuse Awareness Day
June 17	World Day to Combat Desertification
June 20	World Refugee Day
June 23	United Nations Public Service Day
June 26	International Day Against Drug Abuse and Illicit Trafficking
June 29	Statistics Day
Important Days in July	
July 1	Doctor's Day
July 4	American Independence Day
July 11	World Population Day
July 18	Mandela Day
July 26	Kargil Victory Day
July 28	World Hepatitis Day
Important Days in August	
Aug 6	Hiroshima Day
Aug 9	Quit India Movement Day
Aug 12	International youth Day
Aug 14	Pakistan's Independence Day
Aug 15	India's Independence Day
Aug 19	World Photography Day
Aug 20	Sadbhavana Diwas
Aug 29	National Sports Day of India (Dhyanchand's Birth Day)
Aug 30	Small Industry Day
Important Days in September	
Sept 5	Teacher's Day (Dr. Radhakrishnan's Birth Day)
Sept 7	Forgiveness Day
Sept 8	International Literacy Day
Sept 14	Hindi day, World First Aid Day
Sept 16	World Ozone Day
Sept 21	International Day of Peace, World Alzheimer's day
Sept 25	Social Justice Day
Sept 27	World Tourism Day
Important Days in October	
Oct 1	International Day for the Elderly(UN)
Oct 2	Gandhi Jayanti, International Day of Non-Violence
Oct 3	World Nature Day, World Habitat Day
Oct 4	World Animal Day
Oct 5	World Teacher's Day
Oct 6	World Wildlife Day, World Food Security Day
Oct 8	Indian Airforce day
Oct 9	World Postal Day
Oct 10	World Mental Health day; National Post Day

Oct 12	World Sight day
Oct 13	World Calamty Control Day(UN)
Oct 14	World Standard Day
Oct 15	World White cane day(guiding the blind)
Oct 17	International poverty
Oct 20	National Solidarity Day (China attacked India on that day)
Oct 24	United Nations Day
Oct 30	World Thrift Day
Oct 31	National Integration Day (In memory of Idira Gandhi)

Important Days in November

Nov 7	Infant Protection day;World Cancer Awareness Day
Nov 9	Legal Service Day
Nov 10	Transport Day
Nov 14	Children's day/ World Diabetics day
Nov 17	Guru Nanak Dev's Birth Anniverrrsary
Nov 26	Law Day
Nov 30	Flag Day

Important Days in December

Dec1	World AIDS Day
Dec 3	World Disability Day
Dec 4	Navy Day
Dec 7	Armed Force Flag Day
Dec 10	Human Rights day
Dec 11	UNICEF Day
Dec 14	National Energy Conservation Day
Dec 19	Goa's Liberation day
Dec 23	Kisan Divas (Farmer's Day)

POPULAR NAMES OF PERSONALITIES

Popular Name	Personality
Lady with the lamp	Florence Nightingale
Grand Old man	Dadabhai Naoroji of India
Iron Duke	Duke of Wellington
Guru Ji	M. S. Golwalkar
Jonn Bull	England and the English people
CR	Chakravarti Rajagopalachari
King Maker	Earl of Warwick
JP	Jayaprakash Narayan
Little Corporal	Napoleon
Mahamanya	Pt. Madan Mohan Malaviya
Gurudev	Rabindranath Tagore
Maid of Orleansns	Joan of Arc
Desh Bandhu	C. R. Das
Deen Bandhu	C. F. Andrews
Yankee	Inhabitants of U.S.A.
Lion of the Punjab (Sher-i-Punjab)	Lala Lajpat Rai
Bard of Avon	Shakespeare
Panditji	Jawaharlal Nehru
Man of Blood	Bismark
Andhra Kesri	T. Prakasam

Lokmanya Bapu	Bal Gangadhar Tilak
Apostle of Free Trade	Mahatma Gandhi
Netaji	Richard Cobden
Desert Fox	Subhash Chandra Bose
Nightingale of India	Gen. Rommel
Lal-Bal-Pal	Sarojini Naidu
Father of English Poetry	Lala Lajpat Rai, Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Bipin Chandra Pal
Feuhrer	Geoffery Chaucer
Iron man	Hitler
Ike	Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel
Tomy Atkins	Gen. Eisenhower
Jawan	English Soldier
Poolu	Indian soldier
Vizzy	French soldier
G.I.	Maharaja Kumar of Vizianagara
Wizard of the North	American soldier
Samuel Clemens	Sir Walter Scot
Sparrow	Mark Twain
Shastriji	Major Gen. Rajender Singh
Babuji	Lal Bahadur Shastri
Sahitya Samrat	Jagjiwan Ram
Kathasilpi	Bankim Chandra Chattopadhye
	Sarat Chandra Chattopadhye

POPULAR BOOKS WRITTEN BY FAMOUS AUTHORS

Book Name	Author Name
The Canterbury Tales	Geoffrey Chaucer
Hamlet	William Shakespeare
Don Quixote	Miguel de Cervantes
Paradise Lost	John Milton
The Pilgrim's Progress	John Bunyan
Robinson Crusoe	Daniel Defoe
Gulliver's Travels	Jonathan Swift
The Vicar of Wakefield	Oliver Goldsmith
Pride and Prejudice	Jane Austen
ivanhoe	Sir wafter scott
Promessi Sposi, The Betrothed	Alassandro Manzoni
The Count of Monte Cristo	Alexander Dumas
Vanity Fair	William Makpeace Thackeray
Three Men in a Boat	Jerome K. Jerome
A Tale of Two Cities	Charles Dickens
Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea	Jules Verne
Adventures of Tom Sawyer	Mark T wain
Anna Karenina	Leo Tolstoy

The Brothers Karamazov	Feodor Dostoevsky
Treasure Island	R. L. Stevenson
Tess of the d'urbervilles	Thomas Hardy
Time Machine	Herbert George Wells
Kim	Rudyard Kipling
Heart of Darkness	Joseph Conrad
The Call of the Wild	Jack London
Gitanjall	Rabindranath Tagore
Sons and Lovers	D. H. Lawrence
The Thirty-Nine Steps	John Buchan
of Human Bondage	Somerset Maugham
Siddhartha, Herman Hesse	Hida Rosner
Mahatma Gandhi	Romain Rolland
The Story of My Experiments with Truth	Mahatma Gandhi
Tarka the Otter	Henry Williamson
And Quiet Flows the Don	Mikhail Sholokhov
A Farewell to Arms	Ernest Miller Hemingway
The Good Earth	Pearl S. Buck
Glimpses of World History	Jawaharlal Nehru
Untouchable	Mulk Raj Anand
Gone With The Wind	Margaret Mitchell
The Hobbit	J. R. R. Tolkien
Rebecca	Daphne Du Maurier
The Grapes of Wrath	John Steinbeck
The Power and the Glory	Graham Greene
The Diary of A Young Girl	Anne Frank
The Catcher in the Rye	J. D. Salinger
The Bridge on the Drina	Ivo Andric
The President	Miguel Angel Asturias
Nineteen Eighty Four	George Orwell
Cry, the Beloved Country	Alan Paton
A Town like Alice	Nevil Shute
51 . Nectar in a Sieve	Kamala Markandeya
The Tree of Man	Patrick White
Train to Pakistan	Khushwant Singh
Things Fall Apart	Chinua Achebe
The Guide	R. K. Narayan
Doctor Zhivago	Boris Pasternak
To Kill a Mockingbird	Harper Lee
Born Free	Joy Adamson
Catch-22	Joseph Heller
Silent Spring	Rachel Carson

A Backward Place	Ruth Prawar Jhabwala
The Jewel in the Crown	Paul Scott
The Custer Wolf	Roger Caras
One Hundred Years of Solitude	Gabriel Garcia Marquez
Portrait of india	Ved Mehta
Love Story	Erich Segal
The Day of the Jackal	Frederick Forsyth
Kanthapura	Raja Rao
Jonathan Livingston Seagull	Richard Bach
Humboldt's Gift	Saul Bellow
All Things Wise and Wonderful	James Herriot
Roots	Alex Haley
Fire on the Mountain	Anita Desai
The Far Pavilions	M. M. kaye
Sophie's Choice	William Styron
A Bend in the River	V. S. Naipaul
Midnight's Children	Salman Rushdie
The Bone People	Keri Hulme
The Final Passage	Caryl Phillips
The City of Joy	Dominique Lapierre, Larry Collins
Spy Catcher	Peter Wright
English August (An Indian Story)	Upamanyu Chatterjee
The Alchemist	Paulo Coelho
The Long Silence	Shashi Deshpande
Lajja	Taslima Nasrin
A Suitable Boy	Vikram Seth
Delhi is Not Far	Ruskin Bond
The Heart of india	Mark Tully
Anita and Me	Meera Syal
The God of Small Things	Arundhati Roy
Snakes and Ladders	Gita Mehta
The Mistress of Spices	Chitra Banerjee Divakaruni
Interpreter of Maladies	Jhumpa Lahiri
Anil's Ghost	Michael Ondaatje
Riot	Shashi Tharoor
Family Matters	Rohinton Mistry
White Mughals	William Dalrymple
Da Vinci Code	Dan Brown
Hungry Tide	Amitav Ghosh
Amu	Shonali Bose

INDIA'S LONGEST TRAIN ROUTE

Destination City	Train Name/No	Distance	Operator Name
Dibrugarh-Kanyakumari	Vivek Express/15906	4273 km	Indian Railways
Kanyakumari	Himsagar Express/6318	3715 km	Indian Railways
Jammu	Navyug Express/16687	3608 km	Indian Railways
Kochuveli Railway Station(Thiruvananthapuram)	ASR-KCVL SUP Express/12484	3597 km	Indian Railways
Delhi	DIBRUGARH Express/15901	3578 km	Indian Railways
Jammu	TEN-JAMMU Express/16787	3559 km	Indian Railways
Guwahati	GUWAHATI Express/12515	3552 km	Indian Railways
Kochuveli Railway Station(Thiruvananthapuram)	DDN KCVL SUP Express/12288	3459 km	Indian Railways
Barauni	RAPTISAGAR Express/12522	3443 km	Indian Railways
Kochuveli	KERLA S. KRANTI Express/12218	3415 km	Indian Railways
Dibrugarh	DIBRUGARH Express/15929	3346 km	Indian Railways

Indian Noyal Prize Winner

No.	Year	Name
01	1913	Rabindranath Tagore (Literature)
02	1930	Sir C.V. Raman (Physics)
03	1968	Dr.Hargovind Khorana (Physiology & Medicine)
04	1979	Mother Teresa (Peace)
05	1983	Dr.S.Chandrasekhar (Physics)
06	1998	Dr.Amatya Sen (Economics)

India - Miscellaneous Installations,Centres

No.	Center	Place
01	Archaeological Survey of India,India Museum	Colcutta (W.Bengal)
02	Artificial Limb Centre	Pune (Maharashtra)

03	National Archives of India	New Delhi
04	National Coal Development Corporation	Ranchi (Bihar)
05	National Gallery of Modern Art	New Delhi
06	National Library	Colcutta (W.Bengal)
07	National Museum	New Delhi
08	Oil and Natural Gas Commission	Dehra Dun (U.P.)
09	Currency Printing Press	Nasik (Maharashtra), Calcutta (W.B.) & Hyderabad (A.P.)

IMPORTANT PERSONALITIES

Name	About him
Abraham Lincoln (1809-'65)	Abraham Lincoln was the 16th President of the U.S.A. from 1861 to 1865 and was returned from the Republican Party. He opposed slavery and was a great champion of democracy. He was assassinated in 1865.
Benjamin Franklin (1706-1790)	Franklin was a famous American philosopher and statesman who actively helped in promoting the declaration of independence.
Acharya Vinoba Bhave	Born 11 September, 1895 in Gujrat. He was educated at Baroda. Met Gandhiji and joined Sabarmati Ashram in 1916. He was originator of Bhoodan yagna Movement. He received Magsaysay Award in 1969. He received Bharat Ratna award in 1983.
C.N. Annadurai	Was the founding father of Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (DMK), a political party of South India. DMK obtained absolute majority in the Tamil nadu Legislative Assembly at the elections of 1967 and 1971.
Horgovind Khurana	Has become famous in carrying out research work in the U.S.A. He was awarded Nobel Prize in 1968 in Physiology and Medicine.
Indira Gandhi	Was President of Congress in 1959. Became Union Minister of Information and Broadcasting in 1964-66. Was Prime Minister of India in 1966-77 and again in 1980-1984.
Jawaharlal Nehru (1889-1964)	Famous Indian leader and statesman who was the first Prime Minister of India. Author of 'The Discovery of India', 'Glimpses of World History', etc.
Jefferson, Thomas	He was the 3rd President of the U.S.A. and founder of the Republican Party. He helped in drafting the Declaration of Independence.
Konstantin Chernenko	Became President of USSR after the death of President Andropov in 1984. President Chernenko died in 1985.
Martin Luther (1483-1546)	Martin Luther was a German preacher during the reign of Henry VIII of England. He translated the Bible in German. Founder of reformation movement and Protestantism in Europe.
Mihir Sen	He is the first Indian to swim the English Channel. He also swam the Palk Strait, the Gibraltar strait and Dardanelles strait.

Morarji Desai

Resigned Bombay Provincial Civil Service and joined Non-Cooperation Movement under Gandhiji in 1930. Was Chief Minister of Bombay, 1952-1956, Union Minister in 1956-63. After formation of the Janata Party, was the Prime Minister of India from 1977 to 1979.

Mother Teresa

Was born in Yugoslavia in 1910. The Roman Catholienun came to India as a teacher and began organizing schools for slum children in 1948. She has established 100 centres in the country comprising schools, charitable dispensaries, home for lepers, T.B. Patients, unwanted and crippled children. She was awarded Nobel Prize for Peace in 1979, as the first Indian. Was awarded Bharat Ratna in 1980.

Niels Bohr (1885-1963)

Niels Bohr was a nuclear physicist of denmark. His pioneering work led to the invention of nuclear fission and atomic bomb. Received Nobel Prize in Physics in 1922.

Ravishankar

Ravishankar is the world-famous artist in sitar.

Ramanujam (1887-1920)

The great Indian Mathematician who was famous for his work on Theory of Numbers. He became an F.R.S. in 1918.

H.G. Wells (1866-1946)

H.G. Wells was a famous author of English novels. His science-based tales are of great appeal all over the world. The famous books written by him are "The Invisible Man", "Time Machine" and "The Shape of things to come."

Abul Fazal (1551-1602)

Famous Mughal court poet, scholar and councillor of Akbar. His books Akbar-Nama and Ain-i-Akbari throw light on Mughal rule and particularly on the reign of Akbar.

Abdul Ghaffar Khan

A great congress leader of the N.W.F.P. and leader of Red Shirts. He is popularly known as 'Frontier Gandhi'. He received the Nehru Award for peace and international understanding. He was awarded Bharat Ratna in 1987.

Aesop (620-544 B.C.)

Famous writer of greece. his fables are very instructive and interesting.

Alexander the Great (356-323 B.C.)

Became the king of Macedon in Greece in 336 B.C. One of the greatest generals and conquerors of the world. Founded Alexandria and invaded India in 326 B.C. Reached Beas. Died at Babylon.

Akbar (1556-1605)

The greatest of the Mughal Emperors of India. Founder of a new religion Din-i-Ilahi. He abolished pilgrim tax and Jazia. Took the Empire to its peak in administration.

Amir Khusro

Scholar in the court of Alauddin Khilji. Laid the foundation of Urdu poetry. He wrote in Hindi also, known as the "Parrot of India".

Annie Besant (1846-1933)

Irish Lady who supported Indian Nationalist Movement. Founder President of Theosophical Society. Was elected President of the Indian National Congress.

Aristotle (384-322 B.C.)

Greek philosopher, artist, poet and thinker. Disciple of Plato and teacher of Alexander the great. Founder of a famous school of philosophy. "The ethics and Poetics" are his famous works.

Archimedes (287-212 B.C.)

Greek mathematician, inventor & Scientist. Discovered the principles of the lever and of specific gravity. Invented

	Archimedean screw.
Dr.B.R.Ambedkar (1893-1956)	Law minister of India,1947-51. Member of the constituent Assembly. chairman of the constitution drafting Committee."Annihilation of Caste" is his famous work.
Aryabhatta (476-520 A.D.)	Great Indian astronomer and mathematician.India's first scientific satellite was named after him.Explained the causes of solar and lunar eclipses. Determined the diameter of the earth and the moon. He laid the foundation of algebra and was responsible for pointing out the importance of "Zero".
Ashoka (273-236 B.C.)	Indian Emperor of the Mauryan Dynasty. Embraced Buddhism after the Kalinga War. One of the existing monuments of Ashoka is the Sanchi Stupas. His inscriptions on rocks and pillars are of great historical interest. Famous for sanity of thought, up rightness of character and love of humanity.
Aurobindo Ghosh (1872-1959)	Politician,Philosopher,poet & saint. First editor of "bande Mataram", Works : Life Divine,EssaysonGita,Basis of Yoga.
Babar (1483-1530)	Founder of the Mughal Empire in India. Conquered the throne of Delhi after the first battle of Panipat (1526) against Ibrahim Lodhi. His "Memoirs" hold a high a place in the history of literature.
Banabhatta	Court poet of King Harsha Vardhana. Works : Harshacharita and Kadambari.
Bhaskaracharya	Great mathematician and astronomer of the twelfth century. Work `Sidhanta Siromani`.
Bismarck (1815-1898)	Known as the "Man of blood and iron". Founded the German Empire.A great administrator.
Gautama Buddha (623-543 B.C.)	Kshtriya prince, son of Suddhodana, the king of Kapilavastu in Nepal. Founder of Buddhism. Developed the philosophy of pessimism.
Dr.H.J.Bhabha (1909-1966)	Indian Physicist.President,Indian Science Congress, 1951.Chairman, Atomic Energy Commission of India. The first Atomic Reactor was completed under hisguidance in 1956 and the second reactor was commissioned in 1960.Was made a fellow of the Royal Society in London in 1941.
Subhash Chandra Bose (1897- ?)	Indian nationalist and organizer of the Indian National Army (I.N.A.) during the World War II. Was called `Netaji`.Was elected President of the Indian National Congress in 1937 and 1938. founder of the political party `Forward Block`.
Julius Caesar (102-44 B.C.)	Roman General and statesman. Invaded Gaul and Britain. Paved the way for the Roman Empire. Was also an orator, poet and historian.
Winston Churchill (1877-1965)	British statesman,soldier and author. Leader of Conservative party. Led Britain as Prime Minister during World War II. Won Nobel Prize for literature in 1953. Famous work :`The Gathering Storm, War Memoris, etc.
Chanakya (Kautilya) (4th Century B.C.)	Famous minister of Chandra Gupta Maurya and was responsible for the fall of the Nanda Dynasty. "Arthashastra" is his famous book.It throws light on the then system of government, the revenue system, the art of administration and

	the duties of the king.
Nicolas Copernicus (1473-1543)	Polish astronomer who first propounded the astronomical theory that the sun is the centre of the solar system and the earth and other planets revolve round the sun.
Madame Marie Curie (1867-1934)	Discovered Radium. Won the Nobel Prize twice (Physics-1903, Chemistry-1911)
Lord Clive (Robert Clive)(1725-1774)	Founded the British Empire in India by defeating Seraj-ud-daula at Plassey in 1757. Twice appointed Governor of Bengal (1757-'60) and (1764-'67)
Bankimchandra Chattopadhyay (1838-1894)	Bengali novelist. Introduced a rich style in the Bengali language. "Durgeshnandini", "Bishabrika", "Anandamath" are some of his outstanding works.
W.E. Disney (1901-1966)	American film cartoonist Producer of Mickey Mouse, Donald Duck etc. Creator of Disneyland, California.
Dayanand Saraswati (1824-1883)	Great Hindu reformer. Founder of the `Arya Samaj (1875). Fought against untouchability, preached widow re-marriage, supported women's education.
Thomas Alva Edison (1847-1931)	American inventor. Invented telephone transmitter, megaphone, phonograph, incandescent bulb, cinematograph, etc.
Euclid (330-269 B.C.)	Greek mathematician and author of elements of Geometry.
Fa-hien	The first Buddhist pilgrim from China who came to India during the reign of Chandragupta II ('Vikramaditya') to collect Buddhist relics and sacred literature. He stayed in India from 401 to 410 A.D.
Michael Faraday (1791-1867)	British scientist who founded the science of electromagnetism. Discovered the laws of Electrolysis.
Firdousi (940-1020)	Epic poet of Persia. He was a court poet of Sultan Mahmud of Ghazni. His `Shah-nama' contains 60,600 verses describing the history of Persia.
Galileo	Italian mathematician and astronomer. Invented telescope (1609) and the first man to see the satellites of Jupiter. (1564-1642)
M.K. Gandhi (1869-1948)	Led `Satyagraha' movement in South Africa. Associated with many movements during the struggle for independence of India viz., Non-co-operation movement in 1920, Salt Satyagraha, Quit India in 1942. His main principles were non-violence and truth. He was called the `Father of the Nation'. His autobiography `My Experiments with Truth' is world-famous.
Harsha Vardhana	Hindu King of India (606-647 A.D.). The account of his reign is available from two sources : Hiuen Tsang, a Chinese traveller, and Bana Bhatt, the famous Sanskrit poet. Nalanda University flourished during his time.
Hiuen Tsang	Famous Chinese Buddhist pilgrim who visited India during the reign of King Harsha, stayed in India from 629 to 644 A.D. and learnt Buddhist scriptures at Nalanda University..
Adolf Hitler	German dictator and founder of National Socialism. The Chancellor of Germany since 1933 and Leader of Reich since 1934. Started a Fascist movement. Involved Germany into the

	World War II and was defeated in 1945. Author of 'Mein Kampf'.
Ho-Chi-Minh	Organised the revolutionary rationalist party of Indo-China against French rule. Led the struggle for Vietnam's independence during World War II. As President of North Vietnam he defied the USA for the unification of Vietnam, Great communist leader.
Kalidasa	Epic figure in classic sanskrit literature. Works : 'Shakuntala', 'Meghduta', 'Kumar Sambhava' etc. Flourished in the time of Vikramaditya.
Kabir	One of the greatest expoexponents of Bhakti Movement - a socio-religious movement spread in the Middle ages which aimed at liberalising the religious practices of Hindus. Disciple of Ramanand. Kabir believed in the unity of God and equality of all religions.
Lenin	Leader of the Russian Revolution in 1917. Head of the Soviet Government from 1917 to 1924.
Leonardo da Vinci	Italian painter, sculptor, architect, scientist and musician. Famous paintings are 'The Last Supper' and 'Mona Lisa'. Born in the 6th century B.C. Jainism which is a religious sect of Hinduism was strengthened by him. Apostle of non-violence. Prescribed code of penance for his followers. The religion did not spread outside India.
Mahavira	Was Greek ambassador to Chandra Gupta Maurya's Court sent by seleucus. His book 'Indika' is a source of information about the state of India at that time.
Megasthenes	Chairman of the Chinese Communist Party 1936-59. First Chairman of the Central Government of the People's Republic of China., 1949-59. Organised the Red Guards to start the Cultural Revolution.
Mao-Tse-Tung (1893-1976)	German philosopher and socialist. Author of 'Communist Manifesto' and 'Das Kapital'. Communism is based on his teachings.
Karl Marx (1818-83)	Italian painter, sculptor, architect and poet who did much to beautify the churches of Rome and Florence by his genius.
Michael Angelo(1475-1564)	Famous Venetian traveller and explorer. The first European to visit china. Made journeys through China, India and other Eastern countries and published a record of his wanderings.
Marco Polo (1256-1323)	French Emperor and General. Conquered most of Europe. Was defeated in the battle of Waterloo in 1815 and died in exile at St.Helena's Island.
Napoleon Bonaparte (1769-1821)	British nurse and hospital reformer. Organised a nursing service during the Crimean War (1854-56), which reformed the age-old system in hospitals. Her system was later adopted throughout the world. Known as 'The Lady with the Lamp.'
Florence Nightingale (1820-1910)	Spanish painter and sculptor. Founded cubist school of painting. 'Guernica' is his civil war painting.
Picasso (1881-1973)	Raiput chief who refused to acknowledge Akbar's overlordship. Defeated at Haldighat in 1576.
Maharana Pratap (1540-97)	Indian religious saint and preceptor of Swami Vivekanand.
Ramkrishna	

**Paramhanssa
(1833-1886)**

**Roosevelt (1882-
1945)**

President of the USA from 1933 till his death, being the first American to be elected for more than two terms. He met the economic crisis of 1933 with a policy for a 'New Deal'.

**William
Shakespeare(1564-
1616)**

The Greatest poet and dramatist of England. Author of several plays such as 'Julius Caesar', 'Macbeth', 'Romeo and Juliet', 'Hamlet', 'The Merchant of Venice', 'Antony and Cleopatra', etc.

**Socrates (463-399
B.C.)**

Greek Philosopher and intellectual leader. Plato was his pupil. He was sentenced to death on charges of impiety and corrupting the young.

Stalin (1879-1953)

Soviet Statesman. played an important part in the Russian Revolution of 1917. Became the outstanding leader of Russia after the death of Lenin in 1924. Introduced in 1929 the famous Five Year Plan to build new Russia. General Secretary of the Central Executive Committee of the USSR, 1924-41.

**George Bernard
Shaw (1856-1950)**

Irish dramatist, socialist, writer and journalist. His famous plays are 'Pleasant and Unpleasant', 'Man and Superman', 'Mrs. Warren's Profession'.

**Swami
Vivekanand
(1863-1902)**

A great Hindu Saint and religious leader. His original name was Narendranath Datta. Follower of Ramkrishna Paramhansa. Led the Vedanta movement. Founded Ramkrishna Mission at Belur (West Bengal). Among his books 'Janam Yoga', 'Bhakti Yoga' and 'Karma Yoga' are best known.

**Savarkar (1883-
1966)**

Nationalist leader from Maharashtra. Leader of the Hindu Mahasabha. Author of 'Indian War of Independence'.

**Shankaracharya
(Born 788 A.D.)**

A great scholar, philosopher and religious teacher. Countered the influence of Buddhism and Jainism. Wrote authoritative commentaries on the Upanishadas.

Shivaji (1627-80)

Brave general and capable administrator. Fought successfully many battles against Aurangzeb's army and was instrumental in shattering the structure of Mughal Empire in India. Made the Marathas a strong nation. Was crowned king in 1674 at Raigarh.

Shah Jehan

The Mughal Emperor (1628-58). Built Taj Mahal at Agra in memory of his wife Mumtaz Mahal. Lal Quila and Jama Masjid in Delhi were also built in his time.

**Rabindranath
Tagore (1861-
1941)**

Great Indian poet, novelist, dramatist, composer, philosopher, educationist, artist and humanist. Won Noble Prize for literature in 1913. Works : 'Gitanjali', 'Gora', 'Chitra', 'Wreck', 'Post Office', 'Hungry Stones', etc. Founded the international university Visva-Bharti at Shantiniketan (W.B.)

**Bal Gangadhar
Tilak (1856-1920)**

One of the pioneers of the Indian freedom movement. Started two newspapers, the 'Kesari' in Marathi and the 'Maratha' in English. He declared 'Swaraj is my birthright and I shall have it'. Wrote a commentary on the Gita, the 'Gita Rahasya'.

Tansen

Great exponent of Indian classical music. He was one of the 'Nau Rattans' in the court of Akbar.

Leo Tolstoy (1828-1910)	Russian writer, philosopher, social reformer and religious teacher. His chief novels are 'War and Peace', 'Anna Karenina', 'Resurrection', etc.
Marshal Tito (1892-1980)	Yugoslav leader. Called the Neutral Nations Conference at Belgrade in 1961. A firm believer in non-alignment.
Vasco da Gama	A portuguese Sailor, who in 1498, rounded the Cape of Good hope and succeeded in reaching the port of Calicut in south India.
George Washington (1732-99)	Commander-in-Chief of the American army during the American War of Independence (1775-83). First President of the Republic of USA elected in 1789; re-elected in 1793.
Murlidhar Devidas Amte	Popularly known as Baba Amte, an Indian Lawyer who has made the lives of thousands of lepers and other social outcasts productive and respectable. Was awarded the 1985 Magsaysay award for public service. 'Anandwan' is the first of the settlements established by him for lepers and other physically handicapped people.
Martin Luther King (1929-68)	U.S. negro civil rights leader. It was due to his efforts that the U.S. Civil Rights Act was passed in 1964. Won the Nobel Peace Prize in 1964.

ALLERGENS AND TREATMENTS

Allergest :	Treats allergies.
Anesthesiologist :	Puts patients to sleep before surgery.
Cardiologist :	Treats heart ailments.
Dermatologist :	Treats the skin and its diseases.
Endocrinologist :	Treats the glands, such as the thyroid and adrenal, which secrete body hormones.
Gastroenterologist	Specializes in diseases and disorders of the digestive system.
Gerontologist :	Treats diseases of old age.
Gynecologist :	Treats the female reproductive system.
Hematologist :	Treats blood diseases.
Immunologist :	Specializes in the body's defense system against infection and disease.
Nephrologist :	Treats kidney disorders.
Neurologist :	Treats the nervous systems.
Obstetrician :	A doctor who cares for women throughout pregnancy.
Orthopedist :	Treats disorders of bones and muscles.
Orthodontist :	A dentist who specializes in straightening teeth.
Otolaryngologist :	Treats ailments of the nose, throat and ears.
Pathologist :	Studies the cause, development and manifestations of disease.
Pediatrician :	Specializes in the care and treatment of infants and children.
Plastic Surgeon :	Repairs, restores or improves body parts.
Psychiatrist :	Treats illness and disorders of the mind.
Radiologist :	X-rays body parts and organs for medical diagnosis.
Rheumatologist :	Treats diseases of body joints.
Urologist :	Treats the urinary tract of the body.

AIRLINES OF THE WORLD

No.	Airline	Country
01	B.O.A.C.	ENGLAND
02	Air France	FRANCE
03	Lufthansa German Airlines	W.GERMANY
04	Pan American World Airways System	U.S.A.
05	Trans-world Airways	U.S.A.
06	Aero-flot	U.S.S.R.
07	Alitalia	ITALY
08	Qantas Empire Airways	AUSTRALIA
09	Air-India	INDIA
10	Sabena	BELGIUM
11	Arana Afghan Airlines	AFGHANISTAN
12	Cathay Pacific	HONGKONG
13	Finnair	FINLAND
14	Iberia	SPAIN
15	Japan Airlines	JAPAN
16	Garuda Airways	INDONESIA
17	KLM Royal Dutch	NETHERLANDS
18	Bruathens	NORWAY
19	Scandinavian Airlines System	NORWAY
20	Swissair	SWITZERLAND
21	Pakistan International Airlines	PAKISTAN
22	Royal Nepal Airlines	NEPAL
23	Air-Ceylon	SRI LANKA
24	Thai Airways International	THAILAND

SPECIAL FEATURES OF THE COUNTRIES

No.	Country	Special Features
1.	Bangladesh	Produces 89 p.c. of the world's raw jute.
2.	Belgium	is the most densely populated country in Europe. Antwerp is the world's biggest diamond-trading centre.
3.	Brazil	is the largest State in south America both in area and population. It leads the world in the production of Coffee and Castor beans.
4.	Chile	In chile the only natural nitrate in the world is found. About 47 p.c. of the world's iodine is obtained as a by-product in nitrate processing.
5.	Columbia	produces 95 p.c. of the world's gem emarelds.
6.	Cuba	Is the second largest cane-sugar producer in the world. India being first in cane-sugar production.
7.	Denmark	The oldest Kingdom of Europe, is a constitutional monarchy.
8.	Equador	Equador is the world's chief source of supply of balsa, a light wood. It exports more bananas than other country.
9.	Ghana	Ghana is the world's leading cocoa producer. About 40 p.c. of world output is produced by Ghana.
10.	Indonesia	Is the main producer of petroleum in the far east.
11.	Italy	Is the world's largest producer of mercury.
12.	Jamaica	Is the world's largest producer of bauxite.

13.	Japan	Is the most highly industrialized country in the Far East. It is the biggest Ship-building nation and the fourth largest auto market in the world.
14.	Kenya	Is the largest producer of tea in Africa.
15.	North Korea	Is a leading country in the output of tungsten, graphite and magnesite.
16.	Kuwait	Is the world's second largest exporter and fourth largest producer of crude oil.
17.	Malaysia	Is the world's largest producer of rubber and tin.
18.	Mexico	Is the world leader in the production of silver, sisal, hemp and circle for chewing gum.
19.	Monaco	Is the smallest state in the world with the largest density of population per square mile.
20.	Nepal	Is the only Hindu independent State in the world. Mount everest, the highest mountain peak in the world (29028 ft) is situated in Nepal. Nepal has produced the toughest fighting men in the world. It is the world's best rice-producer.
21.	Nicaragua	Is the largest of the Central American States.
22.	Norway	Is the land of the Midnight Sun where the sun does not set from the middle of May until the end of July. The sun does not rise above the horizon from November 18 to January 23. Varicoloured Northern Lights, or Aurora Borealis, are visible in winter. Norway is a great sea-faring nation and its merchant marine is now the third largest in the world.
23.	Peru	Ranks fifth in the world in silver mining and produces 25 p.c. of the world's vanadium. It is the world's top fishing country.
24.	Portugal	Leads in the world in the production of Cork.
25.	South Africa	Leads the world in production of gold, diamonds, platinum and antimony and is one of the richest in uranium, vanadium, chrome, manganese and asbestos.
26.	Sri Lanka	Is the largest tea exporting country in the world.
27.	Sudan	Is the world's principal source of gum arabic.
28.	Turkey	Is the largest producer of chrome in the world.
29.	Uganda	Is the largest coffee producer in the British Commonwealth.
30.	USSR	Is the largest country in the world. It is the richest country in the world in mineral resources having deposits of almost every known mineral. It ranks among the top producers of oil, chromite, iron ore, petroleum, gold, copper, manganese, aluminium, platinum, asbestos, salt, etc.
31.	Zaire	Is the world's largest producer of industrial diamond and cobalt. Other minerals are gold, silver, tin, zinc, iron, copper, tungsten, manganese, uranium, radium, etc.

Oceans, Seas, Rivers & Mountains

No.	Ocean	Area
01	Pacific	64186300 Sq. m.
02	Atlantic	33420000 Sq.m.
03	Indian	28350500 Sq.m.

04	Arctic	5105700 Sq.m.
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No. Sea**Area**

01	South China Sea	1148500 Sq.m.
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02	Carribbean Sea	971400 Sq.m.
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03	Mediterranean Sea	969100 Sq.m.
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No. River**Length**

01	Nile (Africa)	4145 miles
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02	Amazon (Brazil)	4000 miles
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03	Yangtze-Kiang (China)	3400 miles
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04	Congo (Africa)	2718 miles
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05	Amur (U.S.S.R.)	2700 miles
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06	Niger (Africa)	2600 miles
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No.	Mountain	Country	h-Metres	h-Feet
01	Everest	Nepal/Tibet	8848	29028
02	Godwin Austen	India	8611	28250
03	Kanchenjunga	India/Nepal	8600	28215
04	Malaku	Nepal/Tibet	8481	27825
05	Dhawalgiri	Nepal	8172	26988
06	Nanga Parbat	India	8126	26816
07	Annapurna	Nepal	8078	26504
08	Nanda Devi	India	7817	25645
09	Rakaposhi	India	7780	25550
10	Mt.Kamet	India	7756	25447
11	Huascarán	Peru	6768	22205
12	Kailas	Tibet	6714	22028
13	Sajama	Bolivia	6542	21463
14	Mt.Mckinley	Alaska (USA)	6194	20320
15	Kilimanjaro	Tanzania	5888	19317
16	Mt.Blanc	France (Alps)	4810	15781

VOLCANOES, WATERFALLS, DESSERTS & ISLANDS

No.	Volcanoe	Height
01	Gaullatiri (Chile)	19882 ft.
02	Laskar (Chile)	19652 ft.
03	Cotopaxi (Equador)	19347 ft.
04	Tupungatito (Chile)	18504 ft.
05	Popocatepeti (Mexico)	17887 ft.
06	Sangay (Equador)	17159 ft.

No.	Waterfall	Feet
01	Angel (Venezuela)	2648
02	Ribbon(California,USA)	1612
03	King George VI(Guyana)	1600
04	Upper Yosemite (California)	1430
05	Gavarnie (Pyrenees,France)	1385
06	Tugela(Natal,S.Africa)	1350

No.	Desert	sq.miles
01	Sahara (N.Africa)	3500000
02	Libya (N.Africa)	650000
03	Great Australian (W.Australia)	600000
04	Arabian (Arabia)	500000
05	Gobi (Mongolia)	400000
06	Kalahari (Botswana)	200000

No.	Island	Ocean	sq.miles
01	Greenland	Arctic	840000
02	New Guinea	Pacific	347450
03	Borneo	Pacific	307000
04	Baffin	Arctic	236000
05	Madagaskar	Indian	227737
06	Sumatra	Indian	161102

RECORD BREAKERS

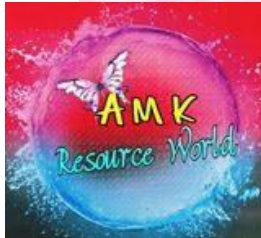
No.	Specility	Name
01	Longest River	Nile,4145 miles
02	Highest Plateau	Pamir (Tibet)
03	Highest Volcano	Cotopaxi (Andes,Equador)
04	Longest Mountain System	Andes,South America,8800 km,
05	Deepest place in the Ocean	Off the Island of Mariana Trench,Philippines,36198 ft.
06	Lowest point on Surface	Dead Sea,Israel-Jordan,1312 ft.below sea level
07	Biggest and deepest Ocean	Pacific Ocean,64186300 sq.miles
08	Smallest Ocean	Arctic ocean,5440197 Sq.miles
09	Largest north-south stretch of land	America
10	Largest Continent	Asia,16988000 sq.miles
11	Smallest Continent	Australia,2968000 sq.miles
12	Largest River (in volume)	Amazon (Brazil)
13	Largest River Basin	Basin of Amazon,2720000 sq.miles
14	Largest Salt Water Lake	Caspian Sea(U.S.S.R. and Iran),43550 sq.miles
15	Largest fresh water Lake	Superior (31200 Sq.miles)
16	Deepest Lake	Baikal (Siberia),5315 ft.average depth
17	Largest Artificial Lake	Lake Mead of Boulder Dam (U.S.A.)
18	Highest Navigable Lake	Titicaca (Peru-Bolivia),12506 ft.above sea level
19	Longest Straits	Malacca Straits between Malaysia and Sumatra (Indonesia) 485 miles long.
20	Broadest Strait	Mozambique Straits,between Mozambique and Malagasy, maximum breadth, 245 miles

21	Narrowest Strait	Between Greek mainland and the Island of Euboea,narrowest point,45 yds.
22	Largest Bay	Bay of Bengal,shoreline,2250 miles
23	Largest Gulf	Gulf of Mexico,Shoreline,3100 miles
24	Coldest Regions	Verkhoyansk in N.W.Siberia,temperature 94. F below Zero
25	Hottest Regions	Noerth-West Sahara Azizia (Libya) 58. C
26	Highest mountain peak in the world	Everest 29028 ft.high*(Nepal)
27	Densest population	Monaco,(37687 per Sq.mile)
28	Largest Island	Greenland,840000 Sq.miles(N.Atlantic)
29	Highest Town	Wenchuan (Tibet),16732 ft.above sea-level
30	Highest Village	Aucanquiles in Andes,Chile-17500 ft.
31	Highest Capital City	La Paz (Bolivia),11916 ft.above sea-level
32	Deepest Canyon	Hell's Canyon (U.S.A.),7900 ft.deep
33	Deepest Cave	Gouffre Bergea(France),3723 ft.deep
34	Biggest Desert	Sahara(N.Africa),3500000 sq.miles
35	Largest Peninsula	India
36	Largest Inland Sea	Mediterranean (969100 sq.miles)
37	Largest Sea	Malaya Sea,314000 Sq.miles
38	Largest Gorge	Grand Canyon,Colorado River,277 miles long
39	Deepest Gorge	Hells Canyon,Snake River,7900 ft.deep
40	Highest Rainfall	Mt.Waialeale,Hawai Islands,460 inches
41	Largest Archipelago	Indonesia,comprising 3000 islands
42	Tallest Active Geyser	`Giant' in the Yellowstone National Park (U.S.A.),200 ft high
43	Longest Coral Reef	Great Barrier Reef(Australia),1260 miles long
44	Largest Atoll	Kwajalein,Marshall Islands(Central Pacific)with a 176 miles long coral reef enclosing a lagoon of 1100 Sq.miles
45	Highest Waterfall	Angel Falls(Venezuela),3212 ft.
46	Biggest Waterfall	Guaira(Brazil);average annual flow 470000 cu.ft.per sec.
47	Largest Delta	Sunderban Delta in West Bengal and Bangladesh,8000 sq.miles
48	Northernmost Town	Ny Alesund,Spitsbergen(Norway)
49	Southernmost Town	Puerto Williams,Chile
50	Largest Country	U.S.S.R., 8649550 Sq.miles
51	Smallest Country	Vatican City, 108.7 acres
52	Highest Mountain System	Himalayas
01	Most populous City in the world	Shanghai
02	Longest Railway Platform	Kharagpur(India),2733 ft.
03	Longest Railroad Tunnel	Seikan (Japan),33.5 miles
04	Longest Suspension Bridge	Verrazano-Narrows, 13700 ft.long,USA
05	Longest Dam	Hirakund(India),15.8 miles
06	Highest Dam	Rogusky (U.S.S.R.),1066 ft.
07	Largest Dam	Kariba (Rhodesia),149000000 acre ft.in volume
08	Longest Road Highway Tunnel	St.Goldhard(Switzerland),10.01 miles
09	Longest Seaway	St.Lawrence seaway(U.S.A.-Canada),189 miles

10	Largest Passenger Ship	Queen Elizabeth II (83000 tonnes)(U.K.)
11	Largest Merchant Ship	Pierre Guillaumat (france),555031 DWT Tonnage
12	Largest Diamond Mine	At Kimberly,South Africa
13	Largest Diamond	Cullinan(Over 1 1/2 lbs.)
14	Tallest Statue	Motherland, an enormous female figure (U.S.S.R.)
15	Largest Temple	Angkor-Vat (Cambodia), 1400 yds. by 1400 yds.
16	Largest Church	Basilica of St.Peter,Vatican City,611 ft.in length and 18110 sq.yds.in area.
17	Tallest Church	Ulm Cathedral (Ger.),529 ft.high
18	Largest Mosque	Jumma Masjid (Delhi),Over 10000 sq.ft. in area
19	Largest Indoor Theatre	Radio City Music Hall (New York),accommodates 6200 persons.
20	Deepest Boring	An oil well of 25340 ft.(Texas, U.S.A.)
21	Largest Palace	The Palace at Vatican City,area 13.5 acres
22	Largest University Building	Lomonosov University (Moscow), has 32 stories
23	Tallest Tower	Tokyo Tower (Japan) 1000 ft.high
24	Biggest Library	United states Library of congress,Washington D.C. Containing over 41874900 titles.
25	Largest Reflector Telescope	Mt.Semirodriki (U.S.S.R.)
26	Largest Bell	Tsar Kolokol at Kremlin (Moscow),weight 193 tons
27	Largest Dome	Astrodome in U.S.A.;outside diameter is 216 metres.
28	Largest Pearl	Pearl of Allah,weighs 14 lbs.2 oz.
29	Biggest Railway Station	Grand Central Terminal(New york),with 47 platforms,48 acres in area.
30	Longest Port	New York Harbour (U.S.A.)
31	Longest Corridor	Rameshwaram Temple's Corridor (India),400 ft.
32	Biggest Auditorium	Municipal Auditorium at Atlantic City (U.S.A.),covers an area of 7 acres.
33	Biggest Stadium	Strahov Stadium (Prague),accommodates 240000 spectators.
34	Biggest Hotel	Conrad Hilton (Chicago,U.s.A.), has 25 floors.
35	Largest Aquarium	John J.Shedd Aquarium,Illinois,(U.S.A.)
36	Biggest Museum	American Museum of Natural History has an area of 23 acres.
37	Largest Thoroughfare	Broadway (New York)
38	Highest Airfield	Ladakh Airfields (Kashmir,India),14230 ft.above sea-level.
39	Biggest Zoo	Etosha Reserve(S.W.Africa),38500 sq.miles
40	Largest Park	Yellowstone National Park (USA)
41	Longest Railway Line	Trans-siberian Railway (USSR) connecting Moscow to Vladivostok
42	Largest Office building	Pentagon (Arlington,U.S.A.),over 34 acres of floor area.
43	Tallest Building	Sears Tower(Chicago), 442 m.
44	Highest Suspension Bridge	Over royal Gorge (Colorado,U.S.A.),1053 ft.high
45	Longest Cantilever Bridge	Quebec (Over St.Lawrence River,Canada),3239 ft.in length.
46	Longest Railway Bridge	Lower Zambesi (Mozambique,Africa),12054 ft.
47	Largest Hydro-electric	Krasnoyarsk (USSR),6096 M.W. capacity

	Plant	
48	Highest Straight Gravity Dam	Bhakra Dam(India), 740 ft.
49	Largest Sculptures	Mount Rushmore National Memorial(Black Hills,S.Dakota,U.S.A.)
50	Highest Lighthouse	Bishop Rock (England), 146 ft.high
51	Longest Viaduct	Lake Panchhartrain Causeway (Louisiana,U.S.A.), with a total length of 24 miles
52	Longest Wall	Great Wall of China(1400 miles)

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